"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day; showers to-night or to-morrow; warmer to-morrow.

VOL. LVII...NO. 18,343. * * * NEW YORK, TUESDAY, APRIL 14, 1908.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark, { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

BINGHAM WISHES 40 CAPTAINS WOULD DIE

Tells City Club They Are No Good on Police Force, but He Can't Oust Them.

THEY REFUSE TO RETIRE

He Says His Police Bill Works Well, but Wants His Power Still Further Extended.

Police Commissioner Bingham was the principal speaker at the sixteenth anniversary dinner of the City Club, held last night, under the Presidency of George McAneny, at the clubhouse, 55 West Forty-fourth Street. He reviewed the work of his department under the Bingham bill, and was optimistic of the future.

He declared that the bill had proved an unqualified success, so far as it went, but added that it did not go far enough. He gave figures to show that crime was being detected to a far greater extent now, with resultant convictions, than it was a year ago, and opined that when he met the club members a year hence he would be able to report that crime in the city was almost impossible without detection and punishment.

When President McAneny introduced him amid cheers, Commissioner Bingham lost no time in plunging into the affairs of his department.

"New York is always interested in its police," he said. "Why, I don't know. You all know the struggle we had to pass that bill, but with the assistance of your club we did it. There was a very quiet and strong resistance. A prominent citizen said here last year it couldn't be done; the Inspectors would beat us out. I think that public declaration was a little too much. We did beat them with your aid and with the aid of the press, which was loyal, and, strange to say, for once unanimous. The results have been satisfactory.

"The first thing I did was to reduce eight Inspectors to Captains. There were several retirements at once. All to the good. One of those reduced Inspectors took his medicine like a man. He was a game sport. Three or four months later I called him up, gave him a talking to, and told him that there was no desire to humiliate him, and I would give him another chance. That was done.

"Not long ago I tried to set a trap for some of the boys in this neighborhood. Owing to a craving for news it was sprung too early, and the birds got away. But they had their wings clipped.

Got One Inspector.

"I took Mr. Inspector and he was a Captain within an hour and on the other side of the river and under reduced pay. Some little punishment, to say the least, for carelessness on his part. But now you will see that the bill does not go far enough, unless you can dismiss them arbitrarily.

"I think there is no question that both day and night there is a better state of discipline than a year ago. But there is plenty of room for improvement. The men on the force realize that 'the old man' can do things and will do them unless they are very foxy. We never can have perfect discipline on the force under our form of government.

"I wish that about forty Police Captains would die over night. That is nothing personal, neither do I mean it to their disadvantage. But they are no good.

"I don't know how to use them. They are no good in precincts, they were never fit to be appointed to more than the grade of Sergeant, and some not even to that. They have no idea of commanding men. Some can retire. I have put it to them as strongly as I can, but they won't. That shows that there ought to be a limit on which to retire them.

"Something will have to be done to let your Commissioner get better commanding officers. We have put a good many Lieutenants as Acting Captains. They are doing well in some cases, but when they become full Captains, and I have not the power to reduce them, I can't say how they will be."

The Commissioner next took up the question of the reorganization of the Detective Bureau. He said:

"The organization of the Detective Bureau, prior to the passage of the bill, was such that a Commissioner could not change the men at all, and there was very good reason to think that they were not acting on the square with the city. Out of the 800, over 200 were put back on patrol. Allowance was made for the Commissioner to award 150 men with higher pay arbitrarily.

"After the first three months fifty got the first grade. At the end of the next three months fifty more were so rewarded and some of the first fifty reduced. The number of first-grade detectives to-day is well above the hundred, but not up to the limit. These rewards are given not on arrests, but on convictions. That is what counts in police work. It is working splendidly.

One of the Hardest Tasks.

"The hardest part of my work is not to do things unless I know they are right. It is not pleasant at times, but I have held to the rules as closely as possible.

"The men down at the District Attorney's office, if the District Attorney can give them a good recommendation, should get the higher rate of pay, but of course that makes the Headquarters men sore. The real results of our work, as I have said, lay in the comparison of the number of convictions as compared with previous years. That is the whole story, and I tell you, gentlemen, they compare very favorably.

"The Detective Bureau work is very successful. One trouble has been that that work has been controlled by one man at the head of the department. It is impossible for one man to control 300 of these men and know exactly what each man is doing. We have got over this difficulty by opening sub-stations, which have proved successful. Another will be opened shortly for the southern district and located in Allen Street.

"Last year when I met you the cry was 'the unsanitary condition of the station houses.' This was perfectly true. We are dealing with this matter, and there are now four new station houses in planning. They are to be at Old Slip, and Church, Leonard, and Delancey Streets. Plans have already been approved for two, and as soon as the red tape has been unrolled the other two will be tackled, and I think I can say that by the end of the year all four will be in process of building.

"Last Summer there was a good deal of talk of a crime wave, though principally in the yellow journals. There was a shortness in the force and the trouble was in catching up. In one affected district we introduced a telephone booth at which was stationed a bicycle patrolman. When help was wanted a citizen had but to telephone and the policeman was on his way to the scene at once. It has worked first rate, and there are three more booths now being placed. One of them will be in the Bronx.

STRIKERS FIRE ON POLICE.

Horse Is Shot from Under Rider in Chester Car Riot.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.—Policemen and citizens of Chester joined hands to-day in fighting twenty of the State Constabulary which had been called from Reading because of a trolley strike which had been declared early in the morning. The battle did not end until, by the advice of State Senator William C. Sproul, the constabulary left the town.

The centre of the fight was the Chester Trolley Company's barn, at Thirteenth Street and Edmont Avenue. There, from 5 o'clock in the afternoon until 7:30, mob law reigned supreme, clubs and bricks flew and shots were fired. The three fire companies of the town, called out by false alarm, dashed up and down the street in front of the barn.

The constabulary charged the crowd several times, but each time the police interfered. The moment the constabulary attempted to make arrests the Chief of Police was on the spot ordering them to desist. Three of the sympathizers who had been arrested were locked in a trolley car, which had been improvised as a prison. Some one sent for the patrol wagon to have them taken to the jail, but when the patrol wagon appeared on the scene the Chief of Police ordered it back.

The strike began at 4:30 in the morning. The cause was a 10 per cent. cut by the company. When a car left the barn in charge of non-union men and filled with strikebreakers who had come from New York, the crowd became an angry mob. Stones were thrown and several windows in the car were broken. The strikebreakers barely escaped with their lives, and the car was taken back to the barn.

The worst disturbance came at nightfall, when the strikers, augmented by several thousand men and women, charged the mounted police. A number of shots were fired, and a horse belonging to Private Sullivan was shot from under him and killed. Louis Dunn, a civilian, was ridden down by one of the troopers and seriously injured. The firemen were instructed to turn the water on the strikers, and they were finally subdued.

GATLING GUNS FOR STRIKERS.

Effort Is to be Made To-day to Operate Cars in Pensacola.

PENSACOLA, Fla., April 13.—With an entire regiment of infantry and two Gatling guns here, an effort is to be made to operate street cars to-morrow, after a suspension of service for eight days, due to the strike of the street railway employes.

Additional strikebreakers reached this city late to-day. There has been no disorder during the day.

DR. CHAPMAN ANARCHY'S FOE.

Presbyterian Clergyman Volunteers for Mission to Wipe It Out.

The Rev. Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman, formerly pastor of the Fourth Presbyterian Church in this city, and now about to engage in a world-wide mission tour, announced at a luncheon at the Transportation Club yesterday that he had decided to help the Evangelistic Committee of New York City in its Summer tent campaign, believing that it will help to end the tide of anarchy and revolutionary Socialism.

As part of his movement Dr. Chapman is to be the principal speaker at a meeting which has been planned for next Tuesday night at the Metropolitan Opera House, when the Summer campaign will be launched. The first evangelistic tent, it was announced after the luncheon, will be pitched on June 15.

"I have become convinced," said Dr. Chapman at the luncheon, "that if this reign of anarchy is to be stopped, and events like the recent bomb throwing in Union Square prevented, the Church must grasp its opportunity and go after these hundreds of thousands of unchurched. There are in this city more than 1,000,000 non-church Protestants, and a vast number of people who were active church members in other towns and cities never touch foot within a church door in New York. The Socialists and all others with destructive propaganda find them a fertile field."

DEATH FOR ASSASSIN RULL.

Man Who Twice Tried to Kill King Alfonso Sentenced at Barcelona.

BARCELONA, April 13.—Jean Rull and three of his accomplices, who had been on trial here for complicity in the recent series of bomb explosions and Anarchist outrages, were found guilty to-day. Rull was sentenced to death, the others to imprisonment.

The evidence showed that Rull and his associates were the authors of the attempts to assassinate King Alfonso at Madrid and Paris and of other outrages in various parts of Spain.

It was stated at the commencement of the trial of Rull and his associates that Rull, as a result of bomb explosions engineered by him, had been the cause of five or six persons losing their lives. The Public Prosecutor demanded the death sentence for Rull and long terms of imprisonment for his assistants.

It was charged also that Rull frequently deposited bombs in the city, and informed the police authorities of their whereabouts in order to obtain rewards for unearthing supposed Anarchist plots.

AGED MAN DIES FROM FALL.

Police Captain Young's Father Was Blown Down in Street by Wind.

John Young, father of Capt. Horatio Young of the West Twentieth Street Police Station, died yesterday in St. Vincent's Hospital on Staten Island from injuries received in a peculiar accident a week ago last Thursday. Mr. Young, who was 80 years old, went for a walk that day from the home of his son, with whom he lived, at 82a Cargee Street, Stapleton, S. I. A strong wind was blowing, and Mr. Young found himself unable to prevail against it.

Finally he was blown off his feet and fell heavily to the pavement, fracturing his right hip. For a time it was thought he might recover, but his age and weakness turned the tide against him.

Mr. Young was the father of thirteen children, seven boys and six girls, of whom four boys and four girls are still living.

U. S. Grant, Jr., Sues to Replevin Note.

ST. LOUIS, April 13.—Ulysses S. Grant, Jr., of Los Angeles, Cal., son of the late President Grant, filed suit in the Circuit Court here to-day to replevin a note of $7,950 from Dr. H. P. Wells, W. F. Little, A. Broker, and C. H. Lawrence of Chicago. Mr. Grant's attorney says his client never received anything in return for the note.

WANAMAKER'S WILL LEAVES $10,000,000

One-third of Philadelphian's Estate Goes to His Wife Outright.

REST LEFT IN TRUST

For the Benefit of His Mother, Brother, and Sisters—At Their Death It Goes to His Sons.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.—The will of Thomas B. Wanamaker, disposing of an estate estimated at more than $10,000,000, was probated to-day. Louis Rodman Wanamaker, the testator's brother and sole surviving executor of the will, swore to the value of the personal effects as being upward of $100,000, but placed no value on the real estate, which includes property in and near this city and in New York.

After devising to his widow, Mary Lowber Wanamaker, his household effects and one-third of his entire estate absolutely the testator left the remainder in trust for the benefit of his mother and brother and two sisters, and, upon their death for the benefit of his sons, Rodman Wanamaker, 2d, and Thomas B. Wanamaker, Jr., in equal shares with remainder to their children and grandchildren. The only bequests outside of his family and relatives were $500 each to such of his domestic servants as had been in his employ a year prior to his decease.

Following is a list of Mr. Wanamaker's known real estate holdings and their approximate assessed valuations:

Residence, Nineteenth and Rittenhouse Streets, taxed on a valuation of about $225,000.

North Ameridan Building, Broad and Sansom Streets, taxed on a valuation of about $2,000,000.

Lyric Theatre, Broad and Cherry Streets, taxed on a valuation of about $300,000.

Adelphi Theatre, adjoining, taxed on a valuation of about $250,000.

Mr. Wanamaker owned an estate at Meadow Brook, on the Reading Railroad. He was once proprietor of the little Hotel Wilmot. This he sold about four years ago to the Girard Trust Company for about $480,000. In recent years he invested heavily in New York realty, and he owned at the time of his death some valuable holdings on Broadway.

He also, it is said, was heavily interested in the Crozier Building, on Chestnut Street, west of Broad.

In addition to these holdings the estate has large interests in the Investment Company of Philadelphia, also in several important financial institutions. The newspapers with which Mr. Wanamaker's name was associated as owner, The North American and The Record, are both in the hands of incorporated companies, and though the estate is supposed to hold a great majority of the stock, the corporations, it is thought, will not be affected.

Mr. Wanamaker also held a large interest in the Wanamaker stores up to his departure for Europe, but early in February it was announced that he had relinquished his interest therein.

The will gives a life interest in one-third of the estate to the testator's mother, Mrs. John Wanamaker, and to the father, "who," the will says, "is amply provided for," the testator's gold watch.

ARRESTED AT RACE TRACK.

New York Merchant's Son Accused of Looting Father's Safe.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—At the request of the authorities of New York City, the police here to-day arrested Arthur Sacks and David Jones of New York at the Benning race track, on a charge of burglary.

Jones is a son of Maurice Jones, a retired merchant of 144 West Eighty-eighth Street, New York, and it is alleged that he and Sacks opened Jones's father's safe and took $4,000 worth of jewelry.

The police here recovered $1,000 worth of the jewelry and $200 in money from the two men. The balance, it is said, was disposed of in New York, where the men will be taken to-morrow.

POLICEMAN KILLS HIMSELF.

Phelan, Who Was Well to Do, Shoots Himself in Station House.

Timothy J. Phelan, a doorman in the Parkville station house at Ocean Parkway and Lawrence Avenue, Brooklyn, committed suicide yesterday morning in the station house by shooting himself in the head with his revolver.

Phelan was said to be well to do. He owned considerable real estate besides the house at 482 East Seventh Street, Flatbush, where he lived with his wife and child. He was 42 years old and had been on the force for eleven years.

His friends say that Phelan was of a cheerful disposition and the only reason they can give for his suicide is that his wife has been in poor health for some time and that he worried over it.

TO CURB FEDERAL COURTS.

Bill to Limit Their Power Over State Laws Favorably Reported.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Senator Overman's bill limiting the power of Federal courts to enjoin the enforcement of State laws on questions of constitutionality was reported back to the Senate by the Judiciary Committee to-day with a unanimous recommendation in its favor.

It provides that no Federal court shall enjoin a State on a question of constitutionality unless the application shall have been heard by a bench of three Judges, at least two of whom shall be Circuit Judges, and a hearing shall be had after five days' notice has been given to the Governor and Attorney General of the State and to other defendants.

Theatre Audience Cool at Fire Scare.

A panic was narrowly averted in Blaney's Theatre, Washington Street, Newark, N. J., last night, when fire started in the top gallery. Frederick W. Alles, the manager, went on the stage and announced that as there was a fire a few doors away, and that it had been deemed wise to dismiss the audience temporarily. The people then left, but returned to their seats for the remainder of the performance after the blaze had been put out.

PHILADELPHIA IN TWO HOURS—every hour on the hour—via New Jersey Central. See schedule on Page 15. SAFE, CONVENIENT, RELIABLE.—Adv.

GEN. BELL'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Chief of Staff Rides His Horse Into a Morass—Rescued by Autoist.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Major Gen. Bell, Chief of Staff of the army, rode his horse into a morass to-night in the Potomac River bottoms and had an ugly escape, while the horse was rescued just in time by a passing automobilist.

Gen. Bell, Secretary Taft, and the latter's son started for a canter shortly after 5 o'clock. They took the bridle path through Potomac Park, which at one point is being filled up by pumping mud and ooze from the bottom of the river and carrying it in long pipes to the low land. The party was galloping along the path through this morass when Gen. Bell's horse began to rear and plunge. The officer sought to quiet him without avail.

"Ill take him into this heavy ground," said the General to the Secretary. "That will tame him."

So saying, he jumped the animal from the firm footing of the path. Instantly he found his mount and himself floundering in sticky mud. The horse sank so deep into the mire that the General jumped from the saddle, and, after a struggle, managed to get back to solid ground.

Griffin Halstead, a stock broker, happened along in his automobile at this time, and, by using planks and hitching the horse to the rear of the machine, managed to pull it out. Incased in mud, Gen. Bell rode his disheveled charger home.

CAR WRECKS AN AUTOMOBILE.

Banker Speyer's Machine Is Crushed Against an Elevated Pillar.

An auto owned, the police say, by Leo Speyer, the banker of 17 East Eighty-second Street, was badly damaged last evening when a Sixth Avenue trolley car northward bound crashed into it at the junction of Sixth Avenue, Broadway, and Thirty-fourth Street. The car was in charge of a chauffeur, who said he was M. J. McCandlars of 250 West Eightieth Street. He was on his way northward on Broadway alone when the accident happened.

The auto and trolley car reached the crossing at almost the same instant, and the chauffeur, not noticing the car, attempted to cross the tracks. The car crashed into the rear of the auto and jammed it against an L pillar, breaking the rear axle and one of the rear wheels and smashing the top.

The chauffeur was thrown out, but was uninjured. A wrecking crew extricated the auto, which was towed to a nearby garage. Traffic was blocked on the north-bound track for fifteen minutes.

The chauffeur said he had taken a party of the banker's friends to the theatre and was returning when struck.

No arrest was made.

RIVER DAM BILL VETOED.

President Against Giving Away Natural Wealth, Heritage of the People.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—In a special message to-day vetoing a river dam bill President Roosevelt warned Congress that there are pending in this session bills which propose to give away without price stream rights capable of developing 1,800,000 horse power, whose production would cost annually 25,000,000 tons of coal, urged in vigorous terms the establishment of a policy, such as the filibustering minority in the House demands, which would safeguard the granting of bridge and dam privileges and require the grantees to pay for them, and definitely announced his future policy with regard to prompt utilization of construction privileges by refusing his signature to a bill giving an additional three years to the Rainy River Improvement Company within which to build a dam in the Rainy River.

NEW ORLEANS NAVAL INQUIRY.

Court There to Investigate Lilley's Charges Against Electric Boat Co.

NEW ORLEANS, April 13.—In conformity with orders received from Washington, Representative Broussard of Louisiana today opened in this city a court of investigation in connection with the charges relative to naval affairs made by Congressman Lilley of Connecticut.

The Electric Boat Company has been doing business in this city. The local managers of the Western and Postal Telegraph Companies are to be served with summons to appear and testify. Postmaster Woodward will also be included in the list of witnesses.

HISTORIC BUILDING BURNED.

Old Garrison Church in Berlin a Smoking Ruin—Battleflags Lost.

BERLIN, April 13.—The historic Garrison Church in the Neue Friedrichstrasse, dating from 1703, was destroyed by fire to-night, together with numerous ancient regimental shot-torn flags carried in various wars, which decorated the central aisle of the church. Only one of these flags was saved.

Crown Prince Frederick William, the commandant of the Berlin garrison, was in the crowd of spectators which witnessed the fire.

AT HEAD OF CUBAN ARMY.

Pino Guerra Assumes the Command—Trouble with Rural Guards Feared.

HAVANA, April 13.—Gen. Pino Guerra with much ceremony to-day took command of the Cuban army. The guns of Cabanas Fortress fired a salute of seventeen guns in honor of the new commander. The General informed Gov. Magoon that it was his desire immediately to organize his staff, and the Governor gave his consent.

The impression prevails that trouble is likely to ensue between Pino Guerra's regulars and the Rural Guards under Gen. Alexandro Rodriguez, the two Generals having been combatants in the revolution of 1906.

ELECT A DEAF FIRE CHIEF.

Sag Harbor Firemen Nominated New Assistant by Way of a Joke.

The new Assistant Chief Engineer of the Sag Harbor Volunteer Firemen, Albert R. Hall, is very deaf. He was nominated, it is said, as a joke, because of his deafness. He took the nomination seriously, however, and was elected by a vote of 70 to 42.

$9 TO NIAGARA FALLS OVER EASTER via West Shore R. R., $10.25 via New York Central, going April 18, returning to April 20.—Adv.

ITALY'S KING TALKS OF BLACK HAND HERE

Tells American Visitors It Is Nothing but a Gang of Detached Malefactors.

NOT ORGANIZED SOCIETY

Protests Against Idea That Crime Societies Exist in Italy—Greatly Regrets New York Outrages.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, April 13.—King Victor Emmanuel to-day received Robert Watchorn, Commissioner of Immigration at New York, and William B. Howland, Secretary of the Outlook Company.

The two Americans were with the King for a full half hour and had a most delightful and instructive conversation with him, in the course of which his Majesty disclosed his great interest in the welfare of his former subjects who have settled in the United States.

The talk naturally drifted to a discussion of recent bomb outrages in New York which have been attributed to the Blank Hand.

The King frankly declared his belief that the Black Hand and similar alleged organizations were for the most part mythical.

"Americans," said his Majesty, "are always talking about the 'Camorra' and the 'Mafia' as Italian societies in existence in this country. I wish you would convince your countrymen that such societies are non-existent—at least non-existent as organized bodies with rulers like those of a hierarchy and the definitely defined purposes which the imagination of novelists and popular tradition attribute to them.

"It is also absurd to speak of the Black Hand as being an emanation of the 'Camorra' or the 'Mafia.' The Black Hand is merely a gang of detached malefactors which has happened to come into existence among Italians, just as in the past other organizations of malefactors have been formed among the people of other nationalities.

"The outrages that have taken place in America by persons connected with this gang are highly regretted here, regretted quite as much as in America, because they cast discredit on a large body of reputable and hard-working Italian emigrants."

The King ended with asking his American visitors to study the statistics of Italian criminality for the last twenty years. These statistics, he said, showed a wonderful diminution in crime in Italy.

Both Mr. Watchorn and Mr. Howland were enchanted with the cordiality of the King. They were indebted for their kind reception to the Duke of the Abruzzi, with whom they became good friends on their voyage with him on the Lusitania from New York to Liverpool. The Duke wrote the King that his American fellow-passengers were to visit Rome, and requested him to give them an audience.

TO HOUSE DIPLOMATIC CORPS

Cousins's Bill Calls for $2,000,000 for Consulates and Embassies.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Representative Cousins of Iowa, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs introduced to-day a bill authorizing the Secretary of State to expend $2,000,000 in the purchase of or erection of suitable buildings for the American diplomatic and Consular representatives in China, Japan, Korea, Russia, Austria, Germany, and Mexico. Of this total it is proposed to expend $1,200,000 for Consular buildings in Amoy, Canton, Chee-foo, Chungking, Foo-chow, Hankow, Hongkong, Nanking, New Chwang, Shanghai, and Tien-tsin, in China; Kobe, Nagasaki, Tamsui, and Yokohama, Japan, and Söul, Korea. This leaves $800,000 to be expended for embassy and legation buildings in St. Petersburg, Vienna, Berlin, and the City of Mexico.

The bill appropriates and makes immediately available $1,000,000 toward carrying out its provisions.

FLEET AT SAN DIEGO TO-DAY.

Battleships in Fine Condition, Engines and Boilers in Perfect Order.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 13.—The battleship fleet will reach San Diego to-morrow morning. Messages received by the United States Wireless Telegraph Company to-day from the battleship Georgia report the fleet at 5 P. M. yesterday about 300 miles south of San Diego, proceeding at a speed of 9 knots an hour.

The coal consumed is reported as less per knot than it was when the fleet left the Atlantic, and this fact, considering that the ships' bottoms are necessarily foul, indicates that the engines are in a remarkably perfect and efficient condition, and the boilers also.

ADMIRAL EVANS BETTER.

Fully Recovered from Setback Caused by Pain in Knee.

PASO ROBLES, HOT SPRINGS, Cal., April 13.—Rear Admiral Evans was feeling considerably better to-day.

Surgeon McDonnold stated that the Admiral had had a good night, was stronger to-day, and had fully recovered from the little setback of last Friday, caused by the recurrence of the pain in his left knee.

Asiatic Squadron to Cruise.

MANILA, April 13.—The American Asiatic Squadron is assembling at Subig Bay. It will start April 15 on a northern cruise under command of Rear Admiral Joseph N. Hemphill and will be absent for four months.

Swallows Sword; Now Dying.

Special to The New York Times.

WATERBURY, Conn., April 13.—A. J. Pearce of Paterson, 42 years old, and known as an old-time circus performer under the title of Chief Yellow Bear, in swallowing a sword here to-night pierced his stomach. At the hospital it was said that his chances for recovery are slight.

TO INVESTIGATE WALL STREET

Senator Davis Introduces a Bill Asking for a Commission of Nine.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 13.—A measure to carry into effect the Governor's recommendation for the creation of a commission to investigate speculative methods in Wall Street was introduced to-night by Senator Davis, Chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee. By its provisions nine persons are to be appointed, three by the Governor, three by the President pro tem. of the Senate, and three by the Speaker of the Assembly, whose duty it shall be to "inquire into facts relating to speculation in securities and commodities, with the view to ascertaining the manner in which illegitimate transactions may be prevented and legitimate safeguarded."

$1,000,000 SALE CALLED OFF.

Note for a Big Jersey Loan Met and Securities Won't Be Auctioned.

With no explanations of the affair, the Fidelity Trust Company of Newark has announced that the sale of gilt-edged securities set down for to-day in Newark would not take place. It was announced last week that more than a $1,000,000 worth of the most valuable Newark securities, including 2,445 shares of Prudential Insurance Company stock, would be offered for sale at auction, in accordance with an arrangement made when a loan was made.

Uzal H. McCarter, President of the trust company that was to conduct the sale, stated yesterday that the note for which the securities had been pledged had been taken up and the sale called off. The identity of the borrower who succeeded in making good his obligations was not revealed, but he was said to be a man who has been prominent in public and political affairs in New Jersey for many years.

TRAIN WRECKERS FAILED.

Placed Ties on D., L. & W. Tracks, but Locomotive Pushed Them from Rails.

ELMIRA, N. Y., April 13.—An attempt was made to-night to wreck a westbound passenger train on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad near Lowman, about seven miles east of this city, by piling ties on the track. The ties were placed across the rails, and also between them. The obstruction was on a sharp curve, and close to the river.

The locomotive, which came along at a clip of sixty miles an hour, ground one of the ties and shoved the others along the rails. When the train was stopped a similar obstruction was found on the eastbound tracks, where a freight train was due.

DIED AFTER AUTO ACCIDENT.

Walter W. Husted Succumbs to Apparently Trivial Injury.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., April 13.—Walter W. Husted, son of Mrs. John H. Husted, a wealthy woman of New York City, and a graduate of Yale and prominent socially, is dead here as the result of injuries suffered in an auto accident last Thursday evening.

His mother is on the way West. She hoped to reach him before he died. His injuries were at first supposed to be trivial.

CAN'T ESCAPE TAX.

Banished Insurance Companies Must Still Pay for Texas Business.

Special to The New York Times.

DALLAS, Texas, April 13.—Insurance Commissioner Love to-day surprised the twenty-two life insurance companies that left Texas because of the Robertson law and are writing policies on Texas business from St. Louis and collecting the money from Texas.

The Commissioner says they must pay 3 per cent. gross tax as if they were writing inside the State, or court proceedings will be started on money due from policy holders. The tax to date against the companies amounts to about $100,000.

DISABLED FRENCH STEAMER.

Breiz Huel, with Broken Rudder and Short of Coal, Sighted by Statendam.

Special to The New York Times.

HALIFAX, April 13.—A wireless message from the Holland-America liner Statendam says that the French steamer Breiz Huel, commanded by Capt. Etrand, and bound from Dunkirk to New York, is west of Sable Island with rudder broken and short of coal, and is in urgent need of assistance.

When the Statendam sighted the Breiz Huel at 5:30 o'clock this afternoon the disabled steamer was 250 miles from Halifax. The Statendam spoke the Frenchman and then sent a wireless message to Sable Island asking for assistance for her.

The French steamer is a rich prize, and several vessels are preparing to go in search of her. When spoken she was in latitude 41.40 north, longitude 61.08 west.

BIGGEST 5-MASTER IS HERE.

German Sailing Ship Preussen Arrives to Take Oil to Japan.

Under a comfortable stress of canvas, the big five-masted steel German ship Preussen was sighted early yesterday by the Sandy Hook observer. She was a magnificent sight as she gradually came into full view.

The Preussen, under command of Capt. R. R. Peterson, sailed from Hamburg on March 10. The big ship comes to load case oil for Japan. She will carry away 200,000 cases, which, it is said, will net her owners $36,000.

DOG'S HOWLS A DEATH KNELL.

Body of Master Found in Room Where Pet Kept Vigil.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., April 13.—The howls of a dog owned by Charles T. Hampton yesterday afternoon were heard by his brother, George Hampton. The former lived in a room over his brother's blacksmith shop in Corlies Avenue, West Grove. The howls led to the discovery of the dead body of the dog's master.

The dog was lying on the bed beside the dead man, howling dismally, when the door was opened. Hampton had evidently been dead several hours when found. The Coroner found that he died from natural causes.

Hampton was 48 years old and is survived by a widow and two grown daughters.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER. "It's Purity has made it famous."—Adv.

M'CARREN ENJOINS MURPHY AND CONNERS

He Steals a March on Leaders and Blocks Democratic Convention.

BATTLE OVER DELEGATES

Question of Instructing for Bryan Falls into the Background While Their Struggle Is On.

Unless a temporary injunction obtained yesterday by Senator Patrick H. McCarren of Brooklyn be vacated before noon to-day, the Democratic State Convention, which is to elect the four delegates-at-large to the Democratic National Convention, will go into session with a legal barrier raised to prevent it from effecting permanent organization and proceeding to real business.

Only one thing—that an uninstructed delegation, not one instructed for Mr. Bryan, as his friends had fondly hoped would be sent to the National Convention—had been settled when the McCarren injunction was sprung. It played havoc with all the preliminary business of the convention, which now is certain to drag out over two days at least.

At midnight, after lawyers representing State Chairman Conners and Tammany Leader Charles F. Murphy, had scoured the city for some Justice willing to vacate the injunction without a preliminary argument, Mr. Conners issued a call for the State Committee to meet at 10 o'clock this morning. What action will be taken then to meet the situation created by McCarren's action Conners did not explain.

Mayor Wouldn't Serve.

At midnight the personnel of the delegation at large had not yet been decided upon, according to Chairman Conners. The slate which had been made up in advance with State Chairman Conners, Charles F. Murphy, Mayor McClellan, and Lieut. Gov. Chanler as the delegates had to be changed because Mayor McClellan and Lieut. Gov. Chanler both had declined to serve.

"I'd like to go," Mayor McClellan said, "but find to my regret that I will not be able to."

Lieut. Gov. Chanler sent word by his secretary, Barry Murphy, that he could not accept.

John B. Stanchfield and Lewis Nixon were spoken of late last night as those most likely to get the vacant places.

Mr. Conners announced at midnight that the Chairman of the Committee on Contested Seats, which will decide the contests, and the Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, had not yet been selected. Senator Grady is mentioned for the latter place. Conners said there would be no platform.

This extraordinary step was taken by Senator McCarren after he had become convinced that Chairman William J. Conners of the Democratic State Committee and Tammany Leader Charles F. Murphy, who between them will dominate the convention and all its machinery, were about to resort to radical methods to unseat the McCarren delegation from sixteen Assembly districts in Kings where there are contests, and to deal in a similar manner with delegations from three districts in Albany, where Patrick McCabe, an old Democratic war horse, is the boss, but where Chairman Conners put Jacob L. Ten Eyck, a former member of the old Herrick Democracy, in the field to raise a contest.

Senator McCarren said last night that if any effort was made to interfere with his delegation before the injunction is settled he would bring the question to an issue on the floor of the convention.

Copies of the injunction, which was obtained from Supreme Court Justice Crane in Brooklyn, were served on Chairman Conners and all the other officers and members of the State Committee just before that body was going into session at the Hotel Victoria yesterday afternoon to make up the temporary roll of the convention.

Gave Them a Jolt.

The bold move of Senator McCarren took his opponents by surprise. Then there were consultations, and a frantic rush on the part of lawyers representing Tammany Hall and the Brooklyn contestants to find a Supreme Court Justice to vacate the restraining order which McCarren had contrived to make returnable before Justice Crane on Wednesday morning, the day following that scheduled for the convention.

The injunction, until dissolved, restrains the officers and members of the Democratic State Committee, the temporary and permanent Chairmen, and all members of the convention from leaving the names of the McCarren delegates off the temporary and permanent roll of the convention, and even prohibits the defendants from entertaining any contest against them or passing on any question affecting their rights.

The injunction was obtained by the law firm of Pearsall, Kapper & Pearsall of Brooklyn, on affidavits sworn to by Thomas F. Matthews, one of the McCarren delegates, and George N. Young, clerk of the Democratic Committee of Kings County, who swear that the complainants were duly elected at the primaries and that the contestants have not availed themselves of the remedy which the courts had the power to afford them in the two weeks passed since the primaries were held. The affidavit of Mr. Young further says:

"That at about the same time (April 7) it was duly stated by individuals, particularly one Bird S. Coler, who is named as one of the contestants of the rights of the plaintiffs to seats in said convention, and other individuals who were named as such contestants, that positive assurances were given to them, the said contestants, by the defendant, Charles F. Murphy, that these plaintiffs would be unseated as delegates in said Democratic State Convention, and that they, the contestants, would be seated therein in the places of the plaintiffs. That although such statements have been given the widest publicity throughout the press and in the public eye, no denial of such purpose or intention has ever been made by any of the parties charged with such intent."

Injunction Ousts Bryan.

Senator McCarren's move, although it has no bearing whatever on the National situation and prospective nomination for the Presidency, which is the chief concern of the convention to-day, became the feature of the day and crowded to the background the various moves and countermoves made by the friends and opponents of William J. Bryan. It is certain that

with Conners and Murphy in control, the Nebraskan will get short shrift, and an uninstructed delegation to the Democratic National Convention at Denver is assured.

The friends of Mr. Bryan, with the knowledge that they are fighting for a forlorn hope as far as the delegation from this State is concerned, are preparing to kick up a rumpus in the convention.

A committee from Mr. Bryan's organization, the Bryan Progressive Democratic League, headed by Augustus Thomas, the playwright, who is Chairman of the league, called on Tammany Leader Murphy yesterday soon after he opened his headquarters at the Victoria and asked that Mr. Thomas be permitted to plead Mr. Bryan's cause on the floor of the convention. They backed up their request for Mr. Murphy's aid with the assertion that there was plenty of Bryan sentiment among Tammany men.

"I have not been able to discover any," said the Tammany chief in reply. "Your course would be worse than useless anyhow. I shall do all I can to prevent it, and I shall issue an order to all the Tammany delegates that under no circumstances must any of them give a proxy for the purpose you have just stated."

One of the Bryanites contended that Bryan would have at least ninety out of the 450 delegates to the convention, and said that his main strength would come from the counties of Erie, Chemung, Chautauqua, Cattaraugus, Allegany, Franklin, Oswego, Wyoming, and St. Lawrence. There is little doubt, however, that many of these delegates, who would not reach that number anyhow, will be disqualified, for in many cases there are contesting delegations.

No Show for Bryan.

After Mr. Murphy's refusal to entertain the request of the Bryanites a meeting of the committee was held, when a letter was drafted and addressed to the Committee on Resolutions. The letter calls upon the committee to insert in the declaration of principles a resolution instructing the delegates for Mr. Bryan, and asserts that the Democratic Party will be intrusted with the work of tariff revision and other needed reforms if it can convince the people in the coming campaign that it will be a work of reorganization and not one of reprisal.

"In our opinion," the letter continues, "the surest way to convince the people of this fact will be the nomination of a man in whose conservatism and in whose integrity of purpose and in whose incorruptability the voters will have faith. It is our belief that no man in the party possesses these various attributes to so eminent a degree as Mr. Bryan.

"The League calls your attention to the fact that nearly all of the policies recently advocated by Mr. Roosevelt, and which increased his popularity with the common people, were policies first enunciated and clearly written into the Democratic platform by Mr. Bryan himself."

Last night it was announced that Mr. Thomas would go on the floor with a proxy obtained by a delegate from Allegany County and offer a resolution favoring Bryan instructions and make a speech.

Democratic National Committeeman Norman E. Mack of Buffalo, who is the chief advocate of such instruction within the regular Democratic organization, admitted that he did not expect more than forty or fifty votes out of the 450 votes in the convention would be cast in favor of instructions.

Chairman Conners got on deck early yesterday morning and at once went to his new headquarters on the second floor of the Hotel Victoria. All day long he was closeted with delegates and leaders from various parts of the State. A little after noon Tammany Leader Murphy went up to the hotel, where he had a conference with Mr. Conners, and afterward opened personal headquarters on the floor above the Conners quarters. The headquarters of the two leaders, whose grip on the Democratic State organization is absolute, was the Mecca of all the politicians, who crowded the corridors of the Victoria all day.

McCarren Was Busy.

In the meantime Senator McCarren and Patrick E. McCabe, the Albany boss, and their followers held forth at the Hoffman House. Senator McCarren, who spent the better part of his Sunday in consultation with his delegates and the lawyers for the Kings County Democratic organization in preparing the papers in the injunction suit, was cool and calm. "Packy" McCabe was visibly nervous, and asked anxiously for news from the Conners headquarters.

"I know that Conners will chuck me out if he thinks he dares to do it, and if Charlie Murphy will let him," said McCabe. "Murphy's common sense is my only hope. If Conners throws me out he will live to regret the day. If McCarren and myself are thrown off the State Committee there will be a bolt and three tickets in the field this Fall as sure as you live."

Followers of Mr. Conners said last night that the Democratic State Chairman had made up his mind to throw the McCabe delegation out, and that he would find some way of eliminating McCarren as well, if only some means could be devised to get around the injunction. One of his lieutenants declared that the convention might defy the restraining order and go ahead with its business as though nothing had happened, on the assumption that a convention is the sole judge of its own action.

That this would mean that every delegation not friendly to Conners and Murphy where there is a contest would be disqualified, was the opinion of every one who remembered the fate meted out to delegates opposed to Mr. Conners and his programme of nominating Hearst at the Buffalo Convention two years ago. Senator Thomas F. Grady at that time was Chairman of the Committee on Credentials and Contested Seats, and sitting in judgment swung the axe on every head hostile to harmony with Conners on top.

Two motives are ascribed to Conners and Murphy in their joint move to get rid of McCarren and McCabe. Conners has good reason to dislike both, and to prevent their re-election to membership on the Democratic State Committee by throwing out their delegates. McCarren and McCabe were ringleaders in a movement which nearly cost Conners his place as head of the committee last Fall, and the Buffalo Democratic boss feels that their presence on the committee is a constant menace to his leadership.

Murphy wants to annihilate McCarren's sway in Kings County and assume the leadership of the organization there himself preparatory to the next municipal campaign a year hence. With McCarren and McCabe out of the way, Conners and Murphy would have complete control of the organization in this State.

Turned the Reporters Out.

The meeting of the Democratic State Committee for the purpose of making up the temporary roll of the convention had been scheduled for 4 o'clock in the afternoon, but was delayed for over an hour by the serving of the injunction on Conners and the members of the State Committee. Once it got under way it was a tame affair and of short duration, but anticipating a fight, Chairman Conners ordered all the reporters thrown out, declared an executive session, and posted double guards at the doors of the meeting room.

Chairman Conners called the meeting to order and explained its purpose. Thomas F. Carmody of Penn Yan was then named Temporary Chairman of the convention. One by one representatives of contesting delegations were let into the room to urge their claims for a place on the temporary roll of the convention.

Among the first delegations to appear by representatives were those from the sixteen districts in Brooklyn where there had been contests against Senator McCarren's adherents. These delegates were all members of the Kings County Democratic Party, the anti-McCarren organization, engineered by Borough President Coler. They were represented by George V. S. Williams, Chairman of its County Committee, and Henry A. Rubino, a Brooklyn lawyer.

"Let them in," said Senator McCarren, "and let them state their case before the committee. I am here to answer them."

Chairman Williams was in the room only for a couple of minutes, and then came out and announced that they had been turned down. Chairman Conners told him that under the injunction it could not be done. As a result of this policy all the McCarren delegations, the McCabe delegations, and all the "regular" delegations in districts where there was a contest were placed on the temporary roll to the elimination of the others. This step alone will make it possible for the convention to go ahead and effect temporary organization without infraction of the injunction.

"The State Committee," said Chairman Williams in a typewritten statement which had been prepared before he went before the committee at all, "has refused us the right to present our credentials and our requests to be placed on the temporary roll. We shall not let the matter rest here. We shall carry it to the floor of the convention and have the convention decide whether our organization or the McCarren annex to the Republican Party shall send its delegates to a Democratic Convention."

Here are the other contests filed with the State Committee:

Jacob L. Ten Eyck for three districts in Albany.

Frank H. Mott for the First Chautauqua District.

Addison G. Gehman for Herkimer County.

Edward A. Coatsworth for the Ninth Erie District.

Charles H. Jerome for the First Jefferson District.

Andrew C. Cornwall for the Second Jefferson District.

Joseph S. Bermel for the Second Queens District.

The delegations from Niagara and Orleans County, where a special election for Senator has been ordered by Gov. Hughes, will not arrive in this city until this morning. Immediately upon the arrival of the delegates a caucus will be held with a view to selecting a candidate for the place.

The question of the Senatorship will be one of the most important to come before the State Committee. It is assured that the candidate will come from Niagara County and efforts have been made to induce A. C. Douglas, Mayor of Niagara Falls, to run.

"I do not think we will make a very hard fight for the Senatorship," said a prominent leader from the district. "Why should we go out of our way and make a big campaign to rake Republican chestnuts out of the fire when there is nothing to gain for us? Let the Republicans elect a man to break the deadlock in the Senate. That would put the blame for defeating the reforms on our opponents, where it is placed now by the goo-goos. It is their funeral, and no matter what they do, it will help us next Fall when a Senator must be elected for a regular term.

KENTUCKIANS CHEER JOHNSON

He Discusses Democratic Principles at Jefferson Club Dinner.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 13.—Gov. John A. Johnson of Minnesota was formally introduced to-night to the Democrats of Kentucky at the banquet of the Jefferson Club, where he delivered the principal address. The welcome accorded him was enthusiastic, the 500 diners at tables in the Seelbach Hotel roof garden and the auditors in other parts of the garden repeatedly cheering the Governor. A number of Kentucky Democratic leaders were present. Gov. Willson, Kentucky's Republican Executive, journeyed from Frankfort to meet Gov. Johnson and to deliver the address of welcome and introduce the distinguished guest.

Gov. Johnson's address, while rather brief, touched on Democratic principles and the development of the Jeffersonian doctrines by present-day needs.

Gov. Johnson in opening his address made comment on the presence of Gov. Willson, auguring a revival of interest in the fundamental tenets of the "Father of Democracy" when a Republican Governor comes to join in paying respect to his memory, even though he disguised his mission as hospitality extended to the Governor of a sister Commonwealth.

Gov. Johnson then enumerated the cardinal principles of Jeffersonian Democracy, which, he declared, were the only ones which would ever give the Democrats lasting and worthy victory. The spirit of the times, he declared, was against invasion of the rights of States, opposed to a monopoly fostering tariff and against Government ownership and Socialistic experiments. It was against extortion and rebating by the railroads. All of these evils he pronounced as menaces which Democracy must combat. To take up untried nostrums for the cure of present abuses when Jefferson's principles are as sound and efficacious to-day as ever they were would be to court defeat or disastrous failure of administration in case the party should win at the polls.

In conclusion he said:

"Expediency never got a nation anything; it never got a people anything; it never will get the Democratic Party anything. When the Democratic Party in its National Convention plants its cause on the grounds of expediency and adopts a platform based on expediency, it cannot win and ought not to win.

"What we want to-day is to go before the people with a patriotic, manly declaration and ask for the concurrence of the people in that declaration.

"The Democratic Party has not always been worthy of Thomas Jefferson, but he has always been worthy of the Democratic Party. He was worthy of it because he was not a weather vane in politics. He was there yesterday and to-morrow; and if the Democratic Party is to build wisely and well, it will stand by Thomas Jefferson and the things he stood for, and abate the wrong wherever it may exist.

"I know it may be a long road to the victory which we all want to see come. If we have the patience to endure, if we have the faith that ought to be in us, and if we have the intrepidity which ought to be characteristic of a Democrat, we shall get there."

BRYCE EXTOLS JEFFERSON.

Praises Efforts of University of Virginia's Founder to Diffuse Education.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., April 13.—The 165th anniversary of the birthday of Thomas Jefferson and the eighty-ninth anniversary of the foundation of the University of Virginia were celebrated at that institution to-day, the chief address being delivered by the British Ambassador, James Bryce.

Mr. Bryce was introduced by President Alderman, who incidentally referred to the fact that Tarleton soldiers chased the General Assembly of Virginia from the town of Charlottesville and caused Mr. Jefferson himself to leave Monticello somewhat hastily. Mr. Bryce said in part:

"Of all Jefferson's ideas and projects none lay nearer to his heart and none deserve such unqualified praise as his faith in education and his efforts to diffuse it. He desired to establish a system of general elementary instruction and to create a system of upper secondary schools corresponding to the gramma schools of England and then complete the fabric by a university.

"It was a fine and fertile conception. It does all the more credit to Jefferson because most of the colleges of the United States were in those days classical or mathematical academies attached to particular denominations and with a narrow range of subjects, drilling their pupils thoroughly, but drilling them on old-fashioned methods."

SAYS PEOPLE KNOW BEST.

Judson Harmon Deplores Official Usurpation of Power Not Granted by Them.

ST. LOUIS, April 13.—The one hundred and sixtieth birthday anniversary of Thomas Jefferson was celebrated by the Jefferson Club to-night with a meeting at the Odeon, at which ex-Attorney General Judson Harmon of Cincinnati and United States Senator Thomas P. Gore of Oklahoma were the principal speakers.

Mr. Harmon spoke in part as follows:

"The people have carefully established the mode and manner in which alone their will is to be made known. They have invested the Federal Government with certain powers and their respective State Governments with other powers. All powers not so granted they have chosen to retain until they think best to grant more.

"One of the natural rights of man is to get as rich as he chooses, provided he do it honestly; and one of the natural duties of man is patiently to endure honest poverty.

SINGLE TAXERS CELEBRATE.

Mayor Tom Johnson and Senator La Follette Send Regrets.

At the twenty-second annual celebration of Jefferson's birthday by the Manhattan Single Tax Club in the Union Square Hotel last evening, the statement that the single tax theory was spreading found reiteration in the various speeches. Sixty-five guests and members of the club attended.

Ex-Gov. Garvin of Rhode Island, Benjamin C. Marsh, Thomas M. Osborne, ex-mayor of Auburn, N. Y.; the Rev. Leighton Williams of New York, William C. De Mille, the playwright; Henry George, Jr., and John J. Murphy, ex-Mayor of Sioux City and the present Secretary of the American Single Tax League, spoke.

Frederick Cyrus Leubuscher, President of the club, presided and read letters of regret from Tom Johnson, Mayor of Cleveland; Bliss Carman, Bird S. Coler, Augustus Thomas, Senator La Follette, David Graham Phillips, Ida M. Tarbell, Senator Gore of Oklahoma, Herbert Quick, Mark M. Fagan, ex-Mayor of Jersey City and Franklin K. Lane of the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

Among the single taxers present were Richard George, Bolton Hall, Joseph Dana Miller, Editor of The Single Taxer, and Miss Amy Man Hicks, sculptor.

JACOB
Ruppert
LAGER BEER BOTTLED AT THE BREWERY
At Hotels & Restaurants. ASK YOUR GROCER.

SILENT ON BRYAN AT JEFFERSON FEAST

But National Democratic Clubmen Cheer When Woodrow Wilson Mentions Gov. Johnson.

BRYAN DECLINED TO COME

Tariff Reform, Executive Usurpation, and a Return to Sane Jeffersonian Ideas Urged in the Speeches.

The name of William J. Bryan was nowhere referred to by the speakers at the Jefferson Day dinner of the National Democratic Club at the Hotel Knickerbocker in Times Square last night, but the mention of Minnesota's candidate, Gov. Johnson, brought forth vigorous applause from the diners.

A return to the principles of Thomas Jefferson, a reign of law and not of individuals, and a thorough revision of the tariff, were three of the Democratic keynotes sounded by President Woodrow Wilson of Princeton University, who was the principal speaker. The other speakers were Senator Simmons of North Carolina and Senator Owen of Oklahoma.

The dinner of itself was the greatest Democratic function of the kind the Democrats have held in this city for a long time, and President Wilson's speech seemed, to the majority of the diners, to be particularly appropriate to the occasion. It dwelt at length on the principles of the father of the Democratic Party. Mr. Wilson charged that the members of the party had forgotten the tenets of their faith. He attacked the Roosevelt administration in particular, though without mentioning his name, and he assailed government by the Republican Party in general, as the government of a party without any principles at all.

Calls for Jeffersonian Government.

Government by commission was the topic to which the speaker devoted the greater part of his address. He spoke also of the relations of capital and labor, and considerably of the tariff and the great need of revision. He charged that this country was returning gradually to the form of government that it had rejected at the time it fought for its independence, and called on all true Democrats to return to real Jeffersonian ideals and fight for them even in the face of temporary defeat that they might eventually achieve permanent victory. He sounded a note of warning, too, to the corporation lawyers.

The dinner, which commemorated the 165th anniversary of the birth of Jefferson, was held in the large banquet hall of the Knickerbocker, which had been lavishly decorated for the occasion. At the guest table were the following: Augustus Van Wyck, D Cady Herrick, J. Sergeant Cram, Justice James Fitzgerald, ex-Justice Morgan J. O'Brien, the Rev. Dr. John P. Chidwick, United States Senator F. M. Simmons of North Carolina, Woodrow Wilson, United States Senator Robert L. Owen of Oklahoma, Controller Herman A. Metz, President Patrick F. McGowan of the Board of Aldermen, former Judge Alton B. Parker, Edwin Warfield, Governor of Maryland; former Senator William A. Clarke, Congressman William Sulzer, and William Lindsay. In the absence of President John Fox of the club, Warren W. Foster presided.

This was the dinner to which, after much discussion, William J. Bryan was invited, though he was not asked to speak, and it was tacitly understood that he would be present only as a silent guest. Mr. Bryan declined the invitation, and it was remarked as significant that throughout the course of the dinner and the speechmaking that followed his name was not once mentioned. President Wilson, however, in the course of his address, spoke of Gov. Johnson of Minnesota, and instantly there was vigorous and enthusiastic applause. Mr. Wilson smiled.

"I paused," he said, "in the hope and expectancy that the mention of that name would bring forth applause."

Warren W. Foster spoke but briefly in introducing Dr. Wilson, stating, however, that never had the prospects of Democratic success in the country been brighter than at present. When Dr. Wilson rose to speak he was greeted with prolonged applause.

Both Parties in Receivers' Hands.

"I have come to the mortifying time of seeing both political parties in the hands of receivers," he said. "You know how you get in the hands of a receiver—you lose your principal. And, having gone into bankruptcy, some one—not yourself—must run the business. That is the present situation in both National parties. Individual receivers have been running our business, and for the very reason that obtains in all similar matters. That is, we have lost our principles."

Mr. Wilson spoke, in part, as follows:

"We hear a great deal of candidacies and programmes, but very little of principles. Parties seem almost to have gone to pieces and to have become indistinguishable, except in so far as men by habit call themselves by this party name or by that. Both parties have with like eagerness turned to the regulation of the business of the country, the restraint and regulation of the great business corporations, and vie with each other in the radical measures which they propose; but the measures of the one might be the measures of the other.

"The greater part of the business of the country has come into the hands of great corporations and trusts, and its new aspects unquestionably require adjustments and reformulations of the law, which the courts have not had the power or the courage to make, and which must therefore be made by legislation. The mere scale of business operations, moreover, has vastly increased. Comparatively small groups of men in control of great corporations wield a power and control over the wealth and the business operations of the country which makes them seem rivals of the Government itself. Law must be strengthened and adapted to keep them in curb and to make them subservient to the general welfare. No one now advocates the old laissez faire; no one questions the necessity for a firm and comprehensive regulation of business operations in the interest of fair dealing, of a responsible exercise of power. We are all advocates of a firm and effective regulation, but those of us who are Democrats challenge the prevailing principles of regulation, the principles which the Republican Party has introduced and carried to such radical lengths, and which some Democrats, confused by the clamor of the hour, have too thoughtlessly and hastily espoused.

Denounces Executive Regulation.

"We have, in fact, turned from legal regulation to Executive regulation. We have turned from law to personal power. It is that choice which as Democrats we challenge, and challenge with confidence, as opposed to every ancient principle of liberty and of just government.

"A mere casual examination of recent legislation will show that these statements are not based upon fancy or upon exaggeration, but upon the necessary character of the things we have been trying to do.

"The latest proposals are typical of all the rest. All combinations or agreements in restraint of trade had been forbidden by statute. But some agreements in restraint of trade, some sorts of pooling of rates by the railroads, for instance, do not in fact operate to the detriment of the public or of trade itself, but are beneficial rather, and to be desired in the interest alike of efficiency and economy. The lawmakers, upon that discovery, are not invited by the reformers to attempt definitions of law which will discriminate between those agreements in restraint of trade which are innocent of monopolistic intent or effect and desirable in the interest of the community itself from those which the vague original law was intended to prevent. They are urged, on the contrary, to put the whole matter in the hands of an executive officer. It is proposed to invite all corporations which wish to keep within the limits of the law to register with him and to submit all their contracts and arrangements to him for his sanction or disapproval; to let him make law by executive order.

"If this is necessary, government by law has broken down and personal government has been substituted. I for one do not believe that it is necessary. Neither do I believe that the American people have consciously made any such choice. They have been hastened by reformers who acted upon no principle whatever into measures the real character and consequence of which were not explained to them. When those measures are understood the people of this country will turn from them and substitute law once more for personal power.

"To all thoughtful persons, scrupulous of the ancient principles of our law, it is evident where this demoralization crept in. It is plain why the Federal Government has become the patron of the people instead of the arbiter of just and definite law. Our later tariff legislation has not been based upon the general welfare, but upon the patronage of special interests already strong, already very influential in politics. The present tariff is really a mass of special favors."

At another point in his speech Dr. Wilson said:

A Warning to Corporations.

"The corporation lawyers of this country know what is going on; the legislators do not. I want to say to all corporation lawyers, 'If you would save the corporation, you will come out from cover and tell the legislators what is needed. You know what is needed; they don't. By telling them you will save the corporation. If you don't, you will have the mob at its doors in a decade.'

"I don't suppose you will do this. I just want the satisfaction, ten or fifteen years hence, of saying, 'I told you so.'"

In conclusion, Dr. Wilson said:

"There are signs that make one feel that the Democratic Party is going to pieces. I find a great many men who do not know which party they belong to because they cannot see any difference between them. This country is waiting for a party which will be brave enough to abide the slow processes of success and to say that they know that righteousness, that right judgment, that careful adjustments of law, that the firm processes of courts are the bases of human liberty; and that it will not despair of human liberty until it has itself departed from those historic and ancient bases."

The next speaker was Senator Owen of Oklahoma, who is part Indian, and he let the diners know before he had gone very far with his prepared address. He spoke of Jefferson's opposition to slavery and declared that monopoly, as prevalent in this country to-day, was a form of slavery. He drew a parallel between J. P. Morgan and Pharoah, asserting that while the Egyptian King had monopolized corn and sold it to his subjects for all they had, the financier—he did not mention Mr. Morgan by name—had cornered the money market last October and had sold money at an immensely high price.

Senator Owen's speech was extremely long. It dealt with the history and effect of monopoly and covered twenty-two printed pages. Many of the diners left the hall before its conclusion owing to the lateness of the hour.

The last speaker of the evening was Senator Simmons of North Carolina.

After saying that he would not undertake to declare whom the party should nominate for President, Mr. Simmons discussed the probable issues, saying:

"The tariff question, the financial question, the trust question, and the railroad question are all questions of the first importance, and will doubtless play a conspicuous part in the campaign, but no one of them, nor all of them combined, outrank in importance as a vital issue the question of the centralization of power, which has been thrust to the forefront by the startling aggressiveness of recent legislation and Executive usurpations. When the President of the United States claims powers for the Federal Government admittedly not enumerated in the Constitution, nor derivable from it, but alleged to exist outside of the Constitution as an inherent right of sovereignty; when the President of the United States demands an enlargement of Federal powers, not by way of constitutional amendment, but "through Executive action, through legislation, and through judicial interpretation and construction of the law," he projects into the political arena the most portentous question which has confronted the American people since the unparalleled usurpations of the reconstruction era.

"The right of the States to manage their domestic affairs without the interference of the National Government, the right of the citizen to manage his private affairs without the consent of a department Commissioner or a bureau chief, is boldly challenged.

"Teddy the Terrible."

"The Constitution makers of 1787 lived in mortal fear of Kings. They created the office of President because they had to lodge executive power somewhere, but when they made the President and put him in the White House they hedged him about with limitations and restraints and vainly thought they had built around him a fence which was, to use a homely phrase of the farm, "mule high, pig tight, and bull strong." But the staid old Constitution builders had never heard of 'Teddy the Terrible.' They did not anticipate his coming into the White House, else they would have known that no such pent-up Utica could restrain his boundless strenuosities.

"The Presidential demand, openly and unequivocally made, for a left-handed increase of Federal powers puts the question squarely up to the people, and if by their answer they shall concede the right and power of the co-ordinate branches of the Government, acting singly or conjointly, to alter the Constitution or change its meaning and import, it will signalize the beginning of the end in this country of constitutional government by the people. The last and final bulwark against untimely supreme executive power will have disappeared.

"The President is a mighty man. Politically speaking, he has become almost an all-mighty man. Bigger than anybody bigger than everybody. He says to this one, 'go,' and he goeth, and to that one, 'do,' and he doeth it.

"Just let this thing go on as it is going on, and some fine morning we will all wake up to find State boundaries obliterated, State sovereignty extinguished, Congress and the courts subjugated and Magna Charta, the Bill of Rights, and all our boasted privileges and immunities of American citizenship gone, with the spectre of old King George stalking abroad in the land and his incarnated spirit seated in power in the White House."

Nearly 500 guests attended the dinner, extra tables having to be placed in the adjoining room to accommodate the late arrivals. Nearly every Democrat of prominence in the city was present. Charles F. Murphy, however, was detained elsewhere by business connected with the State Convention, which takes place to-day. The souvenirs were small plaster busts of Thomas Jefferson.

For Gray, Then Bryan.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., April 13.—The Democratic State Convention here to-morrow will be controlled by the supporters of Federal Judge George Gray of Wilmington for the Democratic Presidential nomination. The six delegates to the Denver Convention will support Judge Gray as long as there is a chance to nominate him. If there is no show, however, the delegates will then doubtless go to Bryan.

Testifies Against Macaluso.

The hearing of the charges against Antony Macaluso, arrested for offering to take money not to testify against Carl Fischer-Hansen, accused of extortion, was continued yesterday before Magistrate Steinert. Joseph Brown testified that Macaluso had told him he had signed a false affidavit in District Attorney Jerome's office through fear. He also testified that Macaluso had asked for money not to testify against Fischer-Hansen.

1,500 Steel Workers Resume Work.

JOHNSTOWN, Penn., April 13.—Announcement was made to-day that several departments of the Cambria Steel Company will resume operations this week following a three-month suspension, affording employment to 1,500 men.

Easter Opportunities

Will you help us plant joy and hope at this season in at least one deserving home, darkened by death, sickness, want or fear?

$5 can do it.

We know many such homes.

Send $5, $10, $25, $50, or $100 to R. S. Minturn, Treas., Room 210, No. 105 E. 22d St., New York.

R. FULTON CUTTING, President.

N.Y. Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor. 1843. 1907.

PROVIDENT LIFE ROW DELAYED BY COURT

Technicality Causes Temporary Withdrawal of Suit Against Coyle Directors.

BANKS NOW HAVE CONTROL

Expect to Elect Their Own Ticket at Election on Thursday — Charge Opponents with Conspiracy.

When Royall Victor of Sullivan & Cromwell, counsel for the banks now in control of the Provident Savings Life Assurance Society, appeared before Justice Dowling yesterday to argue the injunction case by which the banks seek to oust several of the Coyle syndicate Directors, the Justice informed him that he had failed to present the existing condition of the action in proper form and Mr. Victor withdrew his motion, with leave to renew it on Thursday. It is on Thursday that the election of officers is to be held at which the banking pool expects to elect its own men.

The six banking institutions which have pooled the majority stock in the institution acquired by the closing out of loans in which the Thomas interests had pledged Provident Life stock as collateral had all but eight votes at the annual meeting on April 2, and elected William H. Taylor, E. R. Chapman, and Royall Victor to the three vacancies in the directorate which then existed.

The Coyle interests, which bought a control of the institution from the Thomases nearly a year ago, have never come into possession of more than thirty-eight shares of the stock, of which eight were the qualifying shares on which they elected their Directors when the company was turned over by the Thomases and thirty shares were puchased at that time from outsiders.

The proceedings which were postponed by Justice Dowling yesterday were started on April 1, when an order was signed by Justice O'Gorman directing the officers and Directors of the Provident Life to show cause why several of the Coyle Directors elected at a special meeting early in the year should not be prevented from acting as Directors. It is the contention of the counsel for the banks that the Coyle interests had no legal authority to call a special meeting for the election of Directors.

The injunction proceedings seek to prevent William T. Gilbert from acting as a Director, and ask for the annulment of James B. O'Keefe's election to the directorate. The disputed election took place on March 27 last, and the papers state that at this meeting John J. Coyle, John C. Grady, Frank J. McSorley, John B. Wurtz, Edwin H. Sulger, and John W. Phillips met, accepted Mr. Gilbert's resignation, and elected Mr. O'Keefe to fill his place, and that the meeting was brought about by conspiracy and an agreement between the members of the Coyle faction. It also states that the terms of Mr. Grady, Mr. Coyle, and Mr. Wurtz properly expired on April 2.

TO HUNT ANARCHISTS.

Bingham Tells Need of Secret Service Fund and May Get $25,000.

Police Commissioner Bingham appeared before the Finance Committee of the Board of Aldermen yesterday to urge the committee to report favorably on the application for $100,000 for a special secret service fund to cope with "Black Handers," Anarchists, and other evildoers.

"Little Tim" Sullivan, Chairman of the committee, first called the Commissioner to account for a statement which the Commissioner was said to have made at a dinner to the effect that the Aldermen "didn't dare" give him the money. Commissioner Bingham denied that he had said such a thing.

"You are all right personally," said Mr. Sullivan, "but the trouble is you don't know the game and have to depend on others, who are not so anxious to do right."

"I think this Black Hand business is all a fake," said Mr. Sullivan. "I don't believe in it."

"You come up to my office and I'll show you some Black Hand data that will make your hair stand on end," said the Commissioner.

"With all due respect to you," Mr. Sullivan said, "I think the Police Department is utterly demoralized."

"Oh, Mr. Chairman," said the Commissioner, "please say that in private and not in public. I want to tell you that the Police Department is better to-day than it has been in years."

The Commissioner said that perhaps this was so in some instance, but that he had to obey all the laws. The Aldermen decided to recommend that $25,000 be appropriated.

KNICKERBOCKER MAY BUILD.

Planning to Put Up Low Structure at Broadway and Exchange Place.

The Directors of the Knickerbocker Trust Company are considering the erection of a six-story building on the property at the northeast corner of Broadway and Exchange Place, formerly the site of the Consolidated Stock Exchange.

This property was bought by the Knickerbocker about two years ago with the idea of erecting a skyscraper on the plot. The old Exchange building was demolished last Summer, and only a few weeks before the suspension of the trust company plans for a twenty-two-story structure were filed by Architects McKim, Mead & White. With the suspension of the company, of course, the project was dropped.

The property in its present shape carries heavy fixed charges and yields only what revenue is produced by about 200 feet of billboard advertising. The scheme now under discussion is to put up a six-story structure, which will at least pay the carrying charges on the parcel if it does not yield any surplus.

Caisson foundations will be put in so that at any future time the building may be carried up to the height originally planned.

The property, which is one of the few corners on lower Broadway not already taken for skyscraper construction, measures 67 feet on Broadway and extends along Exchange Place 132 feet to New Street. The Knickerbocker Trust Company bought it in May, 1906 for $1,715,000. It carries mortgages for $1,130,000.

13 PUTS HOODOO ON IDA.

Ill-Omened Numerals Get Into the Life of Young Camel.

A camel with the thirteen hoodoo hanging over her head is Ida, who was born on the steamer Ida during the trip from Trieste, which ended at this port yesterday. There were on board twelve camels bound for the Riverside Park, Chicago.

Ida was the thirteenth name added to the live stock consignment on the ship's manifest, and the trip ended on the thirteenth day of the month.

The first bad luck for the camels came yesterday—the 13th—when Calila Cory, in charge of the animals, was taken to Ellis Island on suspicion that he has an eye disease which will not permit him to land.

New England Methodists for Dancing.

WORCESTER, Mass., April 13.—The New England Methodist Episcopal Conference to-day, by a vote of 107 to 42, adopted a memorial to the General Conference recommending the repeal of the article forbidding dancing, card playing, and attending theatrical performances.

SILVER SERVICES

The Gorham Company invites attention to its extensive display of Sterling Silver Tea and Coffee Services which are available at prices ranging from the very moderate upward

THE GORHAM CO.
5TH AVE. & 36TH ST.
23 MAIDEN LANE.

CARPET CLEANSING
Largest in the World. Every detail. 38 years' experience.
THE THOS. J. STEWART CO.
B'way & 46th St., N. Y. 'Phone 776 Bryant.
Erie & 5th Sts., Jersey City.
STORAGE WAREHOUSE & MOVING VANS.
Write or telephone for interesting booklet.

CENTRAL SUBURBAN SERVICE.

Complainants and Company Heard at Public Service Meeting.

The suburban service on the New York Central's lines outside the city limits was taken up yesterday by the up-State Public Service Commission, sitting in the hearing-room of the City Commission in the Tribune Building. Aside from generalities the investigation was confined to the Putnam Division.

Several witnesses gave testimony as to the infrequency of trains. It was called to the attention of the commission that no trains left the southerly terminus at 155th Street between 7:30 at night and five minutes after midnight. There was also much complaint about the service at Bryn Mawr Park, where some of the passengers have to wait in the rain and there are no telephone or telegraph facilities.

At the afternoon session, at which Commissioner Decker presided, Frederick T. Stack, for the company, testified that the Putnam Division was better operated than any other in the system, at least 98 per cent. of the trains running on time last month. He said that there used to be a train leaving 155th Street at 9:45 at night, but that it had been taken off because it did not pay. None of the trains paid, he said, the best earning 50 cents a train mile, whereas the cost of operation was 67 cents a train mile.

NEW SCHOOL FOR CRIPPLES.

Henry Street Institution Teaches Them to be Self-Supporting.

They were just boys and girls, after all, those hundred or more little cripples who for the first time hobbled or were carried yesterday morning into their new school home at 157 Henry Street, and they were filled with curiosity to see the building about which they had heard so much. They were as happy as possible over it, and insisted on inspecting every room, from the first floor to the roof garden, where they expect to pass many happy hours in play.

Besides being taught from books, the little cripples learn to be useful, doing fine needlework, bookbinding, and basket weaving, for which they are well paid, some earning more than $3.50 a week. They soon pass thus from the stage of being a burden on their parents to that of being self-supporting, and even an aid to those on whom they were formerly dependent.

J. P. CADDAGAN BETTER.

Proprietor of the Hoffman House on Way to Recovery.

The condition of John P. Caddagan, proprietor of the Hoffman House, who has been critically ill for the last few days in his rooms at the hotel, was said last night to be very much improved. There is hope now of his ultimate recovery.

It is understood that Dr. E. R. Finch, Mr. Caddagan's physician, who spent all of Sunday night at his patient's bedside, now wishes to send him away as soon as his condition will permit of his removal, and it has been suggested that a trip to Salamanca, N. Y., his birthplace, would do much to hasten Mr. Caddagan's improvement.

Mr. Caddagan is 60 years old, and is so much attached to his quarters in the Hoffman House, however, that it will be difficult, it is expected, to get him to agree to a trip away from New York.

JUROR'S SON A WITNESS.

After Boy's Story Is Heard by Father and Other Jurors Mistrial Is Declared.

Not until Robert Murrell, one of the principal witnesses against Max Cohen, on trial before Judge Humphrey in the Queens County Court charged with burglary, had finished his testimony and was about quitting the witness stand yesterday did the attorneys and Judge learn that the boy was a son of Edward R. Murrell, one of the jurors sitting on the case.

Neither father nor son appeared to think there was any special significance to the coincidence, but after a consultation between Assistant District Attorney Dana Wallace and John B. Merrill, who represented the defendant, Judge Humphrey was asked to declare the action a mistrial, which was done.

Cohen was charged with breaking into the house of John Reilly, Superintendent of the telephone company, at Arverne, and, according to his testimony, young Murrell saw him coming out of the house after the robbery.

CHARACTERISTICS

RIGHT, SNAPPY EFFECTS IN THE FABRICS, ATHLETIC SHOULDERS, THE SMART DIP FRONT AND A VARIETY OF FANCY CUFFS ARE CHARACTERISTICS OF OUR SACK SUITS FOR SPRING.

WE'VE A DOZEN STYLES.
A HUNDRED PATTERNS.
A RANGE OF PRICES.
$15 TO $40.

Browning, King & Company
B&K
Broadway at 32d St.
Cooper Square at 5th St.
Fulton Street, Brooklyn

BROKAW BROTHERS

Boys need lighter weight clothes just as well as men. We are ready for any boy who has reached his third birthday. Clothes the boy likes because they are comfortable, clothes the parents like because they are made to hold boy energy.

Boys' Knee Trouser Suits, $5 to $14.

ESTABLISHED OVER HALF A CENTURY
ASTOR PLACE & FOURTH AVE. N.Y.

MEMORIAL TABLETS
ENTRANCE GATES
ENTRANCE DOORS
MARQUISES
BANK FITTINGS
GRILLES
WM. H. JACKSON CO.
ARTISANS IN ALL METALS
29 E 17TH ST.
FOUNDRIES AND SHOPS
229-239 W. 28TH ST.
N.Y.

FURNITURE of Quality
SPECIAL SALE OF
Parlor Suits

3-PIECE MAHOGANY FINISH SUIT; HANDSOMELY CARVED FRAME, UPHOLSTERED SEAT, PANEL BACK, IN A VARIETY OF COVERINGS; REGULAR $70.00. $42.50

3-PIECE MAHOGANY FINISH SUIT; UPHOLSTERED IN GREEN DAMASK OR VELOUR; REGULAR $30.00, AT $22.50

5-PIECE MAHOGANY FINISH SUIT; UPHOLSTERED IN GREEN VELOUR; REGULAR $65.00. $40.00

5-PIECE MAHOGANY FINISH SUIT; HANDSOMELY UPHOLSTERED IN FANNE VELOUR, SILK DAMASK OR TAPESTRY; REGULAR $90.00, AT $67.50

5-PIECE SOLID MAHOGANY SUIT; LOUIS XV. DESIGN; IN A CHOICE SELECTION OF COVERINGS; REGULAR $160.00. AT $120.00

SHEPPARD KNAPP & CO.
13th Street Sixth Avenue 14th Street

Barton & Guestier
Bordeaux
Established 1725
We have sold the Clarets and Sauternes shipped by Barton & Guestier for over 50 years, and have always found them most reliable and excellent value. Price list on application.
Park & Tilford
FOUNDED 1840
Broadway and

CHURCH AGAIN SPLIT OVER PASTOR DENHAM

Minister Who Left Disciples of Christ Congregation Under a Cloud Asked to Return.

NOW AN ORANGE GROWER

Mrs. Elizabeth B. Grannis One of Those Who Indorsed Charges Against Him.

The climax of the dissension in the West Fifty-sixth Street Church of the Disciples of Christ over the proposed recall of the Rev. B. Q. Denham to its pastorate will be reached to-morrow night when a congregational vote on the matter will be taken.

For six years Mr. Denham was pastor of this church, which has the distinction of being the oldest of its denomination in the United States, "planted and watered" by Alexander Campbell himself. Mr. Denham came here from North Tonawanda, N. Y., where charges had been made against him.

While here two women neighbors filed complaints against him. He was arrested, held for the Grand Jury, but no indictment was found. He resigned his charge three years ago.

This church has been without a pastor for several months. It was suggested that the Rev. Mr. Denham be recalled. Mr. Denham is now at Auburndale, Fla., where he is preaching and at the same time managing the orange grove of a Mrs. Simons, who was once a member of his congregation here. A letter of inquiry sent to him brought a prompt reply. He would come, he said, whenever the church said so, provided he got a good majority when the vote of the congregation was taken. His name was placed before the official board, and while its meetings are behind closed doors it is readily admitted that there was anything but unanimity in the recommendation that he be recalled.

Twenty members of the Official Board were present two weeks ago when the matter first came up. Four are known to have spoken in vigorous opposition to his being invited to this field again and others voted with them. It was declared last night that those favoring his recall had barely a majority.

So far as can be learned, not a member of the board believes the charges preferred against him either in North Tonawanda or here to be true, but they doubt the expediency of calling him back.

The vote of the congregation to-morrow night will be silently cast by secret ballot as the members of the church enter the doors between 8 and 9 o'clock. The result will be announced by Robert Christie, the senior elder, as soon as the ballots are counted.

J. E. Pearce, a member of the Official Board, said last night that he was confident that Mr. Denham's friends would win with a good majority.

Among the leaders in the congregation who are said to favor Mr. Denham's return are C. H. Kilgore, Irving C. Stump, J. D. Minnick, and J. H. Banton. Against it are John L. N. Hunt, Charles H. Boaz, S. W. Hoke, F. H. Johns, Frank H. Moore, and James I. Moore.

The church has a membership of about 400 and pays its pastor $3,100 a year. It will celebrate the centennial of its organization two years hence.

Mr. Denham is about 45 years old, is married, and has three children.

Mrs. Elizabeth B. Grannis, President of the Society for Social Purity, is a member of Mr. Denham's church. She wrote a letter stating that she believed the minister guilty of the charges made against him here.

Since that time the fellowship of the church has been withdrawn from Mrs. Grannis, though she is still a member of the congregation.

When Mr. Denham resigned as pastor Mrs. Simons, a parishioner, had bought an orange grove in Florida, and her invitation to her former pastor to go down there and manage it was accepted. He has been there ever since.

"AD" SOON FOUND HER JEWEL

Miss Goldsmith Recovers Her Lost Trinket Through The Times.

The value of the Lost and Found Column of THE TIMES to persons who lose valuables is shown by a letter from E. M. Gattle & Co., jewelers at Fifth Avenue and Thirty-eighth Street, telling of the recovery of a beret lost in the Hotel Plaza. The jewel was returned to its owner yesterday morning.

It was the property of Miss Evelyn Goldsmith of 50 West Seventy-fifth Street, who lost it late in the afternoon of last Saturday and immediately telephoned to THE TIMES authorizing an advertisement in the Lost and Found Column of Sunday's paper.

CALLS AHEARN USURPER.

Attorney General's Deputy Contends He Has No Right to be In Office.

Argument was heard and decision reserved by Supreme Court Justice McCall yesterday on the demurrer interposed by John F. Ahearn, President of the Borough of Manhattan, to the complaint in the suit brought to oust him from office. Attorney General Jackson brought the suit, which is in the nature of a quo warranto action, and asks that Mr. Ahearn be unseated on the ground that he is "guilty of usurping and intruding into the office of President of the Borough of Manhattan."

Martin W. Littleton, counsel for Mr. Ahearn, urged that the suit was without merit, and asked the court to sustain the demurrer. He insisted that the Board of Aldermen had a perfect right to re-elect Mr. Ahearn after his removal by Gov. Hughes.

Deputy Attorney General De Ford argued that the demurrer should be overruled.

"The purpose of the law clearly was to empower the Governor to remove a Borough President whom he has found guilty of misconduct in office, in order that the public might be protected from the evils which would flow from the continuance in office of an official who had been guilty of misconduct therein," said Mr. De Ford. "It is obvious that a law enacted for so beneficent and salutary a purpose should be liberally construed.

"The legal effect of Ahearn's removal from office was not only to declare him unfit to exercise the franchises of that office and to oust him therefrom, but it was also to declare him unfit to continue to exercise the franchises of that office for the remainder of the term to which he was elected, and that he forfeited the civil right, namely, his eligibility to hold that office for the remainder of the term to which he was elected."

Nelson S. Spencer and Charles H. Strong, counsel for the committee of fifteen from the City Club, also opposed the demurrer. They emphasized strongly the fact that Gov. Hughes removed Mr. Ahearn for misconduct in office, and that he was not eligible for re-election.

WHITE LAMB LURED HIM.

Negro Testifies to Stock Gambling Deal in Which He Lost.

Three witnesses gave testimony yesterday for the prosecution in the trial of Thomas O'Connor and his wife, known as Frances McLean, before Judge Holt and a jury in the United States District Court, on charges of using the mails for stock swindling purposes. They were Christopher Graven, Secretary of the Port Jervis Water Works Company; O. R. Brownfield of Fairchance, Penn., and Charles Wells, a negro, of Beaver Falls, Penn. All told of losing money in stock speculations with concerns alleged by the prosecution to be allied with the defendants.

Hugh Gordon Miller, for the defense, showed a copy of a letterhead of the New York Telegraph Bureau, to Wells, indicating the picture of a bull and a bear, with a lamb between them, to the colored man, and demanded:

"What do you think of that picture? What did you think it meant?"

The negro, who had testified to losing $100, grinned as he answered:

"Yas, Sah. Yas, Sah. Ah sees dat picter, an' hits ah white lamb. Hit ain't no brack limbo. Ef hit hada been, hit mighta scared me. Golly, boss, ah wish hit hada been a lil' black lamb."

The trial will be continued to-day. O'Connor was sent back to the Tombs, Judge Holt having denied a motion to reduce his bail.

DIAMOND DEALERS FAIL.

Receivership for Wholesale Firm of C. F. Wood & Co.—Liabilities $525,000.

Continued poor business in the diamond and jewelry trade yesterday forced Charles F. Wood & Co., wholesale dealers in diamonds and jewelry at 1 Maiden Lane, into the hands of a receiver in bankruptcy proceedings, with liabilities of $525,000 and assets estimated at $240,000.

A petition in bankruptcy was filed against them by Hays & Hershfield, and Turner, Rolston & Horan, representing most of the creditors, with claims aggregating over $450,000. The petitioning creditors are Jac. Kryn & Wauters, in excess of $20,000; Joseph H. Fink & Co., in excess of $5,000, and Stern Brothers & Co., in excess of $4,000. In the application for the receiver the amount of the claim of Jac. Kruyn & Wauters is given as $350,000. It was alleged that while insolvent the firm transferred a considerable portion of its property to creditors to give preference, and removed considerable property. Judge Hough of the United States District Court appointed George R. Whitehead receiver, with a bond of $50,000, at the request of most of the creditors, as he is in the jewelry line, and the firm consented to his appointment.

Of the liabilities $30,000 are to European creditors, and $45,000 confidential debts. It was stated that the assets consist of stock, $157,000, accounts $25,000, real estate $25,000, equity in pledged jewelry $16,000, and equity in pledged bills receivable, total $240,000.

Mr. Hays of Hays & Hershfield said that creditors a few days ago found that the firm had been insolvent for a long time.

The partners are Charles F. Wood, John B. Wood, and Elmer E. Wood. They have been in business about twenty years.

Denial by Italian Steamship Lines.

Officers of the Italian transatlantic steamship lines in this city yesterday denied that they have asked any one to intercede for them with the North Atlantic conference with a view to bringing about an adjustment of passenger traffic rates. The denial was made in reply to a statement published a few days ago by the Hamburg-American Line that Director Herr Ballin of their line had been asked by the Italian lines to act for them in this way.

DE DION AND ZUST LEAVE FOR JAPAN

Will Then Transfer to Continent and Begin Last Stage of Race.

SEATTLE CHEERS THEM

The Thomas Car Reported at Juneau, and Is Due to Reach Seattle Next Friday.

62D DAY OF THE RACE.

Car.	Reported.	Distance.
*Thomas.	Valdez	6036
†Zust.....	Seattle.....	4836
†De Dion..	Seattle.....	4836
‡Protos....	Kelton, Utah..	2616

*Alaskan trails found impassable. Car takes steamer for return to Seattle and new start for Vladivostok.
†Sli for Japan this morning.
‡Returned to Ogden for repairs.

Special to The New York Times.

SEATTLE, Washington, April 13.—The French and Italian cars in the New York to Paris race under the auspices of the Paris Matin and THE NEW YORK TIMES, arrived this afternoon from San Francisco on the City of Pueblo, and will sail to-morrow morning on the Aki Maru for Japan, thence to be transferred to the Asiatic Continent, where they will enter upon the last long dash to Paris.

Up to this evening it was supposed that the two cars would go north to-night on the Humboldt to Skagway, go thence over the trail to Dawson, and from that city make their way down the river.

This evening the change of route was decided on, and the reservations on the Humboldt were canceled.

The two cars were greeted by almost as large a crowd of auto enthusiasts this afternoon as met the Thomas car when it was unloaded from the same steamship, the City of Pueblo. The cars were transferred to the dock to the accompaniment of cheers and a chorus of honking auto horns.

Then the two cars at the head of a parade of the local autos drove over First and Second Avenues to the Hotel Butler, which has been the headquarters of the racers in this city.

The cars were driven to one of the local garages, and when the racers returned to the hotel they bore armfuls of flowers, which were presented to them by the local French and Italian colonies.

To-night they were guests at a banquet given by the Italian-American Club of Seattle at its clubrooms.

THOMAS CAR REPORTED.

Steamer Touches at Juneau—Due at Seattle Next Friday.

Special to The New York Times.

JUNEAU, Alaska, April 13.—The steamer Bertha, with the Thomas flyer, leading car in the New York to Paris race, on board, touched at this port last night.

The steamer is due at Seattle Friday, April 17.

3,000 MEN FIGHT FOR JOBS.

Police Called Out to Control Men Who Block Street Traffic.

An advertisement in yesterday's morning papers calling for experienced non-union motormen and conductors to go out of town led to the gathering of a large crowd in front of 311 West Fifty-ninth Street, just west of Columbus Circle, yesterday morning. The men began to collect before 6 o'clock, but when, some time later, the proprietor of the building, which has a large vacant store on the ground floor, arrived and saw the size of the crowd, he refused to let the place be used as a recruiting office, and were sent to 111 West Fifty-fourth Street.

Here fully 3,000 men were gathered, and it took the reserves of the West Thirtieth and East Thirty-fifth Street Police Stations to form them into line. Ultimately, 400 were employed, the men understood, by James Farley, the strike breaker, to go to Pensacola, Fla., where a trolley car strike has led to martial rule; to Tacoma, Washington, and to Chester, Penn.

By the time the crowd reached this place it numbered close to 3,000. They found the shop boarded up, and there was again much confusion.

Capt. Farrell, who arrived with the reserves from the Tenderloin Station, when he saw the state of affairs, telephoned for those of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station. Lines were reformed one man wide that stretched around to Broadway, up Broadway to Thirty-eighth Street on the one hand and around to Sixth Avenue on the other.

The men who were engaged returned to 111 West Thirty-seventh Street at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, when they were taken to the Pennsylvania Station via Twenty-third Street.

MORE ILL. CENTRAL STOCK.

Shareholders May Pay in Two Installments for $14,250,000 Worth.

Formal announcement was made yesterday of the terms of the issuance of new Illinois Central stock to the amount of about $14,250,000, or 15 per cent. of the outstanding stock. The stockholders, at a special meeting to be held May 18, are to vote on the stock issue and also on the purchase of the property of the Memphis & State Line Railway, and of another subsidiary of the Illinois Central, the approval of which was withheld at the adjourned annual meeting held in March because of the opposition offered by Stuyvesant Fish.

In addition to the 15 per cent. in new stock to be sold to the shareholders at par an equal amount is to be authorized and held in the treasury subject to future sale or to be retained against an issue of convertible bonds. Stockholders are to have the privilege of subscribing to any such issue.

The new stock is to be payable in two installments, 50 per cent. on or before July 7, and 50 per cent. by Sept. 17. The right to subscribe will be limited to shareholders of record on May 28, and will expire July 7. Upon prepayments of the second installment discount will be allowed at the rate of 5 per cent. a year. The new stock will be entitled to all dividends declared after Sept. 17.

PASTOR'S BODY IN THE RIVER.

The Rev. Mr. Allison Had Been Refused Admission to a State Asylum.

The body of the Rev. Charles E. Allison of the Dayspring Presbyterian Church at Yonkers was found yesterday in the Hudson River, off West Fifty-ninth Street.

He was last seen at Yonkers on the night of Jan. 9. He afterward voluntarily applied to the authorities at the Hudson River State Asylum, but was refused admission because he had no commitment papers.

Search had been made for him. He was 57 years old and a bachelor. He was a prolific writer upon church subjects, and was the author of a history of Yonkers.

DIETERICH DIVORCE REPORT.

Referee Said to Have Recommended Decree in Husband's Favor.

Counsel for Alfred E. Dieterich, who is connected with the Standard Oil Company, submitted to Supreme Court Justice McCall yesterday, for confirmation, the report of Samson Lachman, referee in the divorce suit brought by Mr. Dieterich against his wife, Edna Young Dieterich. Although the contents of the report were not made public, it is understood that Mr. Lachman recommends the granting of a divorce and giving to the father the custody of Grace, the four-year-old child of the Dieterichs. Justice McCall reserved decision on a motion to seal the papers. Mrs. Dieterich left her husband last December. Harry S. Brenchley, an employe of A. G. Vanderbilt, was reported to have gone with Mrs. Dieterich.

JUSTICE SHARES PROFITS.

Brady of Supreme Court Has Stock In Realty Firm Selling to City.

At the inquiry into the affairs of Borough President Haffen's office, resumed yesterday at the City Hall, it was brought out positively that Justice Brady of the Supreme Court is a stockholder in the Geiszler-Haas Realty Company, which has sold land to the city, and expects to sell more. This fact has been hinted at before.

Julius H. Haas of the firm was the witness who made the admission. He said at first that he could not open the safe in which the books were, and that the reason the books were not produced was because the firm did not want the public to know what it had paid for certain lands. Commissioner of Accounts Mitchel said he knew what was paid for the land and would keep it secret. On this promise Mr. Haas said he, personally, was willing the books should be produced.

Then the names of the other stockholders were taken up. Commissioner Murray had already expressed himself as willing that the books be brought forward. Haas said Sweitzer and Havenden, he thought, were willing, but thought the two Geiszlers, father and son, were opposed to it.

"And the seventh man, who is he?" asked Mitchel.

"I don't want to tell you, Mr. Mitchel?" said Haas. "He is a high official, and I don't want to bring his name into this inquiry."

There was some discussion over it, in which Haas said he would like to consult a lawyer before answering.

"Well, is he willing for the books to be produced, or is he opposed to it?" queried Commissioner Mitchel.

"He is opposed to it," replied Haas.

"Who is he?" asked Mitchel.

"I am sorry you force me to tell, Mr. Mitchel," said Haas, "but it is Justice Brady."

It was finally agreed that Haas was to have the books at the office of the Commissioner of Accounts, 280 Broadway, on Thursday morning.

New Elevated Platform at Bridge.

There was a hearing yesterday before Public Service Commissioner Eustis on the request of the Board of Aldermen that the Interborough Company be compelled to build an additional platform on the westerly side of the elevated station at the Brooklyn Bridge. Alfred E. Mudge, for the company, stated that the company was willing to carry out such an order and that plans would be presented for approval by April 27.

Rayner to Talk on State Rights.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Senator Rayner to-day introduced a resolution to the effect that the growth of Federal power is of increasing danger to the rights of sovereign States. The Senator gave notice of an intention at an early day to deliver a set speech on the question.

STOLE TO AID ILL WIFE.

Ex-Thief's Plea Wins Him a Short Term in Penitentiary.

Frank Wilson, alias Frank Sherman, who has served three terms already for larceny, presented a letter written by himself to Judge Foster in General Sessions yesterday when he appeared to plead guilty to the theft of eighty-one yards of silk from a wagon owned by Louis F. Dommerich last March.

In this letter Wilson stated that he had kept out of trouble for eight years, working steadily as a confectioner at 165 East Eighty-sixth Street. His wife, he said, had recently developed cancer, and because his business had fallen off so much that he could not earn the money to pay the doctor, he had stolen to obtain enough.

The charge was grand larceny, but on account of the circumstances the Judge sentenced him to only one year in the penitentiary.

RELIEF FOR RAILROADS.

Foraker Would Suspend Commodity Clause of the Rate Law.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Senator Foraker introduced to-day a joint resolution to suspend the commodity clause of the rate law and leave the railroads free to transport coal and other commodities and manufactured articles in the mining or production of which they were interested or engaged prior to June 29, 1906.

$20,000,000 for New Federal Buildings.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Senator Scott to-day denounced unbusinesslike the policy of spending $416,000 for rent of buildings and advocated that $20,000,000 be made available at once for the erection of suitable structures in the District of Columbia for the working forces of the Government.

Knox Liquor Bill In Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The bill, drafted by Senator Knox, providing that shipments of intoxicating liquors from one State or Territory or from a foreign country to another State or country must be delivered to the person to whom they were consigned or upon the written order of the bona-fide consignee, was reported to the Senate to-day. Penalty for violation is a fine of not more than $5,000.

CITY BREVITIES.

The orchestra in the Hotel Knickerbocker of Times Square has been augmented both for the tea hour and in the evening. Fifteen musicians now play nightly on the ground floor restaurants and ten men provide the music for tea.

THE BARRIER

"Better than The Spoilers"

Those who first read this big new novel discovered that it was even better than "The Spoilers." Now the newspapers are spreading the fact. The first critical reviews of THE BARRIER praise this triumphant love story of Alaska in glowing terms. This corroborates the statements already made—and it will be your

PRICE $1.50

By REX BEACH

verdict too. Yes, it's bigger and better than "The Spoilers," but you will find the same clash of elemental passions, the same struggle between the forces of law and lawlessness—and the same dashing romance. THE BARRIER is the one novel that everybody will read and talk about from this time on.

HARPER & BROTHERS

THE BARRIER

Stern Brothers

Dressmaking and Ladies' Tailoring Dep'ts

(Third Floor)

Attention is directed to an assortment of the LATEST IMPORTED MODELS which are being offered At Less Than Cost of Importation.

Riding Habits Made to Order At Reasonable Prices.

Cold Storage of

FURS AND FUR-LINED GARMENTS, ORIENTAL RUGS, DRAPERIES & HANGINGS

IN THE MOST MODERN AND APPROVED METHODS, WITH INSURANCE AGAINST DAMAGE BY MOTHS AND FIRE.

FURS ALTERED AND REPAIRED

DURING THE SUMMER MONTHS AT SPECIAL CONCESSIONS FROM REGULAR RATES. ESTIMATES SUBMITTED AND ARTICLES CALLED FOR ON REQUEST.

Lace Curtains Cleaned and Stored.

West Twenty-third Street

Ready-for-Service

Spring Apparel for Men

Diversity of personal taste is as the sands of the sea. Yet with all that one may admire, another reject, there is always a tacit regard for the conventions of good form.

Having at our command a highly trained and thoroughly organized corps of designers and tailormen, we are enabled to create with each new season a series of models that exemplify the last word of Fashion in apparel for men.

With the ready resources of our own organization we are further enabled to produce these models in so many variations that it is a matter of no difficulty whatever to satisfy exactly the personal ideas and preferences of all our trade.

Suits and Overcoats $15 to $43

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

COLLAR PINS

We direct attention to our remarkably large stock of low-priced Collar Pins. These pins are solid 14-karat gold, set with genuine stones and sold at prices not equalled in America.

A Few Special Values.

Safety Pins,	$1.20 pair	Amethyst Pins,	$3.00 pair
Etruscan Pins,	$1.40 pair	Pearl Pins,	$5.00 pair
Engraved Pins,	$2.20 pair	Sapphire Pins,	$14.00 pair
Floral Pins,	$2.20 pair	Enamelled Pins,	$6.00 pair

Diamond Collar Pins, $75.00 Pair.

Theodore A. Kohn & Son Jewellers

321 FIFTH AVENUE at Thirty-Second St.

B. Altman & Co.

WOMEN'S NECKWEAR. FEATHER BOAS IN A VARIETY OF THE LATEST COLORINGS TO CORRESPOND WITH SPRING COSTUMES. HAND-EMBROIDERED AND REAL LACE COAT SETS; LINEN COLLARS AND JABOTS.

THIS DAY (TUESDAY), APRIL 14th:

AN UNUSUAL OFFERING OF MARABOU BOAS, 85 INCHES LONG, BLACK AND NATURAL SHADES, AT $7.00 EACH

ALSO BATISTE AND LACE NECKWEAR, AS FOLLOWS:

STOCKS . . . . . EACH, 50c. & 70c.
JABOTS . . . . . " 50c. & 90c.

34th Street, 35th Street and 5th Avenue.

B. Altman & Co.

ARE SHOWING THE LATEST DESIGNS IN TRIMMED MILLINERY FOR THE SPRING SEASON, INCLUDING PARIS STYLES AND MODELS FROM THEIR OWN WORKROOMS.

(TRIMMED MILLINERY DEPARTMENT, THIRD FLOOR.)

34th Street, 35th Street and 5th Avenue, New York.

THE BUBONIC PLAGUE

ROUGH ON RATS

TRADE MARK

DON'T DIE IN THE HOUSE

Unbeatable Exterminator

EXTERMINATOR OF THE

BUBONIC PLAGUE

The Plague is a disease of the rat, and fleas living on the infected rat become themselves infected and carry the disease to other rats, and to the people.

ROUGH ON RATS, THE OLD RELIABLE THAT NEVER FAILS

Rats are too cunning to be caught by stereotype, ready-prepared-for-use doses. *Rats are smart,* but ROUGH ON RATS beats them.

REASONS WHY

☞ Because of the fact that ROUGH ON RATS is ALL (95%) poison and *has to be mixed* is the reason why it is the most effective, and so reliable, as an exterminator of Roaches, Ants and Bed Bugs as well as Rats and Mice.

☞ There is enough poison in one 15c. box of ROUGH ON RATS to kill 500 to 1,000 Rats and Mice.

☞ Fools the Rats, Mice and Bugs, but never fools the buyer.

☞ WHY? Because Rats instinctively avoid the familiar forms of ready-prepared-for-use doses. ROUGH ON RATS, being unmixed and all poison, can be disguised in many ways, thus completely outwitting them; and you are not paying 15c. for flour, paste and grease (that can be had for 6 cents a pound), that must necessarily form the bulk of ready-prepared-for-use catch-penny devices.

☞ Being all poison, one 15c. box of ROUGH ON RATS, when mixed with something they will eat, will spread 50 to 100 little breads or cakes, that will kill five hundred or more Rats and Mice, and thousands of Roaches, Ants and Bed Bugs.

15c., 25c. and 75c. boxes at Druggists

E. S. WELLS, Chemist, JERSEY CITY, N. J., U. S. A.

Labor-Saving DESKS & Business Furniture at Dropped Prices!

DESKS that save time, detail, and worry, 'cause they're planned and *built* right, are on sale at "No. 354" at *peculiarly* large reductions. We're compelled to force them out to make room for the complete Derby line, for which we're sole agents. If you're a believer in and a user of "quality" business furniture, this event should *instantly* appeal!

HOSKINS

At 354 BROADWAY Near Leonard, 2 blocks from Worth St. Sub.

At 145 Fulton Street we're Closing out all "Derby" Stock—Store to close May 1st.

At $35 Full Quartered Oak Table—72x40—4-piece leg showing quartered oak on each side [was $45.]

At $101 Quartered Oak Sanitary Roll Top Desk—66x36. Card Index Drawer, Private Locker, Vertical File, etc. Reg. $135. Same pattern in mahogany — 60x30 — $118. (was $158.)

CABINET WORK.

CLOCK CASES, SILVER CHESTS, MAGNETO CASES,

Telephone, Talking Machine, and Filing Cabinets.

Prices quoted from Blue Prints or Samples.

Established 1858. Incorporated 1872.

Write us

The Sewing Machine Cabinet Co.

BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

"Most haste, worst speed." No hurry, rush or botch about

Atterbury System

Suits and Overcoats at $20 to $45

Each garment is made as if it were a special, individual order. The best tailor could not give more style or better finish. They are, by long odds, the best of all ready-to-wear clothes.

"Ask the Man Who Wears Them."

Special

Suits and Overcoats at $15 and $18

Which are exceptional values.

183 BROADWAY
39-41 CORTLANDT ST.

LAMBERT

Also at New Haven, Conn.

Furniture

Individual—not obtrusive; rich or simple—never loud; artistic yet built for long service; — that's the kind of furniture Little's is selling direct from Grand Rapids at factory prices.

The Buffets	$26.50
The China Cabinets	19.75
The Round Tables	14.50
The Spanish Chairs to match	3.25
The Colonial Bedsteads	12.50
The Bachelors' Wardrobes	15.00

15th St. and 6th Av.

Littles

Repetti's

Special for EASTER

Handsome hand painted round boxes, any design, filled with Repetti's dainty Candies.

2 lb. - $2.00 3 lb. - $3.00
5 lb. - $5.00

packed and shipped to any address.

Order early, as these boxes are so attractive they go very fast.

At All Our Stores.

The Best Bitter Liqueur

Underberg

The World's Best Bitters

Oldest and best Tonic Cordial. It stimulates, invigorates and aids digestion as nothing else will.

Sold Everywhere.

LUYTIES BROTHERS, U. S. Agents, New York.

We Sell GLOVE BONDS

$1.50 Upwards

To send as a gift—entitles bearer to select and draw on our gloves to the amount purchased.

CROSS LONDON

89 Regent St.

MARK CROSS

210 Fifth Avenue 253 Broadway
Boston—20 Summer Street

To-night (Tuesday) at 8:30 o'Clock,
Paintings by Modern Artists
will be sold by
THE ANDERSON AUCTION COMPANY
In the Howard Building
264 Fifth Ave., (cor. 29th St.)

CALIFORNIA—COLORADO
Portland and the Northwest
Two Through Trains Daily Over the
UNION PACIFIC R. R.

After Pneumonia
Scott's Emulsion

Uneeda Biscuit

SUBSTITUTE PUT IN FOR ALDRICH BILL

House Revolters Hope to Make It a Republican Caucus Measure.

DROPS LA FOLLETTE PLAN

Would Not Prohibit Loans to Bank Officers on Collateral of Institutions They Are Interested In.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Organized revolt in the House against the Aldrich Currency bill was formally inaugurated to-day when Representative Vreeland of New York introduced a substitute measure that has the indorsement of the leaders. It makes some radical changes in the Senate bill. The question of its adoption by the House will come up Thursday at a caucus of Republican members.

It is also learned to-night that unless Senator Aldrich's committee makes good by Thursday its promise to provide legislation for the appointment of a financial commission an amendment will be added to the Vreeland bill creating such a body.

Mr. Vreeland's bill makes no changes in the bond feature of the Aldrich measure. It leaves out, however, two features that were the objects of bitter fights, the amendment for which Senator Johnston was responsible, providing that banks outside the reserve cities shall keep two-thirds of their reserves in their own possession, one-half of which may be invested in securities fixed by the bill, and the La Follette amendment prohibiting loans to bank officers on the collateral of corporations in which they are officers or interested.

The principal change, and one that has been severely criticised in the Senate, deals with the securities for emergency currency. Under the Vreeland bill National banks may organize, with the approval of the Treasury Department, National banking associations, the aggregate capital and surplus of the banks in the association being not less than $10,000,000.

These banks when they need additional circulation notes may deposit commercial paper and securities with the association, which in turn guarantees the stability of such collateral to the Government. Each bank in such association becomes personally responsible for the issue and jointly responsible with the association.

Another new provision in the Vreeland bill gives the Secretary of the Treasury the right to issue notes up to 75 per cent. of the cash value of securities deposited whenever he deems the conditions warrant it. He can do this without a demand from the banks so depositing.

Alexander Gilbert, President of the New York Clearing House, and Joseph Moore, representing the Philadelphia Clearing House Association, were among the number of bankers and business men who appeared to-day before the House Committee on Banking and Currency to oppose the Aldrich bill. Out of nearly a dozen speakers only Charles O. C. Grover, President of the Riggs National Bank of this city, favored the measure.

Both Mr. Gilbert and Mr. Moore expressed themselves as fundamentally opposed to the Aldrich bill, even as a makeshift arrangement. Mr. Moore read resolutions adopted last Friday by the Philadelphia Clearing House condemning the Senate bill as a restriction upon the natural functions of banking institutions, and as imposing an unreasonable hardship upon bank Directors by preventing other concerns in which they are interested from borrowing money from their banks.

In response to questions from the committee, Mr. Gilbert said that he believed that all banks, except perhaps the very largest, were opposed to the Aldrich bill. In general he agreed with Mr. Moore in thinking that further legislation is not needed now, though he believed it might be well to appoint a commission to investigate the whole subject of currency and report to the next Congress.

President Glover said the bill ought to be passed to ward off the panic which he foresaw for the coming Fall. He thought that the passage of the bill would tend to increase public confidence.

BIG JUNKET TO ARMY POSTS.

Senate Committee May Make Philippine Tour If It Chooses.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Senator Scott introduced to-day a resolution directing the Committee on Military Affairs, of which he is a member, to visit the military posts of the country. The resolution is so phrased that the committee can map out its trip to suit itself.

Tours to Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii, and the Philippines are included. From a junketing standpoint it is a model.

Girls Chase a Suspect.

William Stearn, a clerk, was held in Jefferson Market Court yesterday on a charge of picking a pocket. Miss Julia Delahanty and a Miss MacDonough accused him of stealing a purse. Stearn was arrested after a chase by the girls.

RUSSIA SAVES PICTURES.

472 Paintings Exhibited at St. Louis Were to be Sold for Duty.

Rather than have the collection of paintings sent here by Russian artists for exhibition at the St. Louis Exposition sold at public auction, the Russian Government has arranged to have the paintings returned to Russia. This is the reason why the collection was suddenly withdrawn from the sale at the Public Stores yesterday.

There are 472 paintings in the lot and they include some by the best artists of Russia. After the St. Louis Exposition several of the original collection were sold, and the appraised duty paid. Those not disposed of were placed in bond and there they remained. When the time came for their removal or the payment of the duty the Government could not find an owner for them, so they were advertised to be sold. Everything was ready for their sale when suddenly an order was received from Washington ordering their removal from the sale list and their immediate exportation. This process does not require the payment of duty, as they are to leave the country.

The treatment accorded these paintings and the shutting out of the country of this magnificent collection are expected to form another argument for those who are fighting to have the duty taken off works of art.

The paintings are estimated by the customs officials to be worth at least $250,000.

Complains That Greece Held Up Mail.

The Rev. A. D. Zaraphonites of 164 Second Avenue, who is connected with the Greek Church, has been assured that the United States Government will inquire into his complaint against the Greek Government that an important business letter was intercepted and held up for two years by that Government.

Keleher Gives Himself Up.

George Kelleher, the chauffeur who guided an automobile into a Warburton Avenue trolley car at the Arthur Street switch in Yonkers last Wednesday night, killing Edward J. Downing, the Irvington hotel man, who was riding with him, walked into the Yonkers Police Headquarters yesterday morning, and gave himself up.

Sunday Sports Legal.

MOBILE, Ala., April 13.—Judge Jules E. Alford, in the Inferior Criminal Court, to-day, declared the Alabama law against the playing of baseball, lawn tennis, golf, and other games on Sunday to be unconstitution.

ROOT AND ROSEN CONFER.

Talk Over Harbin Incident and Come to Fair Understanding.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Secretary Root had a long conference at the State Department to-day with the Russian Ambassador, Baron Rosen. The conferrees dwelt chiefly on the Manchurian situation, and when the Ambassador left Washington this afternoon for New York on his way to Russia, he bore with him the last words of the American State Department on that important subject. It is said the interview was entirely satisfactory on both sides.

The Russian Ambassador insisted that the local Russian officials in Harbin were deserving of support in their efforts to rehabilitate that important trade centre and resume the execution of the ambitious plans formed by the Russian Government for the development of the city before the war with Japan.

It is stated there will be no further friction between the American Consul at Harbin and the Russian authorities there.

WE COMPLAIN TO BRITAIN.

Protest Against Seizure of Fishing Schooners Off Newfoundland.

LONDON, April 13.—The American State Department has made representations to Great Britain through Ambassador Reid with regard to the seizure of two American fishing schooners off Newfoundland. The complaint has been forwarded to Sir Robert Bond Premier of Newfoundland, but he has not yet replied to it.

A dispatch from St. John's, dated April 7, said that Newfoundland officials had apprehended two Gloucester fishing schooners and fined the Captains $100 each, on the charge of violating the Newfoundland laws which prohibit the use of trawls within three miles of the shore. The Americans claim the right to fish with trawls on the southwestern coast under the treaty of 1818.

HOPEFUL VIEW OF AMERICA.

British Commercial Agent Says Industrial Dullness Won't Last Long.

LONDON, April 13.—Seymour Bell, British commercial agent in the United States, in a report on American trade for 1907 which has just been issued by the Board of Trade, takes a hopeful view of the future.

He says the farmers, who form the backbone of American prosperity, have not been affected by the financial crisis, and that the country is producing crops valued at nearly $7,500,000,000.

The country, Mr. Bell thinks, is not likely long to suffer from industrial stagnation.

He predicts a quiet business in 1908, and thinks the return to the normal condition of affairs will depend largely on the crops.

ASQUITH MINISTRY COMPLETE

Earl of Crewe to be Party Leader in the Lords in Place of Ripon.

LONDON, April 13.—Premier Asquith today completed the reorganization of the Ministry, as follows:

C. F. H. Hobhouse, at present Parliamentary Secretary of the Indian Office, becomes Financial Secretary of the Treasury.

T. J. McNamara, now Parliamentary Secretary of the Local Government Board, becomes Parliamentary Secretary of the Admiralty.

C. F. G. Masterman, Liberal Member of Parliament for West Ham, becomes Parliamentary Secretary of the Local Government Board.

Thomas McKinnon Wood, Liberal Member of Parliament for Glasgow, becomes Parliamentary Secretary of the Board of Trade.

The Marquis of Ripon remains Lord Privy Seal, but at his resquest the Earl of Crewe will be the leader in the House of Lords.

2,000 CHINESE DROWNED.

Perish in Disastrous Flood at Hankow That Was Caused by Freshet.

SHANGHAI, April 13.—Disastrous floods are reported to have occurred at Hankow, in the province of Hu-peh.

It is stated that 2,000 persons have been drowned. Seven hundred junks were sunk and wrecked.

The floods, it is said, were caused by an unexpected freshet. The waters caught the people in the middle of the night.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

LENKORAN, Russia, April 13.—There was a conflict yesterday between Russian troops and a band of Persian brigands near the frontier coast of Belesuvar, in which the Captain and three of the Russian soldiers were killed and five others were wounded.

MOSCOW, April 13.—The Prefect of Moscow is about to begin prosecutions against five of his sub-Prefects, the Chief of the Fire Department, and several of the higher police officials, alleging that their departments are honeycombed with corruption, extortion, and collusion with criminals.

GOVERNMENT AFTER THE PAPER TRUST

Attorney General Is Conducting an Investigation in "the Appropriate District."

CAN'T BRING SUIT JUST NOW

Only Hearsay Evidence So Far of Violation of Law—Tariff Won't Be Touched While Inquiry Is On.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Attorney General Bonaparte informed Speaker Cannon this afternoon that he had been after the Paper Trust for some time but had not yet succeeded in obtaining sufficient evidence on which to base a prosecution. The information was contained in a letter sent to the Speaker in response to the resolution of inquiry introduced by Mr. Cannon and passed by the House last Wednesday.

Mr. Bonaparte in his letter says that several weeks ago he referred all evidence and information in possession of his department to "the United States Attorney of the appropriate district," with orders for a Grand Jury investigation. The department's material indicated serious and readily provable offenses against the Sherman law, but the investigation so far has simply developed that much of the evidence is hearsay. The investigation is, however, still proceeding, and the Attorney General thinks it possible it eventually may result in procuring evidence that would warrant proceedings against the trust.

In the course of his letter to Mr. Cannon the Attorney General says:

"Up to the present time no evidence has been obtained by the officers of this department sufficient to justify the institution of legal proceedings, either civil or criminal, against any alleged combination of wood pulp or print paper manufacturers; the information obtained, however, justifies further investigation of the facts, and such investigation is in progress.

"It would be inexpedient at the present stage to disclose to the public specifically what steps have been taken, or what action is contemplated by this department with respect to matters mentioned in the said resolution. These matters have been referred to a United States Attorney for further inquiry and possible action in his judicial district, and it would be, in my opinion, incompatible with the public service to require him to suspend this inquiry so that the papers in his possession might be transmitted to the House of Representatives.

"It is proper for me to say in this connection that certain alleged facts were submitted to this department which apparently authorized the belief that serious and readily proven offenses against the laws of the United States had been committed in the premises and immediate action by the appropriate officer was thereupon promptly ordered; but these orders disclosed that no legal proof could be secured of the alleged offenses, the evidence relied upon to establish them turning out to be merely hearsay, and the complainant himself, who had furnished this information, refusing to give the name of a witness supposed to have personal knowledge of the said facts.

"Before taking action under the so-called anti-trust law it has been the unvarying practice of this department to very thoroughly sift the allegations of such complaints, and the considerable proportion of successful prosecutions under the said statute seems to justify this practice. In this instance information as aforesaid furnished, when so sifted, showed an undoubted, general, and considerable increase in the prices of certain kinds of paper, but that such increase was due to any contract, combination, or conspiracy in restraint of trade was a matter of conjecture and suspicion only, although it seemed probable that proof to establish this might be found through a searching and judicious inquiry."

In view of the fact thus disclosed it will, of course, not be necessary for the stand-patters in the House to do anything about taking the tariff off wood pulp until the investigation, and possibly prosecution, have been settled. That will tide them over at least until next Winter, when it will be impossible, in the short session, to do anything with the wood-pulp question.

Get Out of the Clothes Rut

As a progressive man are you satisfied to wear clothes tailored in an old-fashioned way — tailored under the contracting system—instead of those modernly tailored in the most modern tailoring plants in America?

Or are you satisfied to pay extra for certain fabrics that measure up to an out-of-date standard but that do not wear as well and that do not "tailor up" as well as more modern fabrics?

Or are you satisfied to wear clothes of a cut so conservative that the models presented as "new" by some concerns have really been discarded six months ago by men who know how to dress correctly?

Get out of the clothes rut by trying Brill clothes—garments that in tailoring, fabric and style are the most modern clothes in New York!

Prices $15 to $45.

Brill Frock Coats

The several tailoring organizations who make Brill "Formal" Clothes have specialized in these garments. In their plants there are entire shops and hundreds of expert tailormen devoted to the production of "Formal" Clothes only. The degree of perfection attained by Brill "Formal" Clothes is shown by the fact that these clothes equal in details of construction, fit and style, garments produced through other sources at double and treble the cost.

New soft roll lapel 2 and 3 button cutaway coats. Bluffed edge finish and edges flat bound with ⅝-inch silk braid. Coat and vest,

$20 and $25

Double breasted Frock or "Prince Albert" coats of thibet, unfinished worsted and vicuna in black and Oxford. Silk faced and serge lined. Coat and vest..... $20

All silk lined Coat and Vest..... $25

English vicuna garments, with turned edges—full silk lined. Coat and vest..... $35

Silk-Lined Black Suits

Sack Suits of pure unfinished worsted, journeyman tailored. Fabric, finish and style of highest $22.50 and $25 standard. Easter sale, special..... $15

Brill Brothers

UNION SQUARE, 14th, n. B'way.
279 BROADWAY, n. Chambers.
47 CORTLANDT, n. Greenwich.
125TH STREET, cor. 3d Ave.
HARLEM STORE OPEN EVENINGS.

BEST & CO

LILIPUTIAN BAZAAR

No branch stores—no agents

Easter Wear for Children

This is the only organization that specializes—concentrates—directs its *entire* energies to the appareling of boys and girls—the *one* store where *any* and *all* requisites for children may be selected under the same roof.

The conveniences, advantages and economies presented by this establishment alone, for completely clothing the young, make it pre-eminently *the* Children's Outfitting Store.

The wonderful array of Easter stocks exhibits

Every Article of Attire

in Widest Assortments	Finest Qualities
Exclusive Styles	Appropriate Materials
Newest Colorings	Individual Designs
Distinctive Patterns	Foreign Novelties

Imported, Originated, Designed and Manufactured Exclusively for the Young

60-62 West 23d Street

WARNING TO BELGIUM.

Mr. Morel Talks of Anglo-American Intervention in Congo.

LIVERPOOL, April 13.—"If by June next Belgium has not annexed the Congo Independent State on acceptable terms, the British Government is determined, with the co-operation of the American Government, to take measures which will compel the Congo Government to observe its treaty rights, which have been openly and persistently violated," was the announcement made this afternoon by E. D. Morel, Secretary of the Congo Reform Association, at a meeting of that body.

Mr. Morel has been in close touch with the British Government, and has had recent official conferences on this subject.

PASSOVER ON ELLIS ISLAND.

Jewish Immigrants to Hold a Sedar Ceremony There To-morrow Night.

Arrangements have been made for holding a Cedar ceremony on Ellis Island tomorrow evening for the benefit of the Jews who are unable to get into the country in time to celebrate the festival, which means the beginning of the Passover.

Acting Commissioner of Immigration Murray has given permission for the celebration, which is considered one of the most important in the year. The Orthodox Jews on Ellis Island will be able to repeat the ancient form of prayers, and return thanks for their deliverance from bondage in Egypt. Then for seven days they will be able to eat only unleavened bread.

The special service will be held in the dining room of the main building. For the benefit of those Hebrews who desire to go over to celebrate the Sedar with their foreign brothers and sisters, the Ellis Island ferryboat will leave the Barge Office on a special trip at 6 o'clock, and returning will leave the island at 9 o'clock.

SUES COLORADO FUEL & IRON.

Woman Wants $2,200,000 for Unpaid Profits of Ore Lands.

A legal fight for the possession of $2,200,000 has begun between the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, a corporation controlled by John W. Gates and George Gould on one side and Mrs. Flora M. Cassiday of Denver on the other. Mrs. Cassiday, who claims a one-twelfth interest in certain of the company's coal and iron lands in Colorado, is suing for an accounting, and alleges that while the company has made average net earnings of $1,000,000 a year from the property in question she has received nothing for her holdings since 1885.

Belle Terre

Like a great English Baronial estate subdivided into smaller individual holdings. A superb place of residence for six months of the year; near New York, but absolutely safe from all intrusion.

DEAN ALVORD CO.,
277 BROADWAY. NEW YORK.

Upholstery Department

Summer Furnishings

In this department we are now showing many exclusive novelties and will offer this week some exceptional values:—

Summer Curtains

Ruffled Curtains..... 75c. to $2.50 pair
value $1.00 " $3.50

Novelty Curtains..... $1.35 to $4.50 pair
value $1.75 " $6.00 "

Renaissance Curtains..... $2.50 to $4.50 pair
value $3.50 " $6.50 "

Window Muslins and Fancy Nets

From 12½c. to 50c. per yard
value 15c. " 70c. " "

Cretonnes and Taffetas

In this section we are showing many reserved designs, the prices range from

20c. to 50c. to $2.50 per yard

Slip Coverings
Awnings and Shades
made to order in the best possible manner.
Estimates submitted.

Furniture Department

We direct attention to this department where we have now on sale an extensive assortment of

Brass and Enamel Bedsteads
at exceptionally attractive prices.

Mattresses

We will, during this week, make the following Special offer
Our No. 4 Mattresses for $9.00 single size; $14.75 full size
instead of $12.25 " " $20.00 " "
Our No. 8 Mattresses for $13.75 single size; $22.00 full size
instead of $19.25 " " $31.00 " "

Summer Furniture

We are now showing our Summer Furniture for Porches and Verandas.

Chairs..... from $1.00 to $3.00 each
Arm Chairs and Rockers " 2.00 " 7.50 "
together with
Reed and Willow, Rush and Hickory Furniture.

Mission Furniture

In this truly serviceable furniture for cottages, etc., we have greatly reduced a number of prices; some discontinued and some new patterns.

Lord & Taylor

Broadway & 20th St.; 5th Ave.; 19th St.

Reg. Trade Mark.

McCutcheon's

"The Linen Store"

Specials for Easter

Handkerchiefs A collection of manufacturers' samples at about Half Price, including about 500 Embroidered Handkerchiefs. Only one of a kind. Perfect in every respect. PRICE 33C. and 50C. EACH.

We also show some fine sheer Hand-Embroidered Ladies' Handkerchiefs in a variety of patterns at 35C. EACH, OR 3 FOR $1.00. Regular value 50c. each.

In addition to the above we offer a very beautiful collection of Colored Printed and Embroidered Handkerchiefs AT 25C. EACH.

Neckwear For Easter Wear we display a very choice collection of Jabots, Bows, Ruffs, and Collars of all kinds, as well as a very choice collection of Coat Sets.

Veilings The very newest models in Automobile Veils, also Veilings by the yard for all purposes are included in this assortment.

Ladies' Hosiery Tan Gauze Lisle, with garter tops, boucle sole, heel and toe; also fine Tan Cottons with spliced seam, heel, and toe. Regularly priced 50c. SPECIAL, 3 PAIRS FOR $1.00.

A Pure Thread Ingrain Silk, double soles, heels, and toes, in Black, Tan, Champagne, Yale, Navy, Gray, Lavender, Pink, and Sky. $1.00 PER PAIR.

Spring Models in Corsets

Particular attention is directed to the new importations in the Pansy Corset, as well as a number of new models in the Gossard and L'Irresistible. These display the long lines and accentuate the flat hips in accordance with the present mode.

Pansy (French) $7.50 to $27.00.
Gossard (laced front) $5.00 to $18.50.
L'Irresistible (laced front) $16.50 to $40.00.

5th Ave. & 34th St., Opposite Waldorf-Astoria

STEWARDS REVIEW RACE TRACK PLANS

Turf Managers Consider New Methods Proposed to Restrict Betting.

BOOKMAKERS IN DOUBT

Adjourned Meeting To-day Will Decide Questions for Aqueduct Opening To-morrow.

The Stewards of The Jockey Club and the managers of the race tracks considered plans for the management of the tracks through the coming season at a special meeting held yesterday afternoon in the Windsor Arcade, but had failed to reach a final agreement when the meeting was adjourned until this afternoon. No announcement of the matters under consideration was made, but it was said unofficially that the chief topic under discussion related to restrictions which have been proposed concerning betting.

Even the outlines of the recommendations which were said to have been made by the Stewards of The Jockey Club were withheld from interested betting men, however, and members of the Metropolitan Turf Association, the bookmakers' organization, said last night that they had no knowledge of what the managers of racing will order in the way of regulation or restriction of betting, and would not know what to expect until after the adjourned meeting to-day. It was taken as an understood thing, however, that The Jockey Club will no longer countenance the organization of the betting men which was in force last season, and it was asserted as already settled that there would be a general change in the methods of the bookmakers from those of last season.

The greatest change mentioned in the modification of race track methods concerned the elimination of the stools which the bookmakers and their clerks occupied last season, in designated portions of the betting ring inclosure.

Concerning the field stand, there was only rumor, and that made no specifications beyond the general report that it was likely that the field stand would have to do the best it could without betting of any kind.

The strongest argument for the continuance of the field stands, which was that the stands be kept open, but be made free of charge for admission, was met by the argument that free admissions would only multiply the evils which have been complained of, in cheap gambling. The adjourned meeting to be held this afternoon is expected to decide finally the questions concerning public betting for the opening of The Queens County Jockey Club meeting at the Aqueduct track to-morrow, when the most important experiment of the racing year will be tried. The results at Aqueduct in all probability will govern racing for the year.

HUGHES SILENT ON BETTING.

Interference with the Aqueduct Meeting Is Unlikely.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 13.—Gov. Hughes refuses to say what action he will take to prevent betting at the Aqueduct meeting, which opens this week. Reports that the militia would be called out do not come from official sources, nor have they the support of any one in authority here.

It is probable that a mass meeting to discuss the racing reform will be held in a few days in this city. It is also believed that Gov. Hughes will address it.

William Barnes, Jr., the Republican leader of Albany County, has openly fought the Governor's policy of reform. His action in contributing to the defeat of the Agnew-Hart bills was such as to lead Gov. Hughes to refer to the "petty satraps" who bully members of the Senate into voting against their convictions.

BAPTISTS RALLY FOR HUGHES.

Governor's Father Hears Him Praised for Stand on Gambling.

Gov. Hughes's father, the Rev. D. C. Hughes, who is a Baptist clergyman, attended yesterday the Baptist ministers' meeting at Madison Avenue and Thirty-first Street and heard his son praised and officially indorsed for the stand he had taken to suppress betting at race tracks. Mr. Hughes took no part in the discussion. The Rev. Mr. Schott, Secretary of the association, was appointed to confer with similar bodies in the city and the Church Federation and Citizens' Union, and invite all to join in a mass meeting to be held in Carnegie Hall next week.

WON'T STOP TRACK BETTING.

Sheriff Says He Cannot Disturb Bookmakers at Aqueduct.

There will be no change of attitude upon the part of the officials of Queens Borough to-morrow when racing opens at the Aqueduct track.

Sheriff Herbert A. Harvey was asked if he would make any attempt either to stop betting at Aqueduct or to arrest those who made books there.

"Not if the betting is conducted in the new fashion," he replied, "for I am informed by the District Attorney that the present method is within the law. Personally I am in favor of stopping the whole business. If, as was suggested, the Governor sends militia to stop it, I will still be powereless, for the militia would in that event supersede me."

District Attorney Ira G. Darrin says he has a package of Aqueduct passes in his safe.

PRESBYTERY WHACKS SENATE.

Indorses Governor and Calls Upon Legislators to Support Him.

Resolutions indorsing Gov. Hughes's action in trying to suppress race-track gambling, promising him the aid of the association, and calling upon the legislators to support the Governor in upholding "the plain provisions of our Constitution," were adopted yesterday at the annual meeting of the Presbytery of New York.

Ministers Censure Cassidy.

Special to The New York Times.

OWEGO, N. Y., April 13.—The Tioga County Ministerial Association in monthly meeting to-day censured Senator Cassidy for his vote on the anti-race-track gambling bills and indorsed Senator Hinman for his vote.

Negroes Condemn Racing Senators.

Negro Baptist ministers of Greater New York, representing 25,000 negroes, met in Mount Olivet Baptist Church, at 161 West Fifty-third Street, yesterday afternoon and passed resolutions condemning Senators who encompassed the defeat of the anti-race-track gambling bills. They commended the course of Gov. Hughes.

8 BANKING BILLS ARE SIGNED.

A New Law Provides for Valuation of Securities by Amortization.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 13.—Gov. Hughes to-night signed eight bills amending the banking laws, being a part of the legislation recommended by Clark Williams, Superintendent of Banks, and the Special Banking Committee, appointed by Gov. Hughes to investigate the financial disturbance in New York last Fall.

One of the measures which became a law to-day provides for the valuation of savings bank securities by amortization, so as to bring them at par at maturity. Another new law provides a form of report to correspond to the amortization principle. It is provided in another bill which the Governor signed that when a Director of a bank is re-elected he shall take an oath that he had the necessary number of shares of stock to qualify him as a Director during the last year, and that he did not hypothecate his stock. Another bill makes a similar provision with reference to Directors of trust companies.

The amortization principle is applied to the capital of a trust company in another bill signed to-day.

The Governor also signed the bill which requires a publication of a notice of intention to incorporate a bank and requires the Superintendent of Banks to determine the character and fitness of the proposed incorporators, and whether or not public convenience and advantage shall be promoted by the establishment of such a bank.

The Superintendent may give or withhold his consent. The same conditions prevail now in relation to new trust companies.

Another new law gives legal authorization for branch safe deposit institutions with the approval of the Superintendent.

WILL INVESTIGATE NEW YORK.

Gov. Hughes Signs Page's Bill Authorizing a Commission of Fifteen.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 13.—Gov. Hughes to-day signed the bill of Senator Page providing for an investigation into the Government of New York City. The law authorizes the Governor to appoint within thirty days a commission of fifteen persons to inquire into the City Government in New York, suggest legislation, and in its discretion draft a new charter and an administrative code for the city.

Collins Again Prison Superintendent.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 13.—Gov. Hughes to-night sent to the Senate the nomination of Cornelis V. Collins of Troy, to be State Superintendent of Prisons. Mr. Collins has held that office since the administration of Gov. Black. Mr. Collins is one of the former Governor's political lieutenants, and is a member of the Republican State Committee. The nomination was confirmed.

Fifty Years in Park Service.

James Conway, the shepherd of Central Park, celebrated yesterday the fiftieth anniversary of his service there. He received a leather collar with gold locket from a little girl who sent it for "Beauty," one of the lambs of the flock. Conway's dog "Jack" was given to him many years ago by J. P. Morgan.

CHARITY WORKERS ANSWER PRIEST

East Side Settlements Stirred Up by the Attack Made by Father Curry.

A SLANDER, SAYS MR. RIIS

Second Attack by the Priest, Whose Charge of Proselytizing Is Supported by Jewish Charity Worker.

Unofficially there was wrath among the settlement workers in the lower east side, when they read in the morning papers yesterday the remarks of the Rev. James B. Curry, pastor of the Church of St. James, attacking the east side charity workers and the Jacob A. Riis Neighborhood House. The only statement given out, however, was that of Mr. Riis himself, who said that among the "many hardships which the poor of the tenements have to endure, the greatest was to have a man like Father Curry as a pastor."

Officially the head workers in the various houses maintained a dignified silence, but the younger helpers were bubbling with wrath, and willing to show precisely and in detail how unwarranted they considered Father Curry's attack. "To begin with," said a woman in a Henry Street Settlement, "he calls the Jacob A. Riis House a settlement, and complains of the amount consumed in the salaries of the workers. The Jacob Riis place is not a settlement, and has no resident workers to consume the charity meant for the poor. It is a neighborhood house, with clubs, and classes, and a gymnasium. As for the 'pauperizing' which the article declaims against, that neighborhood house in particular is free from it. All the clubs have certain dues, even the debating clubs, so the boy who belong and goes to that house in the evening has to pay his club dues, and isn't being pauperized."

One settlement worker suggested that the occasion for the priest's sweeping denunciation was the part taken in the recent "Congestion Exhibit," which has had so much publicity lately, and said: "Different settlements joined with other organizations in making that exhibit, which of course labeled the regions concerned as slums. This is contrary to the method of settlement work in general, which aims to create a pride in the neighborhood. Some might consider that the effect of joining with other organizations was to mark the Congestion Exhibit as exploiting the slums, but that is not the attitude of the settlement."

From the College Settlement at 95 Rivington Street came several remarks concerning the "Cherry Hill" district, which is in Father Curry's parish.

The "Lung Block" Cited.

"Of course Father Curry's statements are supposed to apply to the district in which his parish is. Now, any one walking from Rivington Street through Ludlow, and Grand down to Henry, which is where the Jacob Riis house is located, can't help noticing how much more congested it is up here. Cherry Hill has the famous 'lung block' that every one talks about, and it is just because of the publicity and the talk that that district has been cleaned up. If the Henry Street region isn't as bad as it used to be, it is because the settlements have helped it."

In another house a settlement worker went so far as to say: "Father Curry's remarks were those of a person who had never even been inside of a settlement and did not in the least know what settlement work was. If he would only come and stay in a settlement a while, he would see what a wrong impression he has."

In one house at dinnertime, as the various workers came in and picked up the evening papers in which the priest reinforced his previous statement with amplifications, including a special denunciation of the women workers, the feeling became intense. The particularly offending sentences read: "It isn't the clergymen and the men workers we mind so much. They are inoffensive enough. But it's the women, with the idle curiosity of their sex, who have to put their noses into everything. They are the most annoying, impertinent, and persevering—the pious female sex."

On reading that, the assembled eight or ten women workers simply leaned back and gasped, "Isn't it awful!" They hadn't even a word to say in reply.

If there was a stir in all the settlements, it was greatest at the Jacob A. Riis Neighborhood House, at which in particular Father Curry's discourse was aimed. Without, a crowd of several hundred youngsters swarmed, asking if it wasn't yet 7 o'clock, at which hour the house is opened for the evening. Within, a class of Roman Catholic girls with full attendance was having its regular sewing lesson, despite the priest's open displeasure. In fact, all was as usual. Mr. Riis had made no statement save the brief one expressing his sorrow for Father Curry's parishioners. When, however, the evening papers brought the priest's wholesale denunciation of the women workers, Mr. Riis's sense of chivalry rose and he broke his silence. He said he would answer two points only of the "second newspaper attack." For the rest of it Mr. Riis said he considered it beneath controversy, but on those two points he had something definite to give in refutation. This is Mr. Riis's statement:

Reply by Mr. Riis.

"I had intended to make no reply to Father Curry's attack on the Jacob Riis Settlement, because his causeless slander of good women deprives him of that right. Two statements in his second newspaper attack, however, deserve to be met on their own merits. 'If we have rookeries down here,' he says, 'why don't they spend their money knocking them down?'

"There was, and unhappily is, a block in Father Curry's parish known countrywide as the 'Lung Block,' because of the dreadful tuberculosis record in its tenements. Every settlement downtown enlisted in the effort to wipe it out for that cause, and the effort would have succeeded but for the opposition of Father Curry, who appeared at the hearing and vehemently declared that his people did not need parks, and should be left in their homes in the dreaded block. And there it remains to-day, unchanged except for the worse. That is the reason why those rookeries were not knocked down, and the only one.

"In the other statement is the crux of the whole matter, as he sees it: 'Then they try to proselytize among our boys.' Let me in reply relate the simple facts of one of our cases. It is one of the lot as they come and as we deal with them daily. The woman whom it concerns is now a communicant at the Church of Our Lady of Sorrows in Pitt Street, a neighboring parish, and names, addresses, and all, here withheld for obvious reasons, are at the command of Father Curry whenever he chooses.

"I shall call the woman Mallon. She was the wife of a painter living a little further over on the east side when we first made her acquaintance, fifteen years ago. She was sick and needed help, and we gave it to her. Ever since she has been a member of our mothers' club, and our friend. Our visitors, as their intimacy grew through the years, noticed a strain of discord in the family life and learned that, though they were all Roman Catholics, the wife and mother rarely or ever attended church. Three years ago Mrs. Mallon gave to the visitor her entire confidence. She told her that the reason was that she had never made her first communion and dreaded the confession that would bring out the fact. She was constantly unhappy over it, but knew no way out, fearing the judgment of her family and neighbors. So, all these years she had shunned the church.

"Our visitor, herself a Protestant, went to the Rev. Father Kelly of St. Francis Xavier Church and told him the story. She promptly enlisted his sympathy. By his advice Mrs. Mallon went up to Sixteenth Street, where she was not known, and made her confession to Father Kelly. The following day she went to communion. Since then she has attended her own Church.

"The facts speak for themselves. As it happens, we in the Riis House are all Protestants, but 'all God's children' are our concern, and this is the way we deal with them, Christians and Jews alike."

Jews Support Priest's Charge.

Albert Lucas, Secretary of the Union of Orthodox Jewish Congregations and Superintendent of the Jewish Centres Association, said last night:

"On behalf of the Jewish people of New York, I can say that Mr. Riis's Settlement societies are proselyting societies to the fullest extent, and that their endeavor is to attract children from Roman Catholic and Jewish congregations into their societies and induce them to become Protestants.

"As an instance, God's Providence House, in Broome Street, last year took 100 Jewish girls to the country for a vacation. When they got to Milford Haven the girls were taken to a church and made to take part in the services. This is only a concrete example of the disingenuousness of all the statements made by these proselytizing missionaries that their aim is not to wean away Jewish children from the faith of their fathers.

"The Gospel Settlement, in Clinton Street; the University Settlement, in Rivington Street; the Christadora Settlement, at Seventh Street and Second Avenue, and the Summer Bible classes of the Baptist Mission, are all condemned by the Jews for their proselytizing work.

"We feel that we are able to take care of our own, and would suggest that he transfer his activities to Hell's Kitchen and other west side neighborhoods. We know what we are talking about. Mr. Riis makes a misstatement in regard to Cardinal Gibbons. That prelate characterized these Settlements as 'child thieves,' instead of praising their work, as Mr. Riis says.

"I agree with all Father Curry has said, except that I do not know anything about the financial side of the Settlements, and cannot comment on Father Curry's attack on them from that side."

INDICTED ON ARSON CHARGE.

Fruit Dealer Whose Store Burned Once Killed His Brother-in-Law.

Baragio Calandra, who only a year ago on the plea of self-defense was acquitted of the charge of killing his brother-in-law, was indicted for arson in the third degree yesterday. It is alleged that he set fire to his own fruit store at 288 Washington Street, which was insured for $20,000.

VREELAND NOT SURE ABOUT THAT $500,000

As President of the Metropolitan He Says He Doesn't Know Where It Went.

HIS MEMORY IS FAULTY

Even the Interborough-Metropolitan Merger Plan Was Conveyed to Him by Newspapers.

Herbert H. Vreeland, who has been President of the Metropolitan Street Railway from its organization in 1893, and of the New York City Railway from its organization in 1902, yesterday denied that he knew anything about the expenditure of $500,000 of the funds of the Metropolitan Street Railway some time back of 1900, which started the chain of transactions leading up to the final repayent of $111,000 each to Thomas F. Ryan, P. A. B. Widener, William C. Whitney, Thomas Dolan, and William L. Elkins out of the money nominally paid by the Metropolitan Securities Company for the unbuilt Wall and Cortlandt Street Ferries Railroad in 1902.

Mr. Vreeland was called as a witness in the action which Emanuel Weil and Minnie Weiller have brought to recover losses due to the depreciation of Metropolitan Street Railway stock, which is being tried before Justice William H. Young.

The attorney for the plaintiffs came around to the subject of the $500,000 payment by recalling Mr. Ryan's testimony that he knew nothing of the purposes of the transaction.

"Did you authorize the payment of that $500,000 prior to 1900?" asked the lawyer of Mr. Vreeland.

"I don't know anything about the matter," said Mr. Vreeland.

"Wasn't the original $500,000 made payable to Mr. Widener?"

"Not that I know of," said the witness.

"Did you know anything about the original payment?"

"No," said the witness.

"Did you know about the repayment of these gentlemen in 1902?" pressed the attorney.

"No," replied Mr. Vreeland, "not until I read it in the papers after the testimony was given before the Public Service Commission."

"In 1900 you were President of the Metropolitan Street Railway?"

"I was."

Large Payments Made.

"And were payments of that size allowed in the company without your knowledge and without the authority of the Board of Directors?"

Objection was made by John B. Stanchfield, attorney for the defense with Joseph Cotton, Jr., but the question was allowed. Mr. Vreeland said that he often made payments without order of the board on contracts that had been previously passed upon, and the plaintiffs' lawyer took occasion to say that Mr. Ryan's testimony was that the payment was made by direction of some one not a Director, but the "guiding spirit" of the company. He wanted to find out how this could be and asked whether any payments of such a size were made by the company on contracts that had not been approved by the board.

Mr. Vreeland said that he did not know of any such instances.

"So that this $500,000 was an exception?" asked the lawyer for the plaintiffs.

"I don't know what $500,000 you are referring to," objected Mr. Vreeland.

"You heard the testimony of Mr. Ryan the other day," explained the lawyer. "Now I want to know whether the payment of this $500,000 without your knowledge as President and without the authorization of the board, but at the direction of some guiding spirit not a Director, was an exception to the general practice."

Mr. Stanchfield objected again, and the question was pressed, but Mr. Vreeland was asked whether he had made an investigation since the evidence was originally given before the Public Service Commission to ascertain what the facts were. He said he had not.

The rest of Mr. Vreeland's testimony was confined to a statement of what he did not know or did not remember about the company's affairs. His memory was faulty as to the details of the plans made in connection with the lease of the Metropolitan Street Railway to the Interurban Railway in 1902.

He did not know anything about the plans for the Interborough-Metropolitan merger of 1906 until he read them in the newspapers. He could not say how many lines of the Metropolitan were electrified under the arrangements accompanying the lease of 1902, but he knew that the money was spent on the properties in the system.

"It is absurd to ask me the details about those matters," remarked Mr. Vreeland. "The records will show."

"What records?" Mr. Vreeland was asked.

"I don't know," he replied. "Why don't you call the auditor and ask him?"

The attorney for the plaintiffs, referring to several newspaper interviews with Mr. Vreeland printed at the time of the lease of Feb. 14, 1902, in which the President of the Metropolitan was quoted as saying that the stock of the Metropolitan Securities Company would be worth $150 a share, asked his witness if he remembered making statements to that effect.

One of the allegations of the Weil-Weiller complaint is that the plaintiffs were deceived by these statements of Mr. Vreeland among other things. Mr. Stanchfield made vigorous objection to having these questions answered, and in replying the attorney for the plaintiffs declared that after promising to put $53,000,000 of values back of the Metropolitan Street Railway in the formation of the Securities Company, the managers of the traction system actually took out of it $23,000,000 of securities in exchange for the $23,000,000 of cash paid in on the Securities Company stock, and then used the cash for the "purposes of the company," unexplained.

His Memory Not Accurate.

The court finally told Mr. Vreeland to answer the question, and the witness said: "I have no present recollection of the matter."

The attorney for the plaintiffs undertook to examine Mr. Vreeland in regard to the terms of some of the leases, but the witness said that his activities were confined to the operating side of the railroad, and that the financial and legal matters were almost entirely in the hands of Mr. Whitney.

"He was the special adviser of the company in financial as well as legal matters," Mr. Vreeland declared.

"Did he ever receive compensation as the lawyer for the company?" asked the lawyer.

"He did," said Mr. Vreeland.

"Did he in the year 1898?" asked the lawyer, with reference to the particular transaction under consideration, which happened to be the lease of the Second Avenue Road.

"Not to my knowledge," said Mr. Vreeland.

An effort was made on behalf of the plaintiffs subsequently to refer the witness for his information in respect to certain matters about which he had forgotten, to the reports of the Metropolitan Street Railway to the State Railroad Commission, whereupon Mr. Stanchfield propounded the theory that these reports to the State Railroad Commission were "nothing in which the public was interested," and were intended solely for the information of that commission. The court, however, allowed the use of the reports.

The case will go on again Thursday.

THE BEST IS GOOD ENOUGH.
THE NEW YORK TIMES finds situations for the better class of persons seeking employment. Telephone Bryant 1000.—Adv.

"SHERRY VS. SHERRY."

Speculation Aroused Over Filing of Suit So Styled in Supreme Court.

There was much speculation yesterday over the appearance on Supreme Court Justice Dowling's calendar for argument of a motion in a suit styled "Sherry vs. Sherry." The counsel in the case were Jacob Newman, secretary to Judge Foster, of the Court of General Sessions; Franklin Bien, and T. M. Rowlette. Who the persons in the suit are could not be ascertained, but Mr. Rowlette, whose office is at 35 Nassau Street, is counsel for Louis Sherry, the restaurateur.

When asked concerning the motion yesterday Mr. Rowlette said:

"That motion has nothing whatever to do with Mr. Sherry's marital affairs. He and his wife are living together now."

Mr. Rowlette refused to say what the nature of the motion was, but intimated that husband and wife were not the principals in it.

Mr. Bien refused to discuss the matter, but denied it had any connection with Mr. Sherry's marital affairs. Mr. Newman adopted the same attitude.

When the motion came up, argument on it was adjourned by consent of the court until this morning. Mr. Newman represented the plaintiff and Messrs. Bien and Rowlette the defendant.

Established 1725
B. & G.
(Barton & Guestier)
Pure Olive Oil
BARTON & GUESTIER
BORDEAUX
(FRANCE)
OLIVE OIL
Superfine Clarified
Fac-simile of label.
. . . G. Olive Oil is guaranteed under U. S. Pure Food Law, and has been imported into the U. S. for 50 years.
E. La Montagne's Sons, Agents, N. Y.

Greenhut and Company
Dry Goods

The store news to-day is epitomized below—that is, our usual low prices are still further lowered on these particular pieces of Easter merchandise. Remember, our Reception and Lounging Room affords rest and refreshment (tea is served without charge) during shopping hours. Take 18th or 19th Street elevators to 4th floor.

One Hundred Tailored Suits, at 19.75 each.

Lingerie and Tailored Linen Waists, at 1.00.

Untrimmed and Ready-to-Wear Hats; fine Easter selection.

Sale of Easter Pumps and Christy Ties, at 2.50.

Sale of Boys' Suits for Easter; 8.50 to 10.00 values, at 6.95.

Women's 1.75 French Glace Kid Gloves, 8 button length, at 1.10.

Sale of Cotton Wash Goods.

White Taffeta Silk, extra heavy quality and brilliancy, 19 in.; value 75c a yard, at 45c.

25c "Velvet Grip" Hose Supporters, at 16c.

Sixth Avenue, 18th to 19th Street, New York
(Store formerly occupied by B. Altman & Co.)

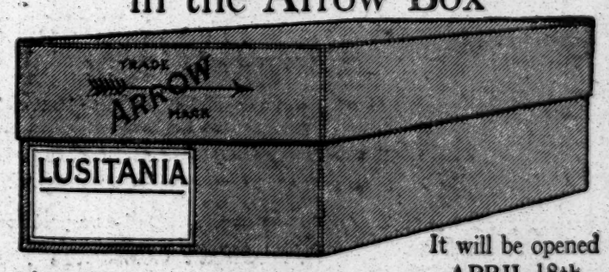
HATS BALCH PRICE & CO. FURS
FULTON & SMITH STS. BROOKLYN N.Y.
Established 1832
Fur Experts are in Charge
OF OUR MODEL
Dry Cold Air Storage Plant
Furs placed in our care are first cleaned by Vacuum System, then suspended on separate hangers in a free circulation of dry cold air, kept constantly fresh, and at even temperature. The entire plant is under the direction of experienced furriers.
Our service is best, our prices lowest.
Wagon will call for furs, upon request, without additional charge.
Telephone 5900 Main

SCHENCK'S TOILET PREPARATIONS
LIQUID CREAM NASAL WASH AND GARGLE ANTI-DANDRUFF
IN
SCHENCK'S BOTTLE (Pat.)
The ideal bottle for the traveler, tourist and automobilist.
Protected against breakage and can't leak. The first practical non-refillable bottle.
The PREPARATIONS stand on their merits.
The BOTTLE is unique.
Demonstration to the public all this week at the Caswell-Massey Drug Store, Imperial Hotel, 31st St. and Broadway, 10 A. M. to 10 P. M. daily.

CARL H. SCHULTZ'S
Artificial Vichy, Selters, Carbonic, Club Soda, Etc.

LITHIA SELTERS

GINGER ALE
THE ONLY PURE AND CORRECT
Artificial Mineral Waters,
Not only Prescribed by Over 1500 Physicians, but also Used in Their Own Families.
CARL H. SCHULTZ,
Telephone—3420 Madison Sq. 430-444 First Avenue, N. Y.
Take the Carlsbad, Marienbad or Kissingen Water Cures at the Central Park Mineral Springs (72d Street and West Drive) which will be opened to the public for the 42d season on Wednesday, April 15th, 1908.

There is another New Style in the Arrow Box


It will be opened APRIL 18th
IT'S AN ARROW COLLAR
15 cents each, 2 for 25 cents. CLUETT, PEABODY & COMPANY, Troy, N. Y.

AID FOR CHELSEA FROM MANY CITIES

Lieut. Gov. Draper Organizes General Relief Work—Money Pouring In.

WILL REBUILD AT ONCE

Roosevelt Sends Message of Sympathy—Contents of Bank Vaults Uninjured—50 Deserted Babies Found.

BOSTON, April 13.—A well-organized system of aid for the 10,000 left homeless by the Chelsea fire of yesterday was completed to-day. Even last night there was little suffering, and practically no one was without shelter. To-day from all over the State has come assurance of help of various kinds.

The insurance company representatives placed their losses at $3,500,000. The city authorities will commence at once to rebuild the 350 acres swept by the flames, which destroyed property valued at nearly $6,000,000.

No further deaths were reported to-day, and of the injured persons taken to the various hospitals only two were believed to be in a critical condition. The three bodies which were taken to the Morgue in Boston last night remained unidentified to-day.

Revised figures obtained to-day indicated that the losses were divided, according to the various classes of property destroyed, as follows:

Churches and schools	$525,000
Public buildings	475,000
Factories, business blocks, and contents	825,000
Dwelling houses	3,750,000
Total	$5,575,000

The insurance of $3,500,000 is divided among about eighty companies.

Work of Relief.

The relief work was taken up to-day by those who handled the Massachusetts fund for the San Francisco sufferers. Mayor Beck and William E. McClintock, Chairman of the Relief Committee, issued the following general appeal for assistance.

We have been visited by a most terrible catastrophe. One-half the area of our city has been swept by fire. Fifteen thousand persons are homeless and $12,000,000 worth of property has been destroyed. Our business section is almost wholly wiped out. We are in sore need. We have not lost our courage, but are applying ourselves with all our ability to the task before us. But that task is stupendous and we ask assistance of all who are benevolently inclined. He who gives quickly gives double. Subscriptions may be sent to City Treasurer Thomas B. Frost.

Lieut. Gov. Eben S. Draper, Acting Governor while Gov. Guild is ill, held a conference with the Chelsea authorities, and it was announced that all the funds necessary could and would be raised in Massachusetts. All the funds will, therefore, be in charge of the bankers, Lee, Higginson & Co., Boston, to whom contributions may be sent.

At midnight $39,238 had been raised by subscription in Boston. The City of Chelsea appropriated $10,000, and a resolution for $100,000 from the State was introduced into the House of Representatives this afternoon. Baltimore and Paterson both sent offers of assistance, each referring to its own disastrous fire.

Early in the day Mayor Beck received a message from President Roosevelt as follows:

"In company with all our people I am inexpressibly shocked at the tragedy that has befallen Chelsea. Is there anything the National Government can do in connection with the navy yard or with either the military or naval establishments at Boston which will be of service?"

The local organizations, such as the Associated Charities and the Salvation Army, have perfected their work and profess entire ability to find temporary quarters for all the homeless.

Early to-day a consignment of military tents from the State camp grounds at South Framingham were placed at the disposal of the Relief Committee. Hundreds of them were set upon the public playground in Everett, an adjoining town, while others were erected on open ground in the unburned portion of Chelsea itself. It was calculated that these tents, each of which will accommodate five persons, would shelter about one-half the homeless people. A cold drizzle of rain, later changing to snow, stopped at noon.

One street, Broadway, was cleared and opened to the general public, and as it led straight through the heart of the ruins a steady stream of people moved through it all day. A few of the ruins smoked during the day, and two more oil tanks caught fire and burned themselves out. All the visiting fire apparatus was sent home.

Liquor Licenses Suspended.

The liquor licenses in East Boston and that part of Charlestown adjoining Chelsea were suspended to-day by order of Police Commissioner O'Meara of Boston as an aid to the militia and police in their efforts to bring about a condition of order and safety.

The five liquor licenses which had been granted in Chelsea following the change of the city from a no-license policy to license at the last election, and which would have become operative May 1, were revoked to-day, and no more will be granted for the present.

The city records, which were in the City Hall vaults, were intact.

An examination of the vaults of the Chelsea Trust Company, the County Savings Bank, and the Chelsea Savings Bank indicated that the contents were uninjured. Following this announcement the Directors of the three institutions voted to consolidate temporarily.

Judge Bosson, President of the County Savings Bank, said that all claims against the three institutions would be paid in full on demand as soon as business was resumed in the temporary banking rooms, which have been arranged for.

During the afternoon and evening yesterday over fifty unidentified babies who had been picked up by the police, firemen, and citizens were taken to the police stations. They ranged in age from 2 months to 5 years. A boy brought in a baby less than 6 months old that he had picked up in the gutter. A woman brought a pair of boy twins not more than a year old. She said that a frantic mother had thrust the babies into her arms as she stood on the street, saying: "Here, hold these; I've got to get the others." What became of the mother has not been learned.

Some of the derelict infants were taken away during the night by relatives, but others remain still unclaimed. Among the women taken to the hospitals in ambulances were seven who became mothers after the fire started.

FIVE JURORS CHOSEN IN RECOUNT ACTION

Legal Battle Between Mayor and Hearst Begins Before a Packed Courtroom.

TALESMEN QUIZZED HARD

Every Man Has to Uncover His Political and Personal Prejudices to Batteries of Lawyers.

The recount proceedings made possible by the institution of quo warranto proceedings against Mayor George B. McClellan for the purpose of ousting him and seating William Randolph Hearst in the Mayor's chair began yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Lambert, in Part 18 of the Supreme Court. The courtroom was jammed with spectators when the work of selecting a jury began.

Attorney General Jackson had as his assistants Clarence J. Shearn, who is personal counsel for Mr. Hearst, and ex-Deputy Attorney General Charles A. Dolson. Mr. Shearn, it may be mentioned, was the moving spirit in the people's case. Melvin G. Palliser appeared as counsel for Mr. Hearst. Eugene Lamb Richards, Jr., ex-Supreme Court Justice Hasbrouck, and Henry W. Herbert, with Mr. Richards as leading counsel, appeared for Mayor McClellan. The work of selecting a jury began immediately, and when court adjourned at 5 P. M. five men were in the box. They were:

Frederick Masten, a retired journalist, of 230 West Ninety-fifth Street.

Thomas J. McKenna, a contractor, of 2,272 Broadway.

Frank C. Monair, a real estate broker, of 207 Dyckman Street.

Arthur B. Corthell, a civil engineer, of 314 Madison Avenue.

Frederick W. Schwlers, a coal dealer, of 2,750 Webster Avenue.

When court opened, Justice Lambert excused twenty-five of the 100 talesmen who had been drawn, and then the first of the unexcused was called. He was Charles H. Boner, a commission merchant, of 3 West 102d Street.

"Now, Mr. Boner," began Mr. Shearn, "have you formed any opinion whatsoever in regard to this case?"

"No," replied the talesman.

"Have you ever talked about the case?"

"Yes, but that was some time ago."

No Political Jobs.

"Are you a member of any political organization, or does any member of your family hold a political position?"

"I am not a member of an organization, and no relatives of mine hold political jobs."

"Do you read the papers?"

"I do."

"Which one?"

"THE NEW YORK TIMES."

"Are you prejudiced against any of the attorneys in this case—Attorney General Jackson or others?"

"I am not."

Mr. Richards, for Mayor McClellan, then took Mr. Boner in hand.

"Do you know Arthur Brisbane, Clarence J. Shearn, Max F. Ihmsen, any member of the Stokes family, Melvin G. Palliser, Supreme Court Justice John Ford, or H. H. Hitchings?" was the lawyer's first question.

The witness answered that he did not know any of the persons named, and added, in answer to another question, that while he might have formed an opinion of the recount case soon after the election, he had no opinion that would disqualify him from acting as a juror at the present time.

Both sides apparently accepted Mr. Boner, and he took his seat in the box, only to be challenged by Mr. Shearn a few moments later. He was then excused.

Edward C. Seager of 237 West 147th Street, who plays the piano in a Harlem restaurant, was the next talesman drawn.

"Would you be prejudiced against any of the parties to this action should the case prove to be a long-drawn-out one?" Mr. Shearn asked.

"No, I would not, but I might lose my job if I had to stay out after 6 o'clock," aaswered the talesman, sadly.

Mr. Richards then questioned the musician, and after he had asked a few questions Justice Lambert announced that, as the witness had sworn that he was free from bias, he would limit the examination.

Court Suppresses Lawyer.

Mr. Palliser then broke in for the first time and asked the talesman three questions.

"The witness has already been asked every question that you have asked him," said Justice Lambert.

"But I did not hear the questions," answered Mr. Palliser.

"It's your business to listen," retorted Justice Lambert.

Mr. Seager was peremptorily challenged by Mr. Palliser, and Mr. Richards made a strenuous objection to the challenge on the ground that the Attorney General, while representing the people, was acting in Mr. Hearst's interests, and that to allow Mr. Palliser six peremptory challenges would not be fair, as it would give to Mr. Hearst twelve such challenges to Mayor McClellan's six. Justice Lambert allowed the challenge, and Mr. Richards made an exception to the ruling.

The next talesman was the first to get a seat in the box and became the Foreman of the jury. He is Frederick Masten, who said he was politically independent and not a relative of Arthur W. Masten. He stood the test satisfactorily.

Daniel M. Richman, a real estate dealer, who lives at the Hotel Astor, said he was opposed to the reopening of ballot boxes. He was excused.

Thomas J. McKenna, a dealer in scrap iron, of 2,272 Broadway, said he was formerly a Democrat, but now he was an enrolled Republican. He said he did not become a Republican on account of any prejudice against Mayor McClellan.

"Do you read the papers?" asked Mr. Shearn.

"Yes, a few."

"What are they?"

"The Iron Age and THE NEW YORK TIMES."

Mr. McKenna was satisfactory and was sworn in as juror No. 2.

Some City Contracts.

William F. Majory, a contractor, said he had been indirectly interested in some city contracts, and that he was a member of a club with which Mayor McClellan also was connected. He admitted that he had formed an opinion of the case, and that evidence would be required to overcome his opinion. He was excused, as was also Adam R. Luke. Henry R. Hearn, a coke dealer of 600 West Thirteenth Street, was peremptorily challenged by Mr. Richards.

Louis S. Becker, who lives at the Judson, Washington Square South, said he was a Republican, and that he was prejudiced against Mr. Hearst. He was excused.

F. C. Monair of 207 Dyckman Street, went through the longest examination of the day. He created a stir when he said a strange man had called at his house last week and asked him if he had formed an opinion as to the merits of the case. He said he shut the door in the man's face without attempting to learn his identity.

He has an uncle who is a Tammany man, and has been for over thirty years an Inspector of Meters in the Water Department. He sees this uncle, he said, about once a month, but they never talk about the Hearst-McClellan case. He reads The Evening Journal, he said, for its sporting news and not its editorials. He is a stranger to Max Ihmsen, J. G. Phelps Stokes, and other Hearst supporters named by Mr. Richards. Mr. Monair was accepted as Juror No. 3.

Howard Stephens of 215 West Fourteenth Street, for eighteen years engaged in the metal business, said he was prejudiced against Hearst, but that his prejudice was independent of the present controversy.

"Do you do business with the Consolidated Gas Company?" asked Mr. Shearn.

"I use their gas, that's all," answered Mr. Stephens.

"What is your paper?"

"The Sun."

His Fountain of Prejudice.

"Did you get your prejudice against Mr. Hearst from reading The Sun?"

"No, from reading The American," the talesman replied.

Arthur B. Corthell and Frederick W. Schwiers swore they could render a just verdict and that they harbored no prejudice against either of the contending parties. They were both accepted.

William C. Hardie, who lives at 143 St. Nicholas Avenue, and is in the machinery business, said he read all the papers, but The World was his favorite. He swore he had no prejudice in the case, but was challenged. He was a Jerome Nominator in 1905.

George Solomon, an expert accountant, of 100 William Street, who is a Socialist, was on the stand nearly an hour. He said he read The Sun and THE TIMES. He did not know J. G. Phelps Stokes, although he knew he was a brother-in-law of Robert Hunter, and also that he was a candidate for office on the Hearst ticket in 1905. The Journal's labor editorials, he said, had a tinge of Socialism in them, but he liked The Sun editorials better. As a Socialist, he thought The Sun editorials better than those in The Journal. He was excused.

The Papers He Reads.

George G. MacCracken, a son of Chancellor MacCracken of New York University, who is a civil engineer in the employ of the Interborough Company, was the next talesman called. He reads The Tribune and Evening Post. He did not think the fact that Mr. Hearst in his papers had attacked Thomas F. Ryan and August Belmont, who are his employers, would influence him in rendering a verdict.

"Do you feel," asked Mr. Shearn, "that in view of the personal prejudice you admit against Mr. Hearst, and in view of the attitude of Mr. Hearst and Mr. McClellan toward public service corporations, you would prove a fair juror?"

"I do."

"Would you allow any pressure to influence your action as a juror?"

"I would not."

Mr. MacCracken was excused, and then the court adjourned.

After adjournment Mr. Shearn said the case would probably last several weeks. As soon as the jury box is filled the work of recounting the votes will begin. Justice Lambert has not yet announced what plan he will adopt to expedite the counting of the votes.

PLANNING A BREACH IN CONSTITUTION

Lawyer J. A. Allen Calls Meeting of Reformers to Discuss How to Riddle It.

ROBS US OF LIBERTIES

Amendments Suggested Would Provide for Direct Voting and the Referendum—Conference To-morrow Night.

James A. Allen, a lawyer at 85 Wall Street, sent out over 100 letters on Saturday afternoon to prominent business men and others engaged in social reforms and public affairs, inviting them to attend a meeting at the Hotel Astor at 8 o'clock to-morrow night to discuss the expediency of forming a non-partisan organization with the purpose of calling a National Constitutional Convention to plan amendments to the Federal Constitution.

In his letter Mr. Allen states that no substantial progress can be made in placing the Government, City, State, or National, within the effective control of the people without amending the fundamental law. The instrument which, by its terms, he says, is made the supreme law of the land, was conceived in distrust of real democracy, and was therefore designed to deprive the people of the control of the Government, or, as Hamilton put it in The Federalist, to protect them against the "sudden breeze of passion and transient impulse."

"They have thus been so fully 'protected,'" according to Mr. Allen, "that their liberties have been well nigh destroyed. The provisions of the Constitution through which this distrust found expression constitute the root of most of the Governmental evils from which we are suffering to-day, and the most effective way to cure the disease is to remove its source."

Mr. Allen told a TIMES reporter yesterday that although he had only sent out the letters on Saturday afternoon he had already received several replies acknowledging the receipt of his letter and promises to attend the meeting. "I have selected about 100 names," said Mr. Allen, "of men who are known to be thinkers and men of deliberate action. To discuss such an important issue as the Federal Constitution I have invited men of both political parties, Socialists, independence leaguers, referendum leaguers, and labor men.

"I have had this object in mind for three or four years, but this is the first opportunity that I have had of putting my theories to the test to see if I can get any support. The Declaration of Independence was a revolutionary document, but the Constitution was reactionary, and I do not believe that it would have been drawn up in its present form if Thomas Jefferson had been in America instead of being in Paris, as he was at that period.

"I do not mean to say that the Constitution as a document should be abolished, but certain clauses in it should be amended to meet the present conditions.

"Among the amendments which, in my opinion, should be made are:

"One expressly prohibiting to the Federal courts the power, which they have usurped, of declaring acts of Congress unconstitutional; another providing for the election by the people, in the territory over which they have respective jurisdiction, of all Federal Judges for definite terms, less than life, and dividing the Judges of the Supreme Court into three classes and so providing for their rotation in office that the tenure of at least one-third of them will expire at periods of not to exceed five years; another providing for the election of Senators of the United States by a direct and popular vote of the people in the several States; another abolishing the Electoral College and providing for the election of the President and Vice President of the United States by a direct and popular vote of the people, not by States, but throughout the United States, and another providing for the initiative and the referendum vote and reserving to the people the power to recall all elective officials.

"The far-reaching effect and beneficent influence of such amendments can scarcely be overestimated. I do not mean to say that they are all which are desirable; but, to my mind, they are the most important and are indispensable to making the Government responsive to the popular will.

"Manifestly the Congress will never 'deem it necessary' to propose amendments of such or a similar character; and if such or similar relief is to be procured at all, it must be through the agency of a National Constitutional Convention called for that purpose."

FLYING THROUGH THE AIR.

Americans to Try to Bring the Art Up to the French Standard.

An appeal to American patriotism to bring the art of flying through the air to a position equaling that attained by French experimenters was made by the Aviation Committee of the Aero Club of America at a meeting in the clubrooms, 12 East Forty-second Street, last night. The plans and hopes of the committee were thoroughly outlined by Albert C. Triaca, its Chairman, Wilbur F. Kimball, Lee S. Burridge, Daniel Braine, and Augustus Post.

The two facts dwelt upon with special emphasis were the necessity of substantial prizes to stimulate inventors and a large tract of ground near the city available for experiments, and where sheds and machine shops might be built.

Lee S. Burridge, who returned from Europe a few days ago, where he made a careful investigation of aerial progress in France, said that the reason America had not appeared more prominently in this branch of aeronautics was not because brains were lacking here, but because aerial flight was not accepted as an accomplished fact.

Daniel Braine gave an interesting account of his recent experiments in trying to fly over the Montclair golf links with a gliding machine.

Military Meet To-morrow Night.

The last big meet of the indoor season comes off to-morrow evening in the Twenty-second Regiment Armory at Broadway and Sixty-eighth Street, when the championships of the Military Athletic League will be run off. As all the races are scratch events a big turnout of champions will be on hand. The usual fear of being handicapped out of a chance of winning does not apply at this meet, so none of the cracks has held off. Sensations are expected in both the quarter-mile and one-mile races.

Fell 100 Feet to Death.

SAN JOSE, Cal., April 13.—Hiram O. Millard, brother of Bailey Millard, the author and novelist, was killed at Alum Creek Cañon last night by a fall over a 100-foot cliff. He had alighted from a buggy, and presumably stumbled over a surveyor's stake and pitched headlong over the edge of the cliff.

Former Chelsea Residents Raising Funds.

The Chelsea Society of New York, composed of former residents of Chelsea, Mass., have issued an appeal for funds for the people made homeless by the fire in that city Sunday. They may be sent to William Shillaber, Chairman and Treasurer of the Relief Committee, 60 Wall Street.

John Jameson
Three Stars Whiskey
Its rejuvenating and mildly exhilarating properties make it a valuable tonic and home remedy. Stimulates and rehabilitates the system with lasting energy and vitality. A gentle heart stimulant.
W. A. Taylor & Co., Agts., 29 B'way, N.Y.

Refrigerators
The Perfection of Cleanliness, Efficiency and Economy:
The "Eddy" Our standard for a quarter Century.
The "Premier" Glass lined.
LEWIS & CONGER
130 and 132 West 42d Street, and 135 West 41st St., New York.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder

LONDONDERRY
WATER
Refreshing, Healthful, Satisfying.
At Home, Club, or on the Train.
The sparkling (effervescent) in usual three sizes. The still (plain) in half-gallon bottles.
All dealers.
Londonderry Lithia Spring Water Co., Nashua, N. H.

FRANZ JOSEF
HUNGARY'S PROMINENT APERIENT WATER

ABRAHAM AND STRAUS
BROOKLYN. Store Opens at 8:30 A. M. Closes at 6 P. M. Daily. BROOKLYN
Use the Subway—Bronx to Borough Hall—One Fare, 5c.

140 Jute Sarak Hall Runners At Half Price and Less
Made in France—a splendid deep pile Rug, with a lustre equal to the Oriental—fast colors guaranteed and the Rugs may be washed with soap and water; 28 and 36 inches wide and from 8 to 18 feet long.

2½x8½ feet, regularly $8.00, at	$3.95
2½x10 feet, regularly $10.00, at	$4.85
2½x11½ feet, regularly $11.50, at	$5.65
2½x13 feet, regularly $12.50, at	$6.25
2½x15 feet, regularly $14.50, at	$7.25
2½x16½ feet, regularly $16.50, at	$8.00
2½x18 feet, regularly $17.50, at	$8.75
3 feet by 8 to 21 feet, regularly $10.50 to $27.00, at	$5.00 to $12.50

Third Floor, East Building.

All Wool Easter Clothing for Boys
Our Famous Wearwell Suits at $4.95 and $6.95.
With two pairs of Trousers—all wool cheviots and cassimeres in grays, tans and olive overplaids and mixtures; cut full and well made, and the greatest value in Suits with two pairs of Trousers in the Greater City; sizes 10 to 17 years.

Boys' Fine Cloth & Serge Russian & Sailor Suits, $4.95 and $6.95.
Values range from $6.50 to $8.50. In fancy cheviots and cassimeres in this season's most desirable colors; long roll double-breasted blouses; Russian Suits, 2½ to 8 years; sailors, 5 to 10 years.

Fine All Wool Norfolk Suits, Plain Serges and Fancy Mixtures, $4.95 to $9.75.
The choicest fabrics from the best mills, in cheviots, cassimeres and tweeds, in all the newest colors in the Spring's most desirable shades, gray, tans and olives; also new London smoke. Jackets in new Derby back style or with belt; sizes 8 to 17 years.

Young Men's College Suits and Overcoats, $15.00 to $25.00.
Plain serges, fancy mixed cheviot Suits and fancy plaid Overcoats.
Boys' Reefers, $4.95 to $8.95. Fancy mixtures in grays, tans and blue serges; sizes 3 to 10 years.
Boys' and Children's Hats and Caps, new styles and blocks.... 49c. to $3.95
Second floor, rear, East Building.

Printed Percales at 9c a Yard.
WHILE THE QUALITY of this Percale is not so good as the one we retail at 15c. a yard, it will compare favorably with those being sold in many stores at that price. All white grounds, with neat, pleasing black and colored small figures.
Main floor, West Building.

$2.75 16-Button Black Suede Gloves, 1.67
In black only, and one of the best bargains we have had to show in some time.

2-Clasp German Kid Gloves at 55c.
In white and colors—remarkable offerings at this little price.
Main floor, centre, Central Building.

$3.98 Blankets at $3.19 a Pair.
No mail, telephone or hurry box orders filled.

Fine Outing Flannel, 6c a Yard.
No mail, telephone or hurry box orders filled.
Second floor, rear, East Building.

$6 Cut Glass Fruit or Salad Bowls, $2.75
Deep 9-inch Bowls, in a rich and brilliant combination of cuttings, including chrysanthemum, Venetian, hobnail and fan. No mail, telephone or hurry box orders filled and none C. O. D.
Basement, Central Building.

Upholstery Store Offering—Unusual.
$1.75 Bordered Washable Linen Couch Covers, 79c. Each.
Third floor, front, Central Building.

Easter Hand Bags, $2.97.
EASTER SHADES, including Copenhagen, navy, tan, brown, reseda, myrtle, etc., in a variety of new and nobby shapes.
Main floor, centre, Central Building.

Children's 75c Guimpes at 49c.
Of fine quality lawn, front of cluster tucking and embroidery insertion; neck and sleeves trimmed with lawn ruffle.
Second floor, front, East Building.

Women's Department. Hackett, Carhart & Co
Broadway at Thirteenth Street
BEGINNING TO-DAY, APRIL THE FOURTEENTH
The Most Amazing Occasion Ever Known, Involving 2150 Fine Waists
Fine Net and Lace Waists
Values from $3.95 to $15
$2.00 $3.50 $5.00
36 Waists intended to sell for $3.95
73 " " " 4.50 } $2.00
121 " " " 5.00
189 " " " 5.75
191 " " " 6.50 } $3.50
375 " " " 6.75
437 " " " 7.50
None C. O. D. 109 " " " 8.75 } None for Approval
87 " " " 9.75
69 " " " 10.00
68 " " " 10.50
151 " " " 11.75 } $5.00
97 " " " 12.50
133 " " " 13.75
42 " " " 14.50
33 " " " 15.00
Every one of these waists is charmingly and fascinatingly fashioned in the newest of Spring and Summer models of finest nets and laces in white, cream, ecru, & cafe au lait—all mounted over silk or mousseline.

EASTER CANDIES
OF COURSE MEANS
Packed in Appropriate Domestic and Imported
Fancy Huyler's Packages
In the shape of Rabbits, Chickens, Ducks, and many Novelty-shaped Boxes decorated with Flowers; also Hand-painted Boxes tied with rich, delicately tinted Ribbons.
--BEST OF ALL--
These Packages are filled with any desired assortment of our World-famed and Incomparable
Bonbons, Chocolates, Caramels and Counter Goods
Huyler's give the same careful attention to Mail and Telephone Orders as to those left in person
Don't forget a Chocolate Soda when near our Stores
Huyler's
The name Huyler's on a package is an Absolute Guarantee for
Purity - Quality - Flavor
Stores manywhere - - Sales Agents everywhere

WHAT JOY THEY BRING TO EVERY HOME
as with joyous hearts and smiling faces they romp and play—when in health—and how conducive to health the games in which they indulge, the outdoor life they enjoy, the cleanly, regular habits they should be taught to form and the wholesome diet of which they should partake. How tenderly their health should be preserved, not by constant medication, but by careful avoidance of every medicine of an injurious or objectionable nature, and if at any time a remedial agent is required, to assist nature, only those of known excellence should be used; remedies which are pure and wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, like the pleasant laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna has come into general favor in many millions of well informed families, whose estimate of its quality and excellence is based upon personal knowledge and use.
Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna has also met with the approval of physicians generally, because they know it is wholesome, simple and gentle in its action. We inform all reputable physicians as to the medicinal principles of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, obtained by an original method, from certain plants known to them to act most beneficially, and presented in an agreeable syrup in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to promote the pleasant taste; therefore it is not a secret remedy, and hence we are free to refer to all well informed physicians, who do not approve of patent medicines and never favor indiscriminate self-medication.
Please to remember and teach your children also that the genuine Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna always has the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package and that it is for sale in bottles of one size only. If any dealer offers any other than the regular Fifty cent size, or having printed thereon the name of any other company, do not accept it. If you fail to get the genuine you will not get its beneficial effects. Every family should always have a bottle on hand, as it is equally beneficial for the parents and the children, whenever a laxative remedy is required.

JUSTICE THREATENS RACE AT BRIARCLIFF

Justice Versen Says Drivers Will Be in Jail if Illegal Speeding Doesn't Stop.

TOM MOORE'S DECLARATION

Mail Carrier Climbs Tree Every Time He Hears Horn, While Drivers Are Scattering Dogs Over Course.

There will be no more speeding of the Briarcliff racing cars over the thirty-mile Westchester circuit after 7 o'clock in the morning in the preliminary spins. Tom Moore made a positive declaration on this score yesterday, but that does not necessarily stop 't. Justice Albert F. Versen of Kensico also says so, and what Justice Versen says is pretty sure to go. At least any one who heard the Justice make his declaration at the office of the Briarcliff Committee yesterday would have believed so. Justice Versen is of German extraction and betrays it in his speech at times. One of those times was during his visit to the race headquarters, when he was a little bit excited.

He came in early in the day while most of the committee were arranging details of the race to be run on the course on April 24, and there was no one who could officially receive him. His first demand was:

"Ver is Mr. Moore?"

Learning Moore was not there, he shifted.

"Ver is Mr. Morrell?"

Mr. Morrell, too, was absent, but that did not feaze the Justice.

"Vell, who ist here?" he demanded.

"I am," meekly responded one attaché.

"Vell, zee here," said the Justice. "I got de right do race for de Briarcliff Committee vrom de Kensico people and I'll dake it avay. If I zay zo, dere'll be no race, and if dis speeding don't stob I'll dake id avay.

"Vy, my life ain't worth living up dere. De people know I god dem de right do exzeed de speed laws bevor 7 o'clock, bud dere doing id all de dime. Everypody is afraid do go on de road, und I vand id stobbed.

"Und I'll stob id I've send constables oud do catch any man who is driving fast und I'll get 'em all. Und ven I get 'em I von'd fine 'em. No, Zir. I'll send 'em all do jail vor thirdy days. Und if dere all doing dime der'll be no race, vill dere? Vell, you dell Mr. Moore dat vrom me, und dell him do ring me up."

Mr. Moore rang Justice Versen up later in the day, and the Justice repeated what he had said in the office even more emphatically, with the result that Mr. Moore issued a pronounciamento later. He said:

"The way the drivers in this race are ignoring the obligations of the law is outrageous, and I want to serve notice on every one of them that the first man caught speeding after 7 o'clock in the morning, as permitted by the regulations under which we are allowed to use the course, will be immediately suspended and for a second offense will be ruled out of the race. This thing has got to stop.

"What Justice Versen says is true, and I don't blame him a bit. Why, the other day one man hit the mail cart and lifted it completely off the road into a field on the other side of a fence, and since then when the mail carrier hears a horn he climbs a tree. Another car hit a white collie dog and converted it into an exaggerated daschund, with the tail at East View and the head at Echo Lake. The way they are scattering fragments of dogs along that road is awful. They are simply scaring every one to death.

"No one has a right to speed on the course at any time except between daylight and 7 o'clock A. M. and at no time on Sunday. And no one will be allowed to do so in the future. We'll deal rigorously with every man who violates the rule, no matter whom it hurts."

Mr. Moore also received a visit from the Chief of Police of Briarcliff at the Manor on Sunday, who asked to be informed what assistance he could render the committee in keeping the course clear during the race. "How many men have you?" asked Moore. "One policeman," replied the Chief. Moore thanked him, and said he thought they would have to get outside assistance, so the Chief in his full regalia rode away on his motor cycle.

The draw for positions in the Briarcliff race will be held at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon.

MURPHY HURT IN SMASH-UP.

Maja Turns Turtle Near Hawthorne and Throws Driver Over Fence.

Dan Murphy is the third of the drivers in the Briarcliff race to come to grief, turning turtle in his Maja car and escaping serious injury miraculously. The accident hapepned late Sunday afternoon when it was dusk. Murphy was driving the racing car at a speed of fully forty miles an hour approaching the bridge at Hawthorne, when the front wheels struck a sudden declivity in the road and turned the car over. The machine jumped fully four feet from the road and swerved in the air, so that when it alighted it rusned off the road, turning over into a ditch at one side of the track.

Murphy was hurled out, with his mechanician, at the first bump, and landed over a fence on the other side of the road, spraining his leg badly. His mechanician was shaken up, but unhurt. The car was badly smashed up, but can be repaired in time to contest in the race. Murphy will not be able to drive for a week. The steering post was broken and the steering wheel completely demolished, while the seats were so badly bent that they will have to be replaced.

HOL-TAN CAR ON COURSE.

Hilliard Gives the Briarcliff Racer its First Trial on the Road.

The Hol-Tan car which will race at Briarcliff in the stock car race arrived in this city on Sunday from Boston and was taken to the course yesterday for its first trial. It came from Boston on the road under its own power, making the 250 miles in ten hours. The car is quite different from what was expected, and is from the design of Quinby & Shaw. It has a very racy appearance and looks able to give a good account of itself. It has forty horse power, four cylinders, cast in pairs, with 4.8 hole and 5.5 stroke. Its piston area figures out 72.83, the smallest but one of any car in the race.

Power Boat Classification.

A special meeting of the American Power Boat Association was held last night at the Waldorf-Astoria to act upon several amendments regarding classification and other technical matters. The following change for automobile racing boat rating was adopted:

The constant in automobile racing boats shall be 2 for four-cycle engines, 1.65 for two-cycle engines having 6 inches stroke or over, and in engines having less than 6 inches stroke of piston, the constant for four-cycle engines shall be 1, and for two-cycle .85.

A more satisfactory plan for classifying hunting cabin launches was also adopted.

American Players Win at Chess.

VIENNA, April 13.—Both the American chess experts were successful to-day in the sixteenth round of the international chess masters' tourney. Marshall won from Suechting and Johner defeated Swiderski. Schlechter is still in the lead.

Poggenburg Beats McLoughlin Again.

F. Poggenburg did not find Ed McLoughlin a difficult opponent in a billiard game at the Riverside Academy, Harlem, last night, and won, 400 to 200.

Three-Cushion Tournament.

A three-cushion billiard tournament was inaugurated at John T. Doyle's Academy last night. J. Bush and H. Goldman were pitted against Ted Sloan and H. Dankelman, and the former pair were successful by 20 to 18 in twenty-eight innings.

GUNDERSON WINS TITLE.

Defeats Gundert in Final of Heavyweight Class in Wrestling.

Wrestlers who had survived the trial bouts of the National championships of the Amateur Athletic Union competed in the finals last night, and many hard falls and rough matches were seen.

The surprise of the evening came in the 125-pound class final, when Gus Bauers, the sterling grappler of the National Turn Verein of Newark, succumbed to L. A. Dole of Yale University in the second period of the event. Dole, who had showed great form in his preliminary bouts against two local men, was picked to give the former metropolitan champion a hard rub in the final, but as very little was known of his ability his victory came as a surprise.

J. Gunderson of the Dovre Sporting Club of New York City defeated G. Gundert of the German-American Athletic Club in the final of the heavyweight division. Gunderson and Gundert wrestled unsuccessfully around the mat for two periods of six minutes, and were ordered by the referee to go the last period of three minutes. During most of this time Gundert was up in the air, being held by Gunderson, and occasionally was slammed to the mat with great force. The Dovre Club man received the award at the end of the period.

A great amount of hissing greeted the referee's award of the first semi-final bout of the 105-pound class to Schwartz of the Boys' Club over his clubmate, Lauer. The contests were of a scientific order, many of the bouts being decided by the referee without falls. The summaries:

105-Pound Class.—Semi-Final Bout—R. Schwartz, Boys' Club, threw T. Lauer, Boys' Club, with a half-Nelson. Time—3:47.
Final Bout—R. Schwartz, Boys' Club, threw Frank T. Sherman, Buffalo Y. M. C. A., in a rolling fall. Time—1:54.

115-Pound Class.—Semi-Finals—First Bout—George Mehnert, National Turn Verein, Newark, N. J., was awarded decision over Walter Kelgan, Rochester Y. M. C. A. Time—6:00. Second Bout—Phil Marcus, West Side Y. M. C. A., threw James F. Meagher, Buffalo Y. M. C. A., in a rolling fall. Time—1:57. Third Bout—George Mehnert, National Turn Verein, Newark, threw Charles Lehman, St. George's A. C., in a rolling fall. Time—3:23.
Final Bout—Mehnert threw Marcus with a half-Nelson. Time—0:28.

125-Pound Class.—Semi-Finals—First Bout—L. A. Dole, Yale A. A., threw C. Faist, Boys' Club, with crotch hold. Time—4:29. Second Bout—Gus Bauers, National Turn Verein, Newark, threw Oscar L. Swanson, Svea A. and G. Club, with an armlock. Time—0:33. Third Bout—Gus Bauers, National Turn Verein, was awarded decision over L. Ruggiero, St. Bartholomew A. C. Time—9:00.
Final Bout—Dole threw Bauers, with a body lock. Time—8:34.

135-Pound Class.—Semi-Finals—First Bout—A. G. Peterson, Harlem Y. M. C. A., was awarded decision over Harry Steinmetz, German-American A. C. Time—9:00. Second Bout—T. J. McLear, National Turn Verein, Newark, threw Sam Fleischer, Intersettlement A. A., with a double wing hold. Time 5:47. Third Bout—G. S. Dole, Yale A. A., threw A. G. Peterson, Harlem Y. M. C. A., in a rolling fall. Time—4:46.

145-Pound Class.—Semi-finals—First Bout—Max Welly, German-American A. C., threw Ben Mendelsohn, Intersettlement A. A., with a body and back-heel hold. Time—3:32. Second Bout—Dietrich Wortman, German-American A. C., was awarded decision over John Krug, National Turn Verein. Time—6:00. Third Bout—Dietrich Wortman, German-American A. C., was awarded decision over E. A. House, Buffalo Y. M. C. A. Time—9:00.

158-Pound Class, Semi Finals.—First Bout—Martin Ludeck, Intersettlement A. A., was awarded decision over R. Walker, Boys' Club. Time—6:00. Second Bout—Carl Anderson, Posse Swedish Gymnastic Club, Boston, was awarded decision over C. P. Parker, Yale A. A. Time—6:00. Third Bout—John J. Craige, Philadelphia Y. M. C. A., threw Martin Ludeck, Intersettlement A. A., with a scissors hold. Time—5:05.

Heavyweight Class.—Semi-Final Bout—G. Gundert, German-American A. C., threw George W. Smith, with a crotch and half-Nelson hold. Time—4:17.
Final Bout—J. Gunderson, Dovre Sporting Club, was awarded decision over G. Gundet, German-American A. C. Time—15:00.

MOTOR CYCLISTS' BIG MEET.

National Body Awards Event to New York, to be Held in July.

More than half a hundred motor cyclists, members of the F. A. M. 1908 Meet Club, an organization which came into existence last month for the purpose of conducting the National meet of the Federation of American Motor Cyclists, met last night at the Grand Union Hotel and arranged some of the plans for the big event, which will be held in New York during the first week in July. A record-breaking entry is expected, as assurances have been receive dfrom motor cyclists of the Pacific Coast that if the National meet was awarded to this city they would surely attend.

The programme for the meet was not have been received from motor cyclists of the delegates last night that there should be a road race, a hill-climbing contest, and championship track meet, which will constitute the competitions. With all these attractions, however, it is the purpose of the new club to pay more attention to the entertainment of the participants than at any other time since the federation was organized, in 1903.

The Executive Committee of the new meet club was completed by the election of Dr. F. A. Roy, J. F. McLaughlin, and Harold Fletcher as members at large. The committee now consists of these three, President Betts, Vice President Guterman, Treasurer Bessau, Secretary Horenburger, and E. L. Ovington, Roland Douglas, R. S. Morton, and H. J. Wehman, Chairmen of the four standing committees. As he has been appointed Chairman of the F. A. M. National Endurance Contest Committee, H. J. Wehman resigned the Secretaryship, and F. W. Horenburger of the New York Motor Cycle Club was elected in his place.

Mount Vernon Girls Win a Title.

Special to The New York Times.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., April 13.—The Nausica basket ball team, made up of young women students of the Mount Vernon High School, to-day defeated the New York Normal College 'Varsity team by a score of 26 to 6, thereby winning the championship of the State. The Nausica team has played fourteen consecutive games without a defeat. The members of the team are: Grace Cothell, left guard; Fanny Van Arsdale, right guard; Leah B. Robinson, right forward; Priscilla Lowry, (Captain,) centre, and May Wenzel, left forward. The team will challenge the Bridgeport High School, champions of the New England States.

Johnson and Burns to Sign To-day.

Jack Johnson and Tommy Burns will fight for the championship of the world some time this year. At a meeting yesterday afternoon between Sam Fitzpatrick, for the negro, and Billy Neill for Burns, it was decided to sign articles of agreement to-day. The articles stipulate that the purse must not be less than $35,000, and that Burns is to receive $30,000 of this sum, whether he wins, loses, or draws. The contest must also be forty-five rounds, or preferably to a finish, and that Burns must consent to bet $2,500 on the side that he will knock Johnson out inside of twenty rounds. Neill suggested that the size of the ring be 16 feet and Fitzpatrick readily consented. Bids for the fight will be held open for about three months.

Leach Cross Outpoints Bert Keyes.

A crowd that filled every portion of the clubhouse of the Grand Athletic Union, 107th Street and Park Avenue, last night, witnessed a very fast and exciting six-round bout between Leach Cross and Bert Keyes. The scrap went the limit, and Cross scored sufficient points to entitle him to a decision had one been rendered. In the preliminaries Willie Green outpointed Tim Kearns in four rounds, Jeff Gaffney and Henry Neff drew after four rounds, and Barney Wilson knocked out Sam Beaumont in five rounds.

Another Boxing Club Opens.

The New Athletic Club, 125th Street and Lenox Avenue, held its opening show last night with a series of bouts. The main encounter brought together Willie Mangold of this city and Tommy Lowe of Washington for six rounds. Lowe, by constant rushing and swings, won the contest. Eddie McMahon bested Larry Milton in the semi-windup of six rounds, while Charley McConnell outpointed Willie Farner in four rounds, and Eddie White and Tommy White, both from Chicago, boxed to a draw.

Small Crowd at Dry Dock A. C.

A small crowd attended the weekly boxing entertainment of the Dry Dock Athletic Club, Tenth Street and Avenue D, last night. Sammy Smith was scheduled to meet Johnny Dohan in the windup of six rounds. Smith pleaded illness, so Paddy Nee took his place. The contest, which resulted in a draw, was a tame affair.

GIANTS WIN LAST EXHIBITION GAME

Jersey City Goes Down to Defeat at the Polo Grounds by the Score of 5 to 1.

SEASON'S OPENING TO-DAY

Yankees Will Play First Game with the Athletics at American League Park—Giants at Philadelphia.

The Giants completed their schedule of exhibition games yesterday at the Polo Grounds by defeating Jersey City by the score of 5 to 1. In the expectation of witnessing a good game, a large crowd was on hand, but the Jersey City players were unable to duplicate their performance of last Saturday, when they took the Yankees into camp. Manager McGraw kept his regulars in the game for the first few innings, but gradually withdrew them, filling the vacancies with the recruits.

Beecher made his New York début and performed creditably. He was hit hard at times, but pulled himself out of several holes, when matters looked somewhat dangerous. He has good control, and while he did not let himself out, he showed plenty of speed. Although Jersey City found him for nine safe hits, he kept them well scattered. Foxen started in to pitch for Jersey City, but the left-handed twirler was compelled to retire and L. Wiltse finished the game.

The Giants scored two runs in the first inning by good bunting and clever base running. Doyle, Bridwell, and Shannon each singled in the fifth inning, Doyle scoring another run. The same player scored again in the seventh on two singles and a long fly to centre. Needham added the fifth run in the eighth inning on a brace of long singles and a bunt. The Jersey City players bunched three hits in the sixth inning from which Bean tallied the only run scored by the visitors during the game. The score:

JERSEY CITY.	R	H	PO	A	E
Clement, lf.	0	1	0	0	0
Bean, ss.	1	2	2	3	1
Degroff, cf.	0	2	2	1	0
Hanf'd, rf.	0	0	2	0	0
Merritt, 1b.	0	2	14	2	2
Rock'd, 2b.	0	0	1	4	0
Gastm'r, 3b.	0	1	1	1	0
Vand'g't, p.	0	1	1	3	2
Foxen, p.	0	0	1	5	0
L. Wiltse, p.	0	0	1	2	0
Total.	1	9	27	20	3

NEW YORK.	R	H	PO	A	E
Shannon, lf.	1	3	1	0	0
Tenney, 1b.	1	2	6	0	0
Merkle, 1b.	0	0	5	0	0
Donlin, cf.	0	0	0	0	0
Strang, rf.	0	0	0	0	0
Seymour, rf.	0	0	1	1	0
Evans, cf.	0	0	2	1	0
Bresn'n, c.	0	0	5	1	0
N'dham, c.	1	1	0	0	0
Devlin, 3b.	0	1	2	1	0
Doyle, 2b.	2	2	3	2	0
B'dwell, ss.	0	1	2	5	0
Beecher, p.	0	0	0	3	0
Total.	5	10	27	13	0

New York ..... 2 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0—5
Jersey City ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1

Two-base hit—Degroff. Sacrifice hit—Seymour. First base on balls—Off Foxen, 3; off Beecher, 1; off Wiltse, 1. First base on errors—New York, 2. Struck out—By Beecher, 4; by Foxen, 1; by Wiltse, 1. Stolen bases—Tenney, (2,) Shannon. Double plays—Bean, Merritt, and Gastmeyer; Seymour and Tenney. Left on bases—New York, 7; Jersey City, 5. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpire—Mr. Carsey.

SEASON OPENS TO-DAY.

Yankees and Athletics Will Play First Game at American League Park.

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Philadelphia at New York.
Washington at Boston.
St. Louis at Cleveland.
Detroit at Chicago.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York at Philadelphia.
Boston at Brooklyn.
Pittsburg at St. Louis.
Chicago at Cincinnati.

The American and National League will open the baseball championship season to-day, and from now on there will be no intermission until the long schedule of 154 games has been completed. The personnel of the sixteen clubs which will engage in the struggle to-day is not unfamiliar to the followers of baseball, for, while there has been considerable shifting about of players since the season closed in 1907, the majority of the players who will don uniforms again to-day are well known to the fans, either as successful players for the clubs which they now represent or other organizations of equal rank last season. In none of the clubs of either league has there been greater changes than those of the Giants and the Yankees, yet when the two clubs get into their stride there will be few, if any, players in the regular line-up who have not already established reputations on the diamond.

The local opening of the season will be in the hands of the Yankees and Brooklyn, and if the day is favorable the fans will doubtless turn out strong, as there is a general desire to at least witness the opening game of the year. The Yankees will meet the Philadelphia Athletics in the first of a four-game series, and there will be all the pomp and ceremony that accompany the opening of the season—flags, a band, and the usual parade of players across the field. President B. B. Johnson of the American League will throw out the ball, and the season will be officially started.

Manager Griffith has decided upon Glade to pitch the first game, with Kleinow behind the bat. Manager Connie Mack of the visiting team will rely upon the big Indian, Bender, while Schreck, Waddell's old partner, will wear the mask and pad.

Manager McGraw and Secretary Fred Knowles, with the Giants, went over to Philadelphia last night, where they will open the season with Billy Murray's band of Quakers. Brooklyn, with its rejuvenated field at Washington Park, will entertain the Boston Club.

Giants' Contracts Approved.

President Pulliam yesterday approved and promulgated the contracts of all the players representing the New York Giants, and several releases of undesirable players from other clubs to minor league teams. The contract of Capt. Mike Donlin was approved, subject to his reinstatement by the National Commission. Last season Donlin would not sign to play with the Giants, but during part of the year played with an outlaw team in Chicago. Donlin undoubtedly will be reinstated, and the severest penalty that the commission is likely to impose would be a fine of $100, which is the highest amount assessed against players who were guilty of similar indiscretions.

Two Giants Go to Minors.

Before going to Philadelphia last night with the New York Nationals, Secretary Fred Knowles announced that Catcher James has been released to the American Association club at Columbus, Ohio, and First Baseman Pfyl was sent to Baltimore to play the initial base for Ned Hanlon's Orioles of the Eastern League. The Giants will shortly release some other players they have no positions for.

Newark Swamps Wilmington.

NEWARK, N. J., April 13.—The Wilmington Tri-State baseball team was so easy for the local Eastern Leaguers to-day that the contest became a farce and was called in the eighth inning. Newark played good ball until the long lead took the interest out of the contest. The score:

									R	H	E.
Wilmington	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	0—	5	8	7
Newark	2	1	3	2	0	0	7	..—	15	13	4

Batteries—Clunn, Jackson and Milmen; Wilhelm, Stoup, Mueller, Stanage and Krichell.

Holy Cross Wins in Strong Finish.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Holy Cross won from Georgetown in the last inning to-day, scoring the winning run on three singles off Cantwell. Georgetown made four double plays. The score:

										R	H.	E.
Holy Cross....	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1—	3	8	2
Georgetown ..	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—	2	6	7

Batteries—Dowd and Sweeney; Cantwell and Duffy.

BASEBALL TO-DAY, 3:30 P. M. Grand Opening Championship Season, American League Park, B'way and 166th St., N. Y. Americans vs. Athletics. Music by Old Guard Band. Adm. 50c. —Adv.

"HACK" EXPLAINS DEFEAT.

Wrestler, Arriving in London, Tells Admirers How Gotch Beat Him.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 13.—The admirers and followers of the Russian wrestler Hackenschmidt eagerly awaited his arrival here to-day, and would not rest after his landing at Plymouth on the steamship Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse until they had heard from his own lips the story of his defeat in America by Gotch. Hackenschmidt came off the ship pale and bearing many traces of his recent encounter.

"I blame myself for not training enough for the match," he said, "for it would not seem manly for me to look for excuses at this stage. The real fact of the match, however, is that Gotch was soaked in oil, and I could not grasp him, much less use my favorite grips and locks. I think he must have begun to oil himself at least four months before the match. His fingernails had been permitted to grow as long as claws, and they cut me like knives. This would not have been allowed by a fair referee. I wanted a New York referee all the time, but the Chicago people insisted on a Chicago man, and I had no alternative, and had to accept the man they picked."

The newspapers manifest much sympathy for "our Hack," as he is popularly termed, and predict that he will retrieve his reputation in his next meeting with Gotch.

CARTER HANDICAP TRIALS.

Final Work of Horses That Are to Run in the $10,000 Race To-morrow.

The final work of the horses engaged in the $10,000 Carter Handicap, the feature of the opening of the racing season at the Aqueduct track to-morrow, took place yesterday, when the chief move by any of the horses entered in the big event was made at the Sheepshead Bay training course by James R. Keene's three-year-old Restigouche. The Keene colt was sent seven furlongs, the full distance of the Carter Handicap, and under restraint all the way finished in 1:29 1-5, going so well within his powers that the actual time of the move was considered of little importance by the horsemen who saw the trial.

Restigouche was one of the highly tried two-year-olds of the Keene stable last season, and though he had a racing record that is not in the least remarkable, Restigouche is the choice of the majority of the Sheepshead Bay trainers for the first important race of the season to-morrow.

Glorifier, which with Jack Atkin is the equal top weight for the Carter, and which won the event last season, was sent a three-quarter speed gallop, and showed himself to be in fair condition, in spite of the fact that he has been campaigning all the Winter at New Orleans. From the stable of Frank Weir, at Gravesend, it was stated as a definite fact that Dr. Gardner, owned by T. D. Sullivan, will not be a starter for the Carter. There is strong fear that Dr. Gardner, one of the best of last season's handicap horses, is broken down permanently.

Spooner, also trained at Gravesend, in the Newcastle Stable, by Thomas Welsh, is another of the Spring choices for the Carter which will not start. Chapultepec and Angelus, both of which raced through the Winter at New Orleans, worked together on Sunday a half mile in 0:48, and will start for the Carter, after another slow work to-day. Welbourne went seven furlongs in 1:28. At Belmont Park Alethuo and Red River galloped six furlongs in 1:17 on a heavy track, and will be given light work to-day. Both are expected to run for the Carter. Raby Wolf of the H. P. Whitney Stable showed a trial on Sunday which he easily could have improved on, and is announced as a starter, with the probability that Brookdale Nymph, which still is at the Brookdale Farm, where she was trained through the Winter, will start with him as his stable mate. Meelick, Rifleman, Oxford, Old Honesty, Bat Masterson, and Berry Maid are the most prominent of the other prospective runners for the Carter Handicap.

INDOOR LAWN TENNIS.

Semi-Finals Played at St. Nicholas Rink in Spirited Matches.

Women played spirited lawn tennis in the semi-finals of the indoor lawn tennis tournament yesterday, Miss Anita Peabody and C. Frederick Watson, Jr., and Mrs. Harold Minott and Frederick De Rham winning at St. Nicholas Rink. The victory of the latter pair was only achieved when darkness had nearly called a halt to the match. In the last games Mrs. Minott and De Rham defeated Miss Natila Howland and Bernon S. Prentice, 6—4, 2—6, 9—7. In the other match Miss Peabody and Watson defeated Miss Edith Deacon and Edgar W. Ledyard, 6—4 and 6—love. The first match of the women's doubles tournament will also be decided this afternoon, Mrs. George L. Chapman and Mrs. Miles meeting Mrs. Harold Minott and Miss Margaret Busk. The summary:

Mixed Doubles.—Semi-Final Round—Miss Anita Peabody and C. Frederick Watson, Jr., defeated Miss Edith Deacon and Edgar W. Ledyard, 6—4, 6—0; Mrs. Harold Minott and Frederick De Rahm defeated Mrs Natila Howland and Bernon S. Prentice, 6—4, 2—6, 9—7.

Shooting in a Fifty-Mile Gale.

A. E. Hendrickson, Captain of the Crescent Athletic Club's celebrated "Moonlight Squad," carried off the honors at the Bergen Beach Gun Club weekly shoot on Saturday, and that in the face of a fifty-mile gale, which scattered the targets in all directions. There was an unusually large turnout of marksmen, but high scores were impossible. To-day, the last of three contests for three gold medals will be decided at fifty birds per man, and there will also be a sweepstake shoot.

Duffy Controls Providence Club.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 13.—Hugh Duffy assumed full control of the Providence Club of the Eastern League to-day, being elected Secretary-Treasurer and Manager at the annual meeting. Timothy J. Crowley of Boston was elected President, and Duffy, Crowley, and Charles J. Lavis were chosen a Board of Directors. The row between former President Alfred G. Doe and Duffy, which nearly disrupted the team last year, and threatened to affect the prospects of the present season, was effectually disposed of. Formal releases of all claims against the club were received from Doe.

Former Ball Player Kelley Dead.

PATERSON, N. J., April 13.—John Kelley, aged 48 years, died at his home, 202 Mill Street, to-day after a lingering illness. Years ago he was a prominent player in professional baseball, appearing here as a catcher on the old Olympus. Later he played with the Baltimore Nationals. From there he went to Cleveland, and then to San Francisco, catching in the California State League. His later years were spent in the saloon business here. His family is prominent politically.

Fifty-five Horses in Charter Oak.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 13.—The announcement of the entries for the early closing events at Charter Oak Park for the Grand Circuit races in September shows that fifty-five horses are named for the Charter Oak stake of $10,000 for trotters eligible to the 2:09 trot, which will consist of three races. The winner of each will get $1,500, with $500 to second, $300 to third, and $200 to fourth. There will be $2,500 for the horse winning the greatest number of races, and this horse will be declared the winner of the Charter Oak.

Athletics Release a Catcher.

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.—Catcher McDonough of the Philadelphia American League Club left to-night for Denver, where he will join the Western League club of that city.

Scores of Baseball Games.

At Williamsport, Penn—Williamsport, 7; Binghamton, 4.

At Lancaster, Penn.—Toronto, 5; Lancaster, 1.

At Knoxville, Tenn.—Michigan, 10; Tennessee, 4.

At Raleigh, N. C.—Davidson, 1; A. and M., 0.

At Charlottesville, Va.—Virginia, 10; Dartmouth, 0.

At Richmond, Va.—Buffalo, 8; Richmond, 4.

EASTER—the day of the "dress-parade"—holds a place of interest with the well dressed man. And the more conversant a man is with the finer phases of correct dress—the more interested will he be in our distinctive showing of Spring Overcoats.

At $25 we present a varied series of Spring Overcoats—Coverts, Diagonals, Stripes, Herringbones, Overplaids, Cravenettes and plain fabrics—silk-lined, of course—with the boxy back hanging straight from the shoulders.

Wm. Vogel & Son,
Broadway, Houston St.

Announcement

"It Saves a Business Day."

On and after Sunday, April 19th, the famous 18-hour train between New York and Chicago, the

20th Century Limited

the fastest long distance train in the world, will operate on the following schedule:

Leave New York 3:30 P.M. | Leave Chicago 2:30 P.M.
Arrive Chicago 8:30 A.M. | Arrive New York 9:30 A.M.

N. B.—This train will leave at 3:00 P. M., as at present, each day until April 18th inclusive.

OFFICES:
149, 245, 415 & 1216 B'way
25 Union Square
275 Columbus Avenue
117 West 125th Street
125th Street Station, and
Grand Central Station
BROOKLYN: 338 and 726 Fulton St. and 954 B'way

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES
"AMERICA'S GREATEST RAILWAY SYSTEM"

Railroad and Pullman tickets delivered upon request
Write L. F. Vosburgh G.E.P.A.
1216 Broadway, N.Y.
'Phone 5680 Madison

NEW MOTORBOATS TO RACE.

Special Meeting to Discuss Plans—Harmsworth Defender.

A syndicate is likely to be formed among half a dozen or more members of the Motorboat Club of America to build a high-powered speed boat to defend the Harmsworth International Challenge Cup, which was won last year in England by Edward Schroeder's motorboat Dixie.

A special meeting of the Motorboat Club of America has been called for this evening at the clubrooms, in the Waldorf-Astoria, to discuss the proposition of building a new boat, as the club's special representative in the race. By the terms of the deed of gift, however, all of the boats intending to compete from this country must be entered from the Motorboat Club of America.

The news that ex-Commodore Schroeder had decided to sell Dixie has led to the belief that he would give others a chance this year to show that they could furnish a boat faster than Dixie. It was learned yesterday that Mr. Schroeder has no intention of being a mere spectator this season. He has been quietly preparing to enter a boat for the international race that he believes will beat Dixie's record. It is a twelve-meter boat, about thirty-nine feet long, close to the limit, and has just been finished at City Island.

The other boats assured for the race are Chip III., a twelve-meter boat, and the Atkin-Wheeler boat of eight meters, a trifle over twenty-six feet, built for C. C. Wheeler of Long Island. Both of these boats are ready for their engine equipment. J. H. Hoadley of the Motorboat Club will enter a new boat, and the Irene of Philadelphia is likely to be seen.

The only foreign boat absolutely assured is the challenger, the Wolseley-Sidderley, equipped with two eight-cylinder engines, giving 400 horse power.

It has been definitely decided to hold the race at Huntington Harbor on Aug. 1. The Motorboat Club of America is planning to conduct a motorboat race week at that time, from Aug. 1 to Aug. 8, and a programme for all classes of boats is being arranged.

FISHING AND FISHERMEN.

HIGH TIDE FROM APRIL 14 TO 18.

New Lon.		Sandy Hook.		Gov. Is.		Willets Pt.	
A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
1:35	2:10	5:52	6:17	12:36	12:49	3:32	3:40
2:38	2:45	12:28	12:40	1:10	1:20	4:05	4:14
3:15	3:16	1:07	1:13	1:48	1:55	4:42	4:53
3:55	3:50	1:48	1:50	2:27	2:29	5:20	5:30
4:40	4:25	2:30	2:30	3:05	3:02	6:03	6:12

Cold weather this Spring keeps codfish on the move in Gravesend Bay, and fishermen with clams for bait have been making fairly good catches. On Sunday Bobby Leach and Herman Flood of the Eureka Fishing Club, off the Ulmer Park Pier, caught a dozen good ones. Leach pulled up a fine eight-pounder.

At Rockaway Point and other well-known fishing places along Jamaica Bay on Sunday, flounders of good size were plentiful. Broad Channel seemed to produce the best results, the anglers congregating a short distance from the trestlework and landing fish without difficulty. Probably the best catch of the day at that point was made by Jack Harris of the Stonehedge Fishing Club of the Bronx, who took home twelve of the nicest flounders taken from the bay since the season opened.

After their good luck on Sunday, fishermen tried the flounder grounds at City Island again yesterday, between 8 and 9 o'clock in the morning proved to be the most appropriate time, and flounders weighing from two to three and a half pounds were frequently landed. John Buskirk of East Thirty-fourth Street, a member of the Melrose Fishing Association, caught eight in a little over one hour.

The Delmores of South Brooklyn, which were organized two weeks ago, have scheduled their first trip for Coney Island next Sunday. They purpose to take in all the choice fishing stations throughout the local waters during the season.

Hammer Hurler's Fatal Throw.

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.—Dan Luby, the crack hammer thrower of the University of Pennsylvania, accidentally struck and fatally injured "Sotty" Renwick, one of the ground attendants, with a hammer while in practice at Franklin Field this afternoon.

It's true that we carry the flower of each season's woolens, and that every pattern shown is exclusive with us.

But our prices are not exclusive—we devote as much care and attention, and have as wide a variety of Spring suits at from $18 to $25, as at the higher prices up to $45.

The same way with Derby hats—

The Knapp Felt De Luxe at $6 is the richest Derby to be had, but we are just as strong on the Knapp Felt Derbies at $4 and the Crofut & Knapp at $3.

It's just a matter of how much luxury a man wants.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores.
258 at Warren st. | 842 at 13th st. | 1260 at 32nd st.

MAXWELL WINS RACE.

Defeats Reo in Contest from Pittsburg to Philadelphia and Return.

PITTSBURG, April 13.—The Maxwell and Reo cars which started on Saturday in a race from Pittsburg to Philadelphia and return, twice crossing the Alleghany Mountains, finished the run at 9:30 o'clock this morning, the Maxwell winning by a good margin. The winner's time was forty-four hours. Each car carried two drivers and an observer, and ran constantly over the rough and mountainous roads without stopping for any rest. The men slept in their seats when they were not driving.

Each car was of the two-cylinder type and of about the same power, and were racing for a wager of $500 a side. The test of reliability and durability was extremely severe and both drivers declared to-night they did not believe a heavier car could have done nearly so well. C. W. Kelsey drove the winning car.

Fey Out of Pool Tourney.

CHICAGO, April 13.—In the pool tournament to-day the afternoon game was won by Weston, who defeated Fey by a score of 125 to 59. This was Fey's fourth consecutive defeat, and it throws him out of competition.

THE TURF.

Queens County Jockey Club

AQUEDUCT, L. I.

OPENING OF RACING SEASON TO-MORROW (WED.)

CONTINUING EVERY WEEK DAY UNTIL APRIL 28.
SIX INTERESTING CONTESTS DAILY, BEGINNING AT 2:30 P. M.
GREAT OPENING DAY ATTRACTION

THE $10,000 CARTER HANDICAP

Special Race Trains for Opening Day leave East 34th St. at 10:50, 11:50 A. M., 12:10, 12:30, 12:40, 1:00, 1:10, 1:20, 1:30, 1:40 and 1:50, 2:50 P. M.
Also from Flatbush Ave., 11:04 A. M., 12:30, 12:50, 1:00, 1:05, 1:15, 1:30, 1:45, 2:00, 2:15, 3:00 P. M.
Also via Kings Co. "L" and thence by trolley direct to Field Stand.
—CONCERTS BY LANDER'S BAND.
ADMISSION TO GRAND STAND, $3. LADIES, $1.50. FIELD STAND, $1.00.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Secy.
Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES,
Times Square, New York City.
Telephone: 1000 Bryant.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, APRIL 14, 1908.

Entered at the New York Post Office as second-class mail matter.

ONE CENT in Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.
FIVE CENTS Sunday.

OFFICES—NEW YORK:
Publication.....Times Square
Downtown.....8 Spruce Street
Wall Street.....50 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Washington Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
LONDON.....67 Fleet St., E. C.
PARIS.....36 Rue du Sentier

Subscription Rates—By Mail, Postage Paid.

DAILY, per Week	$0.12
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week	0.17
DAILY, per Month	0.50
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month	0.75
DAILY, per Year	6.00
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year	8.50
SUNDAY, with Pictorial Section, per Year	2.50
THE NEW YORK TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL QUOTATION REVIEW, per Year	1.00
To Canada, $1.50 per year.	
THE NEW YORK TIMES SATURDAY REVIEW, per Year	1.00
To Canada, $1.50 per year.	

Add $1.05 per month for foreign countries Daily and Sunday, 80 cents daily only.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

SAVING THE SHIP SUBSIDIES.

The advocates of ship subsidies—it is cruel to note that the most ardent of them are the prospective beneficiaries, including some extremely "undesirable" citizens—are at the last moment driven to something very like a trick to get a vote in the House. The Post Office Committee last week turned down the measure. Only seven votes could be got for it in committee, all Republicans, while three Republicans and five Democrats opposed it. Now the only remaining chance for it is to tack it to the Post Office Appropriation bill. Even then it is not sure to pass, for no one really doubts that the vote in the House Committee fairly represents the true popular opinion in the matter, that is, the disinterested opinion.

The advocates of the subsidy measure have pretty well confined themselves to the demonstration of our want of a mercantile marine. They have not shown and they cannot show that their measure will meet that need. They are prudent. All our history is against them. In the current number of The Outlook Mr. LOUIS WINDMULLER recalls succinctly our desperate efforts with the Collins Line and with the Pacific Mail to build up a merchant service with subsidies, and our awkward half-way attempt in the case of the American Line. The first two cases were miserable failures. The last has secured four steamers, two built in British yards. Mr. WINDMULLER also exposes the absurdity of the claim that the merchant service of Great Britain, Germany, and Norway has been built up by subsidies. "Less than 5 per cent. of the gross tonnage controlled on the high seas by these three nations receives any subsidy, and the compensation for mail carriage is measured by the rendered service."

The unanswerable argument in this matter is that we have no call to give subsidies in the form of mail payments or otherwise, until we have fairly and fully tried the policy of free trade in ships which Great Britain and Germany, the two great marine powers of the world, have pursued with brilliant success, the former for more than half a century. We know that it is said that our laws as to ships and sailors make it impracticable to run a foreign-built ship in competition with those of other nations. If this be found to be so, then it is plain that free ships would do no harm to any interest. At any rate there is plainly no sense in trying to bribe our yards to build ships with taxpayers' money until we have tried the experiment of free ships. Why should we reject a policy that has succeeded with other peoples and cling to one that has failed with them and with us?

OUR FOREIGN DEBTORS.

Some doleful comment is based upon the fact that our agricultural exports in March decreased $16,468,883 compared with last year. These lamentations are premature, and not warranted. If it shall appear that our balance of trade is maintained, reasonable men can ask no more, and it is certain that our balance is good. The Treasury figures are still too incomplete to enable this to be said upon their authority, but it is known that imports at New York alone declined twice as much as our exports of domestic products. Doubtless this decline of $31,252,435 in the imports at New York is itself an unwelcome sign of our present depression, but that is something apart from the relations of our exports to our imports. It does not make trade better to point out that its volume is shrinking, but there is no indication that we are going to export gold in the fact that our bills payable abroad have fallen off twice as much as our receivables from abroad.

Nor is it any fair ground of lament that we are sending out a smaller volume of agricultural products. Nobody could expect to sell the same bushel or bale twice, and the fact that we have already sold and collected and have our money in pocket is queer cause for worry. It is true that our agricultural exports in March fell off more compared with February than when compared with March of last year. It is true that this comparison is striking, being a decrease this year of $28,505,000, compared with $5,891,000 last year. But this is merely proof that we have delivered and collected, not that our trade or our profits are smaller. That this is the true state of the case appears from the fact that, including the decrease of exports of domestic commodities for March, our exports for the nine months including March are $789,781,058, against $764,081,898 last year, and $715,002,198 in 1906. There is more than one trade which would like to have depression and reaction spelt in that way.

But even this fails to exhaust the encouragement contained in these figures. Our exports are at advancing prices, and our imports at declining figures. We are getting more goods for less money, and we are selling more goods at higher prices for each unit. And we could do better yet were it not for our own perversity. For instance, our decline in March is altogether due to cotton, we having collected $18,759,186 less on cotton alone, but exported enough more meats and oil to make up the loss on breadstuffs and cotton. Every meat eater knows what the price of meat is, and reprobates the trust accordingly. But the Cotton Trust is forgotten. Yet the cotton combine has exacted a cent a pound more than last year, although it is holding so much off the market that it is proposed to reduce acreage, lest there should be a surplus next year. This is so pernicious in its effects upon those who lose employment because cotton is too dear to spin, and who are troubled to buy dear cotton clothing, that it is a joy to record that the market riggers are losing money.

These considerations are no sure sign that we shall not export gold. We have more than we need of it. There are those who have a better appreciation of gold than ourselves, as well as more need for it. We can lend them from our surplus, but it is well to record that they are actually doing what they thought we were doing, that is, borrowing gold. We proved that we bought it, and later on we shall prove that they borrowed it. If there is the slightest difficulty in parting with gold, as is not likely, it will merely prove how bad our "best" currency system is.

THE CHELSEA FIRE.

In the ruined suburban town of Chelsea, Mass., to-day, there is danger of disease and starvation. Yesterday hundreds of the homeless stood for hours in line, hungrily awaiting the distribution of bread and crying for water. In the district destroyed by fire there is as yet no water supply, and 10,000 persons are homeless. Of course, all the energies of the State officers and the charitable people of neighboring towns have been concentrated on relief work. Food, tents, and blankets began to arrive almost before the flames were extinguished. But there is a great deal of relief needed, and the sympathy of the whole Eastern part of the country may be practically expressed without oversupplying the needs of the afflicted.

The fire which burned over a strip of territory two miles long, and in some places nearly a mile wide, may or may not have originated from spontaenous combustion in a pile of old rags. A lighted cigarette stump may have begun the mischief. It does not matter. There was a fierce gale blowing from the fire's starting point over a section of the town built largely of wood. The result was inevitable. Such a fire might occur any day in any city, even in the outlying districts of this metropolis. Chelsea is an old town and a comparatively poor one, but it differs very little from the wealthiest towns of its neighborhood in the predominance of wooden buildings and others of the quickly burning sort.

To draw a moral is alike obvious and useless. Well-seasoned wood will burn when ignited, and an efficient Fire Department cannot do much to stay such a conflagration while the wind blows at sixty miles an hour. The main thing to do now is to shelter and feed the victims and provide them with water. The economic problems relating to the disaster can be soberly considered later on.

FATHER CURRY'S CRITICISMS.

It is certainly unfortunate that any work undertaken for the improvement of the conditions surrounding the poor in any part of the city should have incurred the harsh comment made by Father CURRY, rector of the Church of St. James, in James Street, upon the east side settlements, and that of JACOB A. RIIS in particular. An occurrence of this sort generally suggests mistakes on both sides, and when this is the case it is not a hopeful task to analyze and appreciate the errors.

There are three charges, in substance, made by Father CURRY. One is that the workers in the settlements, in their publications and the illustrations therefor, misrepresent the truth and exaggerate the worst side. For this there may be some foundation. The natures of even the most sensible of charity workers are apt to be emotional and tend to make them dwell on the impressive features of the life by which they are surrounded. Moreover, as their work is necessarily sustained mostly by voluntary contributions from persons not directly informed, there is an almost unavoidable tendency, in appealing for support, to offer the most affecting view of the need of help. If there were serious doubt that the help really is needed, this tendency would be more blameworthy. At best it is not commendable, and should be guarded against, but at the worst we believe that it is not very important.

The other two charges are (1) that the money expended by the settlement workers pauperizes the people of the poorer districts and makes grafters of the older ones, and (2) that practically they are appropriating the money contributed to them at such a rate that only 10 per cent. reaches the "poor man." On the face of them these statements are mutually destructive. The settlement workers cannot pocket money and at the same time use it to demoralize a community. This incongruity in the assertions of Father CURRY may be due to carelessness, and we do not wish to make too much of it. But it is fair to say that such evidence as we have been able to obtain does not sustain either of the accusations referred to. Doubtless there are isolated errors of this kind, but we do not know of any proof that they exist on an appreciable scale in settlement work, while we do know of much unselfish and intelligent service rendered in this direction.

On the other hand, it is very well known that the Catholic Church, through its thorough organization and by its army of devoted agents in the priesthood and otherwise, renders also extended and valuable service in the same field. We do not ourselves see any necessary occasion for lack of harmony among those thus engaged in work that is so plentiful and pressing, and it is our impression, despite the severe strictures of Father CURRY, that a good deal of real harmony does exist. It would be a great pity, and not entirely creditable to either side, if this were not the case.

THE WILLIAMS BANK BILL.

The principle of the bill conferring upon the Superintendent of Banks larger powers over institutions that have violated the Banking laws, or in any way have become unsound and unsafe, is so good that minor criticisms and objections ought not to weigh against it. The very substantial advantage of putting a stop to the waste of receiverships and of transferring the control of failed banks from the Attorney General to the Superintendent is a sufficient justification of the bill.

Objection to the bill in its present form has been made on the ground that the powers it confers on the Superintendent are very much larger than those the National Banking act confers upon the Controller. This would not be unwise, of course, if the additional powers were required for safe banking. The grounds upon which the Controller may take possession of a National bank arise out of conditions affecting its capital, its lawful money reserve, the redemption of its notes, insolvency, and violations of law concerning ownership of its own stock. The bill now pending at Albany would enable the Superintendent to take possession of the property and business of a bank for impairment of capital, violation of charter, continuing business in an unsafe or unauthorized manner, refusal to submit the books and papers to inspection, refusal of an officer to be examined under oath, for suspension of payments, or if the Superintendent shall have reason to believe that the bank is in unsound and unsafe condition to continue business. It is also provided that the Superintendent may take action when the bank has violated "any law of this State."

The amendment to Section 17 authorizes the Superintendent in case of the violation of any law of the State to order a discontinuance of the violation. But the new section added—Section 17a, "Causes for Dissolution"—declares that if the bank "shall violate its charter or any law of the State," the Superintendent may cause a proceeding to be begun for dissolution. This is going rather far. The Banking law of 1892, in Section 18, provides for dissolution proceedings if the bank "shall be found to have violated its charter or any law of the State binding upon it." A bank, like any other corporation, might by sheer inadvertence violate some law of the State without thereby in any manner bringing upon itself the reproach of conducting its banking business in an unsafe or unauthorized manner. A perfectly sound and well-managed bank might in the management or the improvement of its real estate or its building transgress some law not related to bank operations, and under this bill it might by so doing incur the grossly disproportionate penalty of having to go out of business. We presume the Legislature does not intend to enact a provision having that effect. Safe banking would be sufficiently insured if the Superintendent's powers of action concerned only violations of the Banking law. Other transgressions might be left to the remedy of an ordinary proceeding.

The bill with some slight amendments certainly should be enacted. The reasons for it were set forth conclusively by the Governor's special Commission on Banks. In that report it was shown that in a period of ten years from 1892 the expense of a majority of receiverships had run from 20 to 30 per cent. of the receipts, in some cases as high as 80 or 90 per cent. In the National Banking act, on the other hand, where the Controller has the power to take possession, the cost of liquidation proceedings during a period of forty-three years from the passage of the act was only 7.4 per cent. of the receipts. Moreover, under the present law providing for action by the Attorney General neither the Banking Department nor the people get any reports of the administration of their trust by the receivers. The control over banks that have put themselves in an unsound position should be vested in the Banking Department, which, by reason of its knowledge of the facts and of its special qualifications, is better fitted than any other department of the State Government or than receivers appointed by the courts to take the proper action at the least cost.

ELIMINATING THE ACTOR.

While purely altruistic plans for the expenditure of huge sums of money on actors and dramatists in the New Theatre are now fertilising in the brains of some thousands of the cognoscenti, (most of whom are quite unknown to the builders of the temple on Central Park West,) a gentleman named PERRY has been solving a number of theatrical puzzles by a mechanical process. From THEOPHILE GAUTIER to the philosophical advanced critics of the current drama, the personality of the actor has annoyed the most eloquent, if least profitable, advocates of the stage as a possibly intellectual force. A man or woman richly endowed with histrionism has generally been subjected to diagnosis with the most unfavorable result.

Mr. PERRY'S scheme omits the personality of the actor. By the employment of the ideas of dramatists long since deceased it avoids the heartrending payment of royalties. It abolishes scenery and costumes, and the music between the acts. In short, Mr. PERRY has perfected a theatre on the plan of an improved magic lantern with an improved phonographic attachment. You can see the counterfeit presentment of actors and hear the echoes of their voices. There must have been real actors originally, you say? Not necessarily. Admirable moving pictures of King EDWARD'S coronation were exhibited in London a day or two after the event. Yet there was never a photographer or a flashlight in Westminster Abbey.

Mr. PERRY'S plan is an improvement on one that has been in successful operation a year or so. It is susceptible of further improvement. With a little increase of ingenuity he can dispense with the sidewalk ticket speculator, the usher who haughtily permits you to find your seat, and the manager. Thus the theatre will become at last a source of unalloyed pleasure to the sensitive souls who have found highly developed histrionism a blight on the drama.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

The Mystery of the Maine.

As long as the Maine stays where it is now, just showing above the unsavory waters of Havana Harbor, there will probably be people to greet every proposition in or out of Congress for raising the vessel with the prophecy that if this ever is done their belief that it was sunk by an interior explosion will be confirmed. Now, as a matter of fact, even the most malignant of these prophets have no such belief; they simply remember that for a while they had suspicions—perhaps "hopes" would be the better word—that such was the case, and their minds are so constructed that these suspicions or hopes have survived the presentation by the Board of Inquiry of evidence absolutely proving that the Maine was blown up from the outside.

Even admitting what these strange persons are so fond of asserting, that the board's report was a tissue of lies and suppressions, they still have to ignore the fact that to this day the keel of the Maine mutely testifies against the interior explosion theory by protruding above the decks through which it was driven by the force of the submerged mine. Even that apparently impossible task they perform off hand, however, and maunder on endlessly about how strange it is if there was a mine that no fragments of it were ever found—how remarkable that if a Spaniard or Cuban pressed the key that set off the mine his identity has never been discovered.

It is nothing to the upholders of the interior explosion theory that when the wreck was first examined large quantities of unburned powder were found in the holds, and nothing to them that all their talk about the deterioration of modern ammunition with age and its consequent tendency toward spontaneous ignition is made absurd by the circumstance that on board the Maine there was not a pound of the kind of powder to which they refer. There is, indeed, still a "mystery of the Maine," but it is the mystery how anybody can now affect a doubt as to the method of her destruction. That was settled for good and all over nine years ago, and, beyond clearing Havana Harbor of a troublesome obstruction, nothing would or could be accomplished by raising the wreck, except, perhaps, a needless confirmation of what is already known.

Women are often charged with a large capacity for disputing the indisputable, and for arguing anew questions that have been argued out, but this is not a sex peculiarity, unless it be true that the men who show it are not men at all. The ever-recurring chatter that comes from some of them about the Maine is enough to make one think so.

A Remedy for the High Steps.

At last we have been told why the steps of the new Fourth Avenue cars are so high. That they are high, and to a degree which for many women and some men causes inconvenience and discomfort, even we, with all our disposition to praise these cars as marking a distinct advance in the methods and facilities of surface transportation, have been obliged to confess. But the electrician who wrote to us on the subject yesterday confirmed our supposition that the steps are at their present heights, not from a wicked desire to trouble the gentler passengers or from a little less reprehensible indifference to the amount of agility possessed by the general public, but because big cars must be equipped with big motors and these in turn must be raised well above the chance of accidental contact with snow and water between the tracks.

That, as an explanation, does very well, but we do not quite follow the writer of the letter when he says: "Without contracting the area of the platforms two steps are impracticable, because it is apparent to observation that a step projecting beyond the side of the vehicle would be a source of danger." The problem thus formulated may be a somewhat difficult one, but, were the necessity for solving it recognized, solved it undoubtedly would be unless American ingenuity has been much overrated.

The first idea that comes to us is that, if the platforms were made a few inches lower than the floor of the car body, all the advantages of two steps would be secured without encroaching on platform space or making any dangerous projections at the side. People might stumble a little till they became familiar with a step at the inner doorway, but the consequences would not be serious and everybody would soon learn. A practical car builder might easily hit upon other and better devices than this, but no serious objection to it is obvious.

Certainly something ought to be done to remedy a real fault. Women, as we know from our letters and otherwise, are talking a lot about the high steps of these cars, and not a few of them avoid the line for no other reason. That is a pity, for it is likely to cause a lasting prejudice and to inspire in many minds a conviction that the old style cars are the better. Thus would the much-needed reform of our street railways be delayed or prevented through the discouragement of the men who have made what is about the first really intelligent and successful effort to increase the comfort of passengers in transit. Of the expected trouble over change little or nothing has been heard, the public evidently being less "set in their ways" than had been supposed. The inconvenience of the high steps has, we think, been much exaggerated except in the case of a comparatively few invalids and semi-invalids, but it is large for many, and it can and should be obviated as soon as practicable.

Selecting Wives Sensibly.

Is it true, as one of our correspondents asserts, that there are many "Mary Harts" and that most of them are unmarried and likely to remain so? In other words, are sensible and competent women, women moderate in their expectations from life and both willing and able to do their part in making home what it conventionally ought to be, at a disadvantage in the never-to-be-confessed race for the altar as against the airy graces of their more frivolous sisters?

According to the cynical "M. A. C.," the majority of young men do not know when they see women of the kind they pretend to want and are not really looking for girls of that sort. It may be so, or so to some extent, but the chances are that "M. A. C." is misled when she assumes that young men consciously build up an ideal of the wife who will suit them, and then go about looking for somebody who comes up to the ideal. That, perhaps, is what they ought to do, though even that is a bit doubtful, but their usual course is quite different, and the accidents of propinquity do most of the determining for them.

Lands where more thought is taken before matrimony than here do not get along appreciably better than we do, nor are happy homes there more numerous. The sensible and competent woman is not necessarily a more satisfactory wife than her antithesis—or, at least, so 'tis said by those who say they know.

EAST SIDE TEACHERS.

They are Warned to Guard Their Words and Influence.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

We see the fire the false teachers inflame and see it growing in intensity.

Coming from homes of comfort and in some cases of luxury, these men and good women who are so pronounced in their sympathies with "the distressed" east sider, very naturally see conditions that to them are unbearable, but are altogether bearable to those who are in that state. They show the unbearable things which the people bravely bear, and which in bearing make for good, and out of which they will arise, if let alone. They emphasize conditions which are only noticeable to those in a better state, in such a way as to emphasize injustice and arouse enmity and awaken strife. The very liberty which is so precious is made a weapon of destruction. The varied clubs, held for improvement, which are beneficial in varied ways, become means of creating dissatisfaction, and a spirit of revolution. "You are free," they say, "this is a free government; you have all rights." And they look at their rights. Rights with a big R. "Look at your duties," said Mazzini, "instead of insisting upon your rights." How differently that man spoke!

Even the History Clubs, which in so many ways are most helpful, become the uncanny instruments which make boys and girls and young men and women see their chances—in the wrong direction.

More than twenty years' residence and work in the very heart of the east side reveal this to me: If those who seek to help, as they say, and come down to the east side, would only keep their words guarded by the thought that they must stand in the most positive way against all the vices and warn against the possible evils that are in the direct line of the prevaling tendencies among a large number of the population here, they would do a permament good.

What a noble thing it would be if everybody had common sense!

JOHN T. WILDS.

New York, March 31, 1908.

As to Insularity.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your column of "Topics of the Times" yesterday you cited Bar Harbor as an instance of the "insularity" of islanders in objecting to automobiles. As a visitor to Bar Harbor each Summer for the past seven years I must take exception to the implications contained therein. The islanders themselves in many cases do not object to the coming of automobiles, and many, indeed, are favorable to allowing them to come, thinking that they will bring more people and more money to the island. The opposition comes almost entirely from the Summer residents and cottagers, many of whom have acquired legal residence and vote there. They object most strongly to the admission of automobiles to the island, and with good reason.

Coming largely from New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and Washington, many themselves own motors in their respective cities, and they and many others expressly desire to get away from them in the Summer. One of the most prominent cottagers said last Summer that if motors were allowed on the island he would sell his horses, close his cottage, and never come back, and he meant it.

ALFRED HOMER LEWIS.

New York, April 8, 1908.

It Legalizes the Boycott?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Are we to understand that the reported break between President Roosevelt and Samuel Gompers was only a sham after all? Or was it a case of quick surrender? Never, never would the President consent to legalize the boycott, and Mr. Gompers fortwith stumped out breathing thunder. But the test of reality is the wording of the Hepburn bill. And there we read in Section 7: "Nothing in the act approved July 2, 1890, or in this bill, is intended, nor shall any provision thereof hereafter be enforced, so as to interfere with or restrict any right of employes to strike for any cause or to combine or to contract with each other or with employers for the purpose of peaceably obtaining from employers satisfactory terms for their labor or satisfactory conditions of employment."

Here is full and "satisfactory" license for the boycott. The boycott is the most peaceable of things. It operates in stillness. It makes no fuss. It is ideal for combination. SCRUTATOR.

New York, April 9, 1908.

GALLERY NOTES.

Dog Portrait Models by MacKarness Shown at the Tooth Galleries.

Despite the attention paid in recent years to animal sculpture, dogs have seemed to appeal more strongly to the painter than to the sculptor. It is pleasant, therefore, to find them taken very seriously, indeed, by Mr. MacKarness, whose exhibition at the Tooth Galleries, 299 Fifth Avenue, consists entirely of portrait models of dogs. The models are small and the workmanship is crisp and interesting. Not only the dog's anatomy, but his "points" and disposition are thoroughly understood by the sculptor, whose portraits have a saliency and quiet strength to be coveted by many an artist attempting human portraiture.

Each little animal is placed in a characteristic attitude, and thrills with vitality. The Irish terrier, "Growgill Phil," owned by James A. McAleenan, and Mr. McComb's wire-haired fox terrier, "Rowsley Jester," are perhaps the masterpieces of the collection in their triumph over the difficulties of rendering with precision and the effect of art the texture of the coat and the minor details important to a dog fancier, but each example has its individual merits and shows particular study. The bulldog, "Rodney Stone," is a powerfully modeled figure, and the collie, the only example of a study of type rather than a portrait, has both charm and truth.

It is so difficult to obtain a truly representative likeness of a canine friend that this branch of portraiture, if taken up by competent craftsmen, will stand an excellent chance of popular success. It demands, however, a knowledge of dogs and a sympathy with them that are far from common.

At the Knoedler Galleries, 355 Fifth Avenue, P. A. Laszlo is showing a group of portraits, including one of President Roosevelt. The President is seated, a cape overcoat thrown back on his shoulders, his whip and gloves in his right hand, his left hand clenched and resting on his knee. His brows are contracted with his habitual frown, his lower lip is thrust out, his eyes droop somewhat heavily, giving a moody expression to the face. The painting is bold and the characterization no less so.

Another portrait in which the subject lends itself to a more sensitive handling is of "Miss M. B." Here the brushwork is hard, yet the beauty of the material is felt, and the modeling of the eyes in particular shows close observation. In the portrait of H. L. Terrell, Esq., the type is again one that demands uncompromising treatment, and the artist shows authority in his representation.

In the "Little Galleries of the Photo-Secession," 291 Fifth Avenue, a collection of drawings, lithographs, water colors, and etchings by M. Henri Matisse of Paris are on view. The water colors, which are in the first room, are examples of the theory of the decomposition of light pushed to its extreme limits and expressed with a kind of sophisticated naïveté. Although the uninitiated eye will be confused by the application of the color in streaks and dots of pure pigment, the idea is, of course, far from a new one, and M. Matisse has a sense of form quite sufficient to lead him to build up compositions in which dignity and balance are controlling factors.

One or two of his little views of water and shore, vibrating with light and gay in color, have a charm like that of broken snatches of song in the open air, disconnected yet suggestive of the whole and spontaneously blithe. The drawings in the inner room are in the nature of academies, showing a trained insight into problems of form and movement with a Gothic fancy for the ugly and distorted, many of them amounting to caricatures without significance.

"FOR CHILDREN."

Proposes to Restrict Baby Carriages to Certain Neighborhoods.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Kindly permit another word regarding the baby carriages on Riverside Drive and elsewhere.

There still exists in the world a number of women who consider marriage and children synonymous terms—who cannot contemplate the former without the latter—who believe babies to be a vital necessity and themselves co-operators with nature in the more or less important work of perpetuating the present human species. As long as these women exist there will be babies, (and baby carriages,) for nature, with the memory of innumerable extinct races in her mind, however she may laugh in her sleeve at their conceit, does not, even in her work of killing off human progeny, interfere with the desire or the effort so to assist (?) her. And if there must be babies, why not laws and rules and regulations for their protection and relief from annoyance?

In brief, why not divide the parks, buildings, and neighborhoods into "For children" and "No children," and force adults or both classes to respect these divisions? This would only be justice to the helpless and would secure them the right of way without interference over suitable territory and at the same time permit childless women to enjoy quiet neighborhoods, peaceful homes, and delightful promenades—the latter without danger of having their gowns ruined by the dirty wheels of baby carriages being rubbed against them by impudent nurse maids and arrogant mothers, and, better still, it would free the occasional hour in the park from the distressing spectacle of baby shakings, baby spankings and slappings, improper feeding, non-protection from sunlight, naps on damp grass, &c., which are now daily clouds upon otherwise beautiful scenery. Such an arrangement would be a veritable boon to the writer, and by careful canvass it might possibly be found to meet with the approval of a considerable number.

LURANA W. SHELDON.

New York, April 12, 1908.

A Distressing Case.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Concerning the "candy poisoning" and "scarlet fever" discussion in your columns recently, I feel like giving the facts concerning a young lady, a relative of mine, who died in this city about a month ago. Her illness, which was sudden and violent, was pronounced "scarlet fever," and she was accordingly treated. When too late, it was discovered that it was not scarlet fever, but ptomaine poisoning—it was believed, from eating canned lobster.

This young girl was beautiful and highly educated and an only child, which altogether makes the case the more distressing. E. O. EMERSON.

New York, March 28, 1908.

Reductio ad Humanum.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"I. V. S." says: "You would not have agitation if you did not have classes." True, but "I. V. S." has not yet reached back far enough into the domain of causes. There would be no classes if there were no human beings or if all human beings were exactly alike.

New York, April 12, 1908. E. C. W.

Ex-Senator Smith's Opinion.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Easter issue of THE NEW YORK TIMES is a masterpiece in its line and exceptionally artistic in the most minute details. I consider it an unprecedented feat in newspaper production. JAMES SMITH, JR.

Newark, April 7, 1908.

MR. NORMAN HAPGOOD ON NEW THEATRE

"What This Country Needs Is Not a Piece of Financial Splendor."

FOR MORE MODEST SCHEME

Thinks Growth in a Small House Along Available Lines of Development Would Be Best.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As Mr. John Corbin has rightly won, by his scholarship and high purpose, a position of authority in the dramatic world, his letter in your issue of Thursday seems to call for some answer from those who profoundly disagree with his conclusions.

Many of the things which he says are true. A number of them seem to me inaccurate. But the main objection to his letter is the amount of his argument which is entirely irrelevant. What has "the scant leisure and overtaxed energy of a score and more of our busiest and most important citizens" to do with the question of what kind of a theatre we need? It might be as well if the next dramatic experiment in this town were in the hands of men whose leisure was not so scant, whose energy was not so overtaxed, and who were not so important. One effort after another has come to nothing but ridicule. The fundamental question is whether the next attempt shall rely on doing something better than it was done before, or whether it shall have for its inspiration an imitation of the sort of glamour that surrounds the Metropolitan Opera House. The amount of space to be devoted to boxes in the new theatre is wise, if that theatre is to depend for its meaning upon the patronage of wealthy people who go there primarily because certain other individuals can be seen there also.

The extensive contemplated building is expected to earn enough to cover its expenses; and the two nights a week of opera are relied upon to furnish a considerable part of the support. What probability is there that, in an atmosphere like this, the remaining nights will be given, as Mr. Corbin expects, to productions of the classics, powerful enough to lift the theatre above the general level of the American stage? Is there not an immensely greater probability that the best that can happen to so large a house is to go the way of the Drury Lane Theatre, a house of rational size in the days of Garrick, which became the home of spectacle after it was burned and rebuilt on a larger scale?

When Mr. Corbin admits that the theatre, as planned, is too large for certain plays of Shaw, Barrie and Pinero, Hauptmann, and Gorky, for "Candida," "Quality Street," "Trelawny of the Wells," "The Weavers," and "The Night Refuge," he concedes more than enough to give pause even to a person less convinced than I am. On the other hand, a theatre seating 1,200 people would be sufficiently large for any classic plays that we are likely to require.

The conditions under which Aeschylus, Euripides, and Aristophanes wrote are so different that the comparison is purely misleading. Greek dramatic production bore so many likenesses to opera that any argument drawn from them is useless, quite apart from the question of whether the wearing of masks was a universal custom. Some of the statements about the size of the theatres in Rome, Spain, England, and France are a little surprising. It would be interesting to know Mr. Corbin's authority for what he says about the size of the Roman and Spanish houses. As to the Molière Theatre, I certainly take it to be well established that it did not hold more than twelve hundred persons. As to the gossipy contemporary sentence about the size of The Swan, the best authorities judge it to be much more than overbalanced by the evidence which conflicts with it.

One of the most surprising paragraphs in Mr. Corbin's letter deals with recent movements in France. In that paragraph Rostand is treated as "among the most advanced moderns," which is a peculiar description for this gifted poet. The reason for Antoine's going to the Odéon was assuredly not a failure at his own theatre; that theatre has continued along the same lines with the same success that it enjoyed before he left. Mr. Corbin also says that at the Odéon Antoine has not been successful. The best evidence that has come my way is that, under Antoine's management the Odéon for the first time has known success.

These points are perhaps enough to indicate that on this occasion Mr. Corbin has been more eager than exact. I myself am extremely sorry that Mr. Barker is not to be the manager. His tastes may be somewhat restricted, (although they include Euripides and Shakespeare,) but he is in the early prime of life, and yet he is the only manager now living who has given to the English-speaking drama a contribution of essential value. Whether or not Mr. Barker is the manager, however, it is extremely probable that no one of the best men or women available will take a position which means the necessity of filling a very large house or else giving the impression of failure. What this country needs is not a piece of financial splendor. What it needs is the demonstration by somebody that plays with meaning or with literary quality can be given with such all-around excellence that they will not seem dull to educated Americans. An immense theatre, depending almost entirely on revivals and tending toward opera, will, as far as drama is concerned, add one to the wrecks already seen. A theatre small enough not to be very expensive, not to require vast audiences, and not to discourage some of the most available lines of dramatic development, might live and slowly grow, and we might slowly learn. With the more modest scheme could go plenty of room for Shakespeare or for the revival of other standard drama. In the palace would be very unlikely indeed to appear the germs of anything vital in our production of original drama, or in our treatment of foreign plays or past masterpieces. NORMAN HAPGOOD.

New York, April 10, 1908.

APRIL SHOWERS.

I heard the rain on the roof last night,
A soft, refreshing sound,
And was glad for the sprouting seeds and roots,
Astir in the thirsty ground.

"Each drop of rain seeks some tiny seed
Be it planted never so deep!"
I mused, as we're all of us apt to do
When just about half asleep.

But when morning dawned, I didn't command
The rain and its seal at all,
For I found it had even leaked through the roof
To water the flowers on my wall!

MARIE V. CANUTESON.

TWAIN AND ROGERS BACK FROM BERMUDA

Offer to Lend $2 to Rogers Not Accepted—Strain of Traveling with Financier.

JOINS ANTI-NOISE CRUSADE

"Fourteen Banks of England Could Not Finance" Lakes to Gulf Canal.

"Birds of a feather," said Mark Twain, as he appeared on the deck of the steamer Bermuda yesterday holding H. H. Rogers by the arm. "You know the rest of it," and both humorist and financier laughed heartily. All this marked the end of a five weeks' vacation on the Island of Bermuda. Both looked in the best of health. Mark Twain wore a gray flannel suit, a long fur-lined overcoat, and a peaked cap, which sat jauntily on his long, gray hair.

Mark Twain, smoking a long, black cheroot, met interviewers standing under a sign warning male passengers that smoking on deck annoyed mal de mer patients. "It's a terrible strain, this being a financier," he said, nodding his head in the direction of Mr. Rogers. "It is also a strain traveling with one. I offered to loan Rogers $2, though I knew I was taking an awful risk. Rogers thought it was simply a courtesy and so did not take me up. Now I am $2 ahead.

"I have returned from my trip a reformer. I have joined the ranks of the anti-noise society. I have retired both from the making of after-dinner speeches and the lecture platform. No one can tolerate noise, you know, unless they are the noisemakers. I am through making a noise and so I now insist on quiet. Mrs. Rice started her crusade at the right time for me."

"Mr. Twain, what do you think of the scheme to improve our interior waterways by dredging a fourteen-foot channel down the Mississippi River?" asked one.

"I have no sentimental interest in such a project, and I have too many realities to deal with to be chasing a will-o'-the-wisp. When the Almighty built this earth He knew very well that a fourteen-foot channel from Chicago to the Gulf would have been a very excellent and much-needed thing, but he also knew that it would tax even His resources. If there were fourteen Banks of England behind the scheme, and fourteen more behind them, there would not be enough available money to finance the scheme.

"I know the Mississippi Valley and its oozy soil too well. The digging of the channel would be but the beginning. A thousand dredges could not keep it clear."

Mr. Rogers said that he had had a pleasant vacation and was much improved in health, but was out of touch with current events.

Mark Twain told of one exciting incident of the voyage home. The ocean he characterized as "most rude." On Sunday afternoon, dressed in his famous white suit, he was standing at the stern rail with Miss Dorothy Sturgis of Boston, watching the play of the ship's log, when a wave struck the vessel astern and a great comber climbed over the rail and drenched the pair.

Mr. Twain said he will remain in his Fifth Avenue house for five weeks, and then go to the new home he is building on a farm at Redding, four miles out of Danbury, Conn.

The Bermuda brought a large consignment of West Indian fish for the Aquarium. She also had on board a consignment of 1,000 boxes containing 60,000 Easter lilies. The Bermuda steamer Trinidad, arriving later in the week, will, it is expected, bring a great cargo of the lilies.

ON THE ATLANTIC HIGHWAY.

Gerry Family Off for Europe—Earl Grey of Canada Returns.

Outgoing passengers sailing to-day on the North German Lloyd liner Kronprinzessin Cecilie are:

Mrs. D. C. Blair, Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Bushnell, J. D. Bedle, Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. Cahe, Mrs. Andreas Dippel, John Duveen, Capt. and Mrs. Du Pont Dippel, Mr. and Mrs. James Forbes, Mr. and Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry, the Misses Gerry, Mr. and Mrs. Moritz Hilder, Mrs. George W. Jenkins, Mrs. H. M. Knickerbocker, Craige Lippincott, Mrs. James E. Martins, John McFadden, Dr. and Mrs. G. W. MacFarlan, Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Robinson, Mrs. Thomas E. Proctor, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene de Rahbonville, Frank W. Ralston, Mrs. Nelson Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Vatable, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Weingart, and Mr. and Mrs. William Storrs Wells.

On the Hamburg-American liner Pretoria will sail for Hamburg:

Robert Brautchle, Mrs. Henry Erkins, H. M. Humphreys, Mrs. F. W. Haff, Miss Rose O'Brien, and George Thum.

Earl Grey, Governor General of Canada; John Hyslop, Measurer of the New York Yacht Club; Dr. Charles Holmes of Bellevue Hospital, and Mrs. Alice Wasserman of Brooklyn were passengers on the steamship Bermudian which arrived yesterday from Bermuda.

WEDDING PLANS.

Swan-Hamilton Marriage April 21—Bliss-Barnes Wedding To-day.

Owing to a recent death in the bride's family the wedding of Miss Marie V. Hamilton, daughter of William Gaston Hamilton, and Charles F. Swan, son of the late Edward H. Swan of Oyster Bay, L. I., will be attended only by members of the families. It will be celebrated at 3:30 o'clock on Tuesday, April 21, at the residence of the bride, 105 East Twenty-first Street.

Miss Helen Hamilton, the bride's niece, will be her only attendant. The bridegroom's brother, T. A. Swan, will be best man, and the ushers will be Robert Swan, another brother; James Punnett, Beekman Hoppin, and Benjamin S. Young, all of New York.

The Rev. Philip Rhinelander of the Theological Seminary, Cambridge, Mass., will officiate.

The wedding of Robert Woods Bliss, Secretary of the American Legation at Brussels, and Miss Mildred Barnes, daughter of Mrs. William H. Bliss by her first husband, will take place at noon to-day in Grace Church chantry.

Philip L. Brown of Boston will be best man, and the ushers chosen are Dr. F. B. Talbot and Samuel W. Lewis, classmates of the bridegroom at Harvard University. Only intimate friends and relatives will witness the ceremony.

FOOD.

TROUBLE CEASED

When Proper Food Was Found.

Good news benefits both parties—the teller and the one to whom the glad story is told.

A man out in Dakota told another man how he had been set on his feet, as it were, by a good doctor who knew how to treat stomach cases, in a really scientific way—by the use of proper food.

"About five years ago," writes the man, "I was suffering from dyspepsia, gas in the stomach, and I was on the verge of nervous prostration when I met a man who told me how he had been relieved of a similar trouble.

"He had suffered with stomach trouble for years as a result of eating improper food. He was at the time I write doing the work of an ordinary laborer and said he never felt so well.

"His doctor had emptied the stomach and then prescribed nothing but Grape-Nuts, soft-boiled eggs, and dry toast. He got well under this treatment. I followed his advice and lived on Grape-Nuts with cream, fruit, and toast for a month. My trouble ceased almost immediately.

"The strengthening effect on my nerves was so gradual I can't just tell when I began to improve, but in a few weeks I could sit contentedly for hours whereas before I was restless and nervous. In a month or two I could sleep the moment I lay down.

"When my little boy was a year and a half old he had a bad attack of indigestion while I was away from home. He vomited four days and nights. I had never seen Grape-Nuts recommended for babies, but I decided I would try it. I warmed and softened the food in water that had been boiled, 2 teaspoonfuls water, 3 teaspoonfuls rich milk.

"As his stomach got better, I left out the water and used only warm milk. He is now a strong, active child of two years and eats Grape-Nuts three times a day." "There's a Reason."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

FIREMEN'S MEMORIAL BENEFIT.

Well-Known Women Volunteer to Help the Fund Along.

A number of women prominent in society have taken charge of the flowers and souvenir programmes to be sold at the benefit for the Firemen's Memorial Fund, to be held in the Metropolitan Opera House on Friday afternoon, May 1. The Chairman of the Committee is Mrs. James Speyer.

Among the women who will assist are Mrs. Charles B. Alexander, Mrs. William Jay, Mrs. Richard Irvin, Mrs. Paul Morton, Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Mrs. Henry Clews, Mrs. Henry W. Taft, Mrs. Douglas Robinson, Mrs. Nicholas Murray Butler, Mrs. Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr., Mrs. John Henry Hammond, and Mrs. Henry Payne Whitney.

Miss Vailboak Engaged.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., April 13.—Invitations have been issued by Mr. and Mrs. Abram Vailboak to the marriage of their daughter, Martha Eleanor, to the Rev. Francis Sydney Smithers, rector of Grace Episcopal Church, Middletown, formerly of New York. The ceremony will take place Monday, April 27.

Social Notes.

Miss Barbara Sedley, who is sailing to-day on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie, will be in London till the end of June. Mrs. George Holt sails with her.

Mrs. James E. Martin, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. James E. Martin, and Mr. and Mrs. Jules Vatable are also booked to sail on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie.

The Monday afternoon Bridge Club met yesterday at Mrs. De Witt's. The next meeting will be at Mrs. George N. Miller's on April 20.

Mrs. William F. Sheehan will give a luncheon on Monday, April 20.

Mrs. E. C. Sprague will give a bridge at her home, 214 West Ninety-second Street, on Saturday, April 18.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stone Virgil, (Miss Theodora Spencer,) who were married on April 4, will leave for Seattle to-day to sail for Shanghai, their future home.

Lieut. Lajos Kada, Fourth Hussars, Austro-Hungarian Army, and Mrs. Kada, (Miss Marie Seymour Eddy,) who were married on Saturday, sail to-day for Europe on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie. They will live in Budapest.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Proctor of Boston, Mrs. T. F. Payne of San Francisco, and Baron von Hengelmuller of Washington, D. C., are at the St. Regis.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Newbold Welsh, who have been in town for several days, returned yesterday to Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Ogden of Harrowgate, England; Mrs. Elvira Boardman and Miss Fayban of Boston, and Mr. and Mrs. David Milne of Philadelphia are at the Buckingham.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Ludlum of 87 Madison Avenue are due to arrive here from California on April 17.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Babcock of Tarrytown are visiting in Western New York.

James W. Paul, Miss Mary Astor Paul, and A. J. D. Paul are due to-morrow from Europe.

Mrs. Joseph C. Willetts and Miss Marion Willetts have returned from Bermuda.

Adolph Lewisohn and his son, Julius A. Lewishon, accompanied by J. Parke Channing, are booked to sail to-day on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie.

Mrs. George Bayles of Orange, N. J., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Oscar Fitzland Moore, Jr., at the Best cottage in Bellevue Avenue, Newport.

The annual Easter sale and entertainment for St. Mary's Summer Home at Keyport will be held on Thursday, April 23, at 145 West Forty-sixth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Edwards are at the Gotham.

Mrs. Leslie Cotton, the portrait painter, who was formerly Miss Marietta Benedict, will sail this morning on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie. Mrs. Cotton has been staying at the Plaza for six weeks, and while here painted the portraits of several prominent persons.

Stephen Van Rensselaer of 70 West Forty-ninth Street will sail on the Teutonic to-morrow to take the position of private secretary to Minister Bryan of Portugal. Mr. Van Rensselaer is a Yale graduate.

The Firday Evening Dance Class gave its annual masked ball at Bretton Hall last Friday evening. The chaperons included Mrs. L. Well, Mrs. Leopold Well, Mrs. Samuel Eiseman, Mrs. L. Lesser, and Mrs. D. P. Traitel.

A son was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Putnam Myers. Mrs. Myers is a daughter of Samuel Untermeyer.

FOR THE TABLE.

Here is a recipe for strawberry shortcake which makes the genuine old-time brand, and is warranted not to fail if the directions are followed—and they are simple. Let the strawberries be ripe and sweet. If the shortcake is to be what it should be. Work into a quart of flour a small cup of fresh lard, or butter may be used if preferred. Stir in half a cup of sugar and two tablespoonfuls of baking powder. Beat thoroughly the white of one egg and the yolk of a second, and add half a pint of water; stir into the flour and gradually add more water, to make a stiff biscuit batter, which is placed in a buttered tin without rolling. The mixture will fill a rather large, square-cornered biscuit tin. In the meantime the berries should have been hulled and all but half a cup of the best sugared, crushed with a silver spoon, and allowed to stand. When the shortcake is baked—and it will take about 20 minutes—it should be split with a fork and each half buttered on the inside. The two pieces are placed on a platter, one on top of the other, the crust sides down, half of the crushed strawberries having been placed on the lower half first. The few whole berries are placed on the crushed berries of the top half for appearance's sake, and the remaining white of egg is beaten with a little sugar and spread over all. The shortcake must be baked, the berries added, and eaten immediately, if it is to be perfect. The berries must not stand on the shortcake, and it must be hot. Either plain or whipped cream is served with it, and there is no better shortcake made.

Here is the way a Frenchwoman cooks tripe, and many Americans have found it a delicious dish: Cut half a pound of tripe into short strips. Have ready two tablespoonfuls of butter, which are placed in a saucepan and two scant tablespoonfuls of flour are carefully stirred in. Then add slowly a gill of heated milk, three young onions chopped fine, a little pepper, salt, and made mustard. When this mixture is smoking hot the tripe is added and simmered 5 minutes. This can be cooked on the chafing dish, and is appetizing for supper.

Mushrooms are so simple to cook, so very delicious when cooked, and not so very expensive, that it is strange they are not much more widely used. Here is one way in which one of the large hotels in town cooks them: They are first placed in a basin of water, in which is squeezed the juice of a lemon or a little vinegar, and allowed to stand some time. Removed from this bath, they are carefully dried on a cloth, a lump of butter is heated in a sauce—the hotel says saute—pan, the mushrooms are put in, and with a little pepper, salt, and dash of nutmeg, are tossed over the fire until cooked. It will be found that the mushrooms are good without the lemon bath.

Cooked under a bell, bread is cut into rounds three-eighths of an inch thick and fresh mushrooms, from which the stems have been cut, are placed on these. Cover with a bell of glass or silver, and cook for 20 minutes.

Cooked under glass with cream, the mushrooms are fried in butter, then a little cream, salt, and pepper are added, and the mushrooms simmered until the cream is reduced partially. The mushrooms are then piled on slices of bread like a pyramid and cooked under glass for 20 minutes in a very slow oven.

THE "RING OF THE NIBELUNG" BEGUN

Opening of Wagner's Trilogy in Extra Performance at the Metropolitan.

"DAS RHEINGOLD" GIVEN

An Excellent Representation of the Prelude of the Work—Mr. Burrian's Loge.

Fricka		Mme. Fremstad
Freia		Mme. Weed
Erda		Mme. Kirkby-Lunn
Woglinde,	Rheintoechter	Mme. Alten
Wellgunde		Mme. Weed
Flosshilde		Mme. Kirkby-Lunn
Loge		M. Burrian
Alberich		M. Goritz
Wotan		M. Van Rooy
Donner		M. Waterous
Froh		M. Dippel
Mime		M. Reiss
Fasolt		M. Muehlmann
Fafner		M. Blass

Conductor, Mr. Alfred Hertz.

The regular season at the Metropolitan Opera House has ended, but the promised extra performances devoted to a special representation of Wagner's trilogy, "Der Ring des Nibelungen," were begun last evening with one of the best performances of "Das Rheingold" that has been seen and heard here for several years. There has been considerable talk this season of the final extinction of Wagner and the approaching abandonment of his music dramas because of the public's indifference to them.

Last evening gave no indication whatever of such public indifference. The "preliminary evening" of the trilogy, "Das Rheingold," has often gained less acceptance on the part of the public than any of the other numbers of the work, and it is to be said that the public has had a certain ground for its aloofness in the perfunctory spirit that the management has shown in preparing "Das Rheingold" for presentation. But the audience last evening, without the assistance of the subscription that makes most of the audiences at the regular performances of the Metropolitan Opera House look large, was one of the large ones of the season. There was no portion of the auditorium that was not very numerously occupied. And this audience was given a full measure of justification for its attendance.

The performance showed at almost every point that careful and artistic preparation of the effects of stage management, of scenic illusion, of vivid pictorial composition upon which Wagner insisted so much, and which count so much in the complete impression of "Das Rheingold" musically, there was a marked and significant improvement, at least in the opening scene, upon certain performances of the drama in recent years. Mr. Hertz was responsible for the preparation of the performance, and to him is due the credit of the finely poetical and pulsing dramatic reading of the score. He attained a delicacy and subtlety of effect in these first scenes and a finely considered system of nuance that were a constant pleasure to hear, and in these he kept the orchestra in large measure, in larger measure than has often been the case, subordinated to the voices of the singers. Unfortunately he lapsed later into more noisy methods.

The members of the cast were for the most part singers who have taken part in representations of "Das Rheingold" in previous years. Mr. Burrian essayed for the first time in New York the part of Loge. He makes the part interesting, individual, and not without its salient and significant points; yet there have been more convincing Loges heard here than this, filling more completely both the eye and the ear, dominating the stage more unmistakably in his own scenes. Thus his monologue in the first scene, soon after his first appearance, as Mr. Burrian presented it, failed of much of its characteristic and truly dramatic effect and the touch of poetry that belonged to it. His appearance, costume, and make-up were by no means fortunate.

Mme. Fremstad's beautiful Fricka, the Freia of Miss Weed, Mr. Goritz's Alberich, Mr. Van Rooy's Wotan, Mr. Dippel's Froh, Mr. Reiss's Mime—unapproachable character study—the giants as shown forth by Messrs. Mühlmann and Blass—all these have been part and parcel of previous representations of "Das Rheingold" in recent years. There was a new Donner in a Mr. Waterous, who presented this not very important part acceptably.

The Rhine Daughters were uncommonly well represented by Mmes. Alten, Weed, and Kirkby-Lunn. They sang the exacting music of the first scene with excellent musical effect; and the manner in which this scene was presented made it one of the most poetical and striking of the whole work, as it should be, instead of an impotent groping after the ill-apprehended or wholly misconceived purpose of the composer. Their movements came much nearer fitting the action to the word and the music, in their mockery and tantalizing of Alberich, than has been the case in representations of "Das Rheingold" for a good while; and for the stage management of this scene much credit is due. The scenery in this and the rest of the work was that made familiar in recent years, and is excellent if it is properly made to fulfill its purpose. The performance throughout was smooth and effective in all its mechanical features, and it reached a musical and dramatic value that made a fitting and appropriate introduction to the Trilogy.

MAHLER TO LEAD CONCERTS.

Composer Will Conduct Three for New York Symphony Society Next Fall.

Gustav Mahler, it was announced last night, will conduct three concerts for the New York Symphony Society next season on Sunday afternoons, Nov. 29 and Dec. 13, and on Tuesday evening, Dec. 8.

Walter Damrosch invited Mr. Mahler to conduct during this season, but owing to his engagement at the Metropolitan Opera House he could not accept. His contract for next year, however, allows for a few outside appearances, and the concerts of the New York Symphony Society will be his first and only appearances before the beginning of his duties with the opera.

At two of the concerts the works to be performed will consist of symphonies by Beethoven and Mozart and compositions by other of the accepted classical composers. At the third concert Mahler's Second Symphony, which enlists the services of the entire orchestra, a choir of extra instruments behind the scenes, two soloists and chorus, will be given. Mahler's Fourth Symphony was performed by Mr. Damrosch two years ago.

Edward Siedle Writes an Operetta.

Edward Siedle, Technical Director of the Metropolitan Opera House, has written the book of an operetta, called "The Gay Musician," which is to be produced in Baltimore next Monday evening. The lyrics are by A. Campbell and the music by Julian Edwards, composer of "The Magic Kiss" and "Dolly Varden." Amelia Stone will have one of the leading rôles.

"The Merry Go Round" Produced.

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.—The new three-act musical comedy, "The Merry Go Round," was produced for the first time to-night at the Lyric Theatre. The music is of the catchy sort, and there is plenty of fun. The staging and costuming are elaborate. Mabel Hite, James J. Morton, Bobby North, Ignacio Martinetti, and Melville Stewart are among those of the vaudeville world who appeared in the production.

Sothern's "Don Quixote" Shortened.

Since the opening of "Don Quixote" at the Lyric Theatre Mr. Sothern has succeeded in cutting the performance to such an extent that it now ends promptly at 11 o'clock. Mr. Sothern's répertoire for next week, which will be his final week in the city this season, will include "Lord Dundreary," "Hamlet," "If I Were King," and one final performance of "Don Quixote" on Friday evening. Miss Marlowe will follow Mr. Sothern at the Lyric, playing in répertoire.

POMMERY "Sec" AND "Brut"
THE STANDARD FOR CHAMPAGNE QUALITY

QUEER CIRCUS ANIMALS.

The Orax Hates Policemen and the Cassowary Is a Mischiefmaker.

Some of the animals in the Barnum & Bailey menagerie in Madison Square Garden have likes and prejudices that nobody can account for. One of these is an African Orax that flies into a rage every time it sees a policeman.

The Orax is kept in a big cage, and ordinarily is mild-eyed, gentle, and, if anything, friendly. But when a policeman passes in front of the cage the animal jumps up and down, snorting and butting at the bars trying to get at him.

The attendants warn policemen not to pass the cage, but now and then one will happen by and then there is trouble. Nobody knows what is back of this peculiar prejudice.

A peculiar member of the bird family is the Australian Cassowary, which simply lives to make mischief. It is dull and even melancholy to look at, with no apparent interest in anything except its food and drink, but this is only acting.

It will wait until everything is quiet after the show at night, and then get busy with the bars of its cage to get out and stir things up. It has a bill about four inches thick at the base, and pointed like a lance. Its neck is long enough and strong enough to give this dangerous weapon a powerful drive, and when it gets loose there is an uproar in a minute.

Every time the bird gets out it goes straight for the elephants, camels, and other animals in roped inclosures, and the trumpeting and bellowing that follow wake the entire neighborhood. The bird even goes after lions.

The bird can run like a deer and fight like a fanatic when cornered. It usually takes a half dozen men with a big net or a sheet of canvas to capture it, but when it has been put back in its cage it lapses at once into its attitude of bored indifference until it gets another chance to go on a rampage.

HAMMERSTEIN'S ROOF SHOW.

Will Open June 1 Under New Name—Mme. Alexia Coming.

William Hammerstein announced yesterday that the eleventh annual season of Hammerstein's Roof Garden will open on Monday, June 1. The official name of the roof hereafter will be Hammerstein's Roof Garden, instead of "Paradise Gardens," as it has formerly been known. The portion of the roof on top of Hammerstein's will be entirely redecorated, and the remainder, on top of the Belasco Theatre, will have new rural features.

The foreign feature of the initial programme will be Mlle. Alexia, who will appear in America for the first time. During the reign of Genee at the Empire Music Hall in London Alexia was the première at the Alhambra, a position which she held for ten years. One of her dances is called "La Dance Tornado." Mlle. Alexia will appear for four weeks, and will be aided by four assistants.

YALE INVITES MAUDE ADAMS.

She Will Give a Shakespearean Play on the Campus.

Charles Frohman has accepted, in the name of Maude Adams, an invitation from the English Department of Yale University for Miss Adams's appearance before the undergraduates and Faculty in a Shakespearean rôle, similar to the invitation received and accepted from Harvard. These special performances will be Miss Adams's first performances in Shakespearean drama since she played Juliet.

The Harvard performances will be given in Sanders Theatre, Cambridge, on the evenings of June 3 and 4, with the possibility of a matinée on June 4. The single performance at Yale will take place on June 5, and, weather permitting, will be offered in the open air on the campus of the university. In case of rain the Yale performance will occur in Woolsey Hall.

At Harvard the music for the performance will be played by the Pierian Sodality, and at Yale by the Yale University orchestra. Miss Adams will conduct the rehearsals for these special presentations while still on tour in "The Jester."

'THE REDEMPTION' PRODUCED.

Rabbi Landman's Play Advances Theory of Jewish Safety in Russia.

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.—"The Redemption," a sociological drama dealing with the Jews in Russia, by Rabbi Isaac Landman of Keneseth Israel Synagogue, this city, was given its first performance on any stage to-night by the Orpheum Players at the Chestnut Street Theatre.

Rabbi Landman advanced the theory that the only way the Jews could be safe in Russia was to publicly join the Greek Church and live as Jews in private, but this theory falls in the last act.

BEACH'S NEW PLAY.

"The Imposter" Is Well Received at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., April 13.—"The Imposter," a new play by R. N. Beach, received its first production at the Broad Street Theatre here to-night.

The cast is headed by C. Aubrey Smith, the English actor, and Miss Forbes-Robertson. The play was well received.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

At the Montauk Theatre yesterday Kolb and Dill made their first Brooklyn appearance in "Lonesome Town," the piece in which they have recently enjoyed a long run at the Circle in Manhattan.

William Faversham in "The Squaw Man" was the attraction yesterday at the Broadway Theatre, where he will remain for the week.

"Arizona," in a brand-new production, was the offering at the Majestic in Brooklyn.

Billy B. Van and Rose Beaumont headed the vaudeville bill yesterday afternoon and evening at the Orpheum. Many other well-known vaudeville players also appeared.

The Russell Brothers in their new vehicle, "The Hired Girl's Millions," was the offering yesterday at the Columbia Theatre.

"RIGOLETTO" SUNG AT THE ACADEMY

Italian Opera Returns to the Scene of Its Triumphs in Former Days.

AN ENTHUSIASTIC AUDIENCE

An Excellent Performance at Popular Prices—Principals, Chorus, and Orchestra Do Good Work.

Gilda	Mme. Norelli
Maddalena	Mme. Colombati
Giovanna	Mme. Bossi
Countess of Ceprano	Mme. Zarad
The Duke of Mantua	M. Russo
Rigoletto	M. Alessandroni
Sparafucile	M. Bozzano
The Count of Ceprano	M. Fannelli
The Count of Monterone	M. Otari
Maruclo	M. Scttini
Borsa	M. Paoloni
Page	M. Felitmi

Every now and then the Academy of Music reverts to its past glories when, before the days of the Metropolitan and Manhattan, it was the only opera house in New York. Last night was one of these occasions when the Italian Grand Opera Company opened a week of opera there with a performance of "Rigoletto."

Fourteenth Street echoed with the cries of libretto venders, and inside the theatre gathered an audience which evidently knew its Verdi. Each familiar air was greeted with much applause, and the "Caro Nome" and the final duet of the third act were repeated. Flowers were passed over the footlights, and there were cries of "bis" and "bravo," mingled with the handclaps. The faces of Wagner and Mozart looked down approvingly from the proscenium arch, for the Academy of Music had returned to its own.

The performance was given at popular prices. One dollar was the highest amount charged for a seat, and as one observer remarked, "Although it costs one-fifth as much as opera at the Metropolitan, it certainly is not five times as bad."

The performance as a whole, in fact, was a good one, right enough in its intention, and moving along swiftly. The orchestra was under the direction of Mr. Fornari, who wielded a steady baton and never let his forces slip from under his fingers. The chorus, which is an unimportant feature of "Rigoletto," proved to be largely recruited from the Manhattan Opera Company, and consequently was a good one.

Of the principals Mr. Alessandroni in the title rôle made, perhaps, the deepest impression. He has a baritone voice of extremely pleasing quality, and most of his singing was praiseworthy. Mme. Norelli, who has been heard as Gilda at the Metropolitan, sang that part. Her voice was slightly clouded, perhaps with a cold, but most of her singing was excellent. Mr. Russo, who is announced as having sung with Mme. Tetrazzini in San Francisco, was the Duke.

The theatre was well filled and the audience, as has been suggested, took a lively interest in the proceedings. "Il Trovatore" will be sung to-night.

BUFFALO BILL'S INDIANS HERE

Come from Rosebud and Pine Ridge for the Wild West Show.

One hundred Indians, in war paint and with their war whoops all in working order, arrived yesterday from the Rosebud and Pine Ridge Reservations to join the Buffalo Bill Wild West Show. They came in on the Erie, crossed the city to the Grand Central Station, and left for Bridgeport, Conn., at 6 o'clock. There they are going to indulge in a few preliminary rehearsals before coming back to New York for the opening performance at the Madison Square Garden on April 21.

Long before the Indians arrived Col. Cody himself was waiting for them at the gates of the West Twenty-third Street Ferry. When the Indians finally came off the ferryboat they crowded around the Colonel. He greeted many of the Indians by name, and singled out old Chief Iron-Tail for the singular and especial honor of standing with him in the centre of the group arranged for the camera men. Among the others in the front row were Acy Ghost-Dog, Mrs. Ghost-Dog, and a number of papooses.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The Puritan Amusement Company was incorporated in Albany yesterday with a capital of $25,000. Harry Harris, Clifford Ludwigh, and James A. Light were named as Directors.

Marie Cahill and her company, who have been touring the West in "Marrying Mary," returned to New York yesterday to lay off for Holy Week.

William Morris signed a contract yesterday with E. F. Rogers, manager of Keith & Proctor's 125th Street Theatre, who has been for fourteen years in the Keith employ, to become general manager of the new Morris-Isman vaudeville combination. The contract was for three years.

James Forbes, the dramatic author and general manager for Harry B. Harris, will sail to-day for Europe on the Kron Prinzessin Cecilie, and will not return until about July 1.

Grace La Rue, one of the prominent features of "The Follies of 1907," has canceled her contract for a Summer engagement in Berlin and will stay here to appear on the New York Roof in "The Follies of 1908."

A party of officers from the New Hampshire attended a box party at the Casino last night as guests of Sam Bernard and the Shuberts.

Ten per cent. of the receipts this week at all performances at Hurtig & Seamon's Music Hall will be devoted to the Firemen's Memorial Fund.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

FRITZI SCHEFF SILENT.

Refuses to Talk About Her Divorce Suit—Miss Marlowe Here.

Julia Marlowe and Fritzi Scheff took advantage of the theatrical "lay off" in Holy Week and came to town yesterday to attend to legal matters. Miss Scheff went to the St. Regis and Miss Marlowe to the Plaza. In both instances the actresses left word at the desk that they would receive no visitors.

Though it is generally believed that Fritzi Scheff is to testify to-day before Referee Edmond E. Wise in the divorce suit against her husband, which is now being heard, it was not possible last night to get a definite confirmation of this report. However, it is known that most of the evidence is in, and it has been reported that her husband, Baron Frederick von Bardeleben, has not made any very decisive efforts at defense. Later in the week she will go to Lakewood for a short rest.

Miss Marlowe also refused to say anything about the divorce case in which she has been named as co-respondent by Mrs. Louise von Herrmann against her husband, who was formerly advance agent for Miss Marlowe. It is understood that Miss Marlowe expects to bring suit against the von Herrmanns, alleging an ulterior purpose in bringing her into the case. Her counsel is Herbert Satterlee. It is known that her friends have been collecting information about the von Herrmanns.

Mrs. Mary A. Trainor Buried.

Mrs. Mary A. Trainor, who was buried in Montclair, N. J., yesterday, had been for years a well-known resident of that place. When her husband died about fifteen years ago she embarked in the real estate business, and at her death, owing to frugality and business ability, had amassed a fortune estimated at $125,000. Her heirs are a sister, a nephew, and a niece, as she had no children.

Obituary Notes.

HARTWIG DERENBOURG, French Orientalist and member of the Institute, died yesterday in Paris. He was born in 1844.

Mrs. ANNA M. DAYTON, mother of Rear Admiral James E. Dayton, U. S. N., in command of the Pacific Squadron, died at South Bend, Ind., yesterday. She was born in 1822, in Richmond, Ind.

Mrs. ALETHEA BLANCHE MERRY, wife of W. L. Merry, American Minister to Costa Rica, died at the home of her daughter, at Stonington, Conn., yesterday. She was born at Scarsdale, N. Y. Her husband was with her when she died.

The Rev. S. M. FAIRFIELD, a former Methodist clergyman of Great Neck, L. I., died in Fernando, Cal. He was called to Great Neck several years ago by Mrs. August Belmont and other prominent women to take charge of work for young men, and organized the Great Neck League.

DANIEL ROGERS NOYES, a merchant of St. Paul, Minn., died at his home in that city on Sunday, April 12, in his seventy-second year. He was once President of the National Wholesale Druggists' Association and a Director of the Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York. He married in this city in 1866 Helen A. Gilman, daughter of the late Winthrop Sargent Gilman, who survives him. He also left five children.

ALVIN MFG. CO.
Fifth Ave. & 35th St.
also 52 Maiden Lane
Sterling Silver Sherbet Cups in case $40.00 a dozen upward.
Sterling Silver
Watches · Jewelry · Diamonds

Smith & Watson
Antiques
English · Furniture
SHERATON DINING ROOM FURNITURE
at Sound Commercial Prices.
Fourth Ave. & 30th St.

EASTER CARDS
in great variety
E. P. DUTTON & CO.
31 West 23d St.

CARDINAL LOGUE COMING.

Primate of All Ireland to Attend Diocesan Celebration Here.

DUBLIN, April 13.—Cardinal Michael Logue, Roman Catholic Primate of All Ireland, is to leave here Easter Sunday for New York. He will attend the centennial celebration of the New York Diocese.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Tompkins & Tompkins, Counselors-at-Law, 156 Fifth Avenue. Wills, Probate of Wills.

Married.

MARSTON—COOK.—April 11, at 370 West 120th St., by the Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, Elisabeth Vallotton Cook to Charles Winslow Marston.

DRUMMOND—DE MOTT.—On April 7, Alida L. De Mott to Chauncey E. Drummond.

Died.

CLEGG.—Suddenly, on Saturday, April 11, Charles Alfred Clegg, at Magnolia, N. J., in the 67th year of his age. Funeral services at St. Simon's Church, Clove Road, Concord, S. I., Wednesday at 3 P. M.

DE CORDOVA.—April 13, 1908, Alfred de Cordova, only son of Charles and Ella Nichols de Cordova, in the 14th year of his age. Funeral private. Interment in Boston at convenience of the family.

GOUGH.—Suddenly, Mary A., beloved wife of the late Thomas J. Gough. Funeral from 177 West 102d St. Wednesday, 10 A. M. Requiem mass.

GRAVES.—April 13, 1908, Elizabeth Graves, nee McCloskey, beloved wife of James Graves, at her residence, 1,321 Southern Boulevard. Notice of funeral hereafter.

GUDEBROD.—On Sunday, April 12, Master Christian Ernest, infant son of Christian E. and Mattie C. Gudebrod. Richmond, Va., papers please copy.

HODGMAN.—At Larchmont, N. Y., on April 13, after a brief illness, A. Louise, wife of the late George F. Hodgman and daughter of the late Stephen and Elizabeth B. Barker, in the 65th year of her age. Funeral will be held at the residence of her son, George B. Hodgman, 307 West 75th St., on Wednesday, April 15, at 2 o'clock P. M.

HOLMAN.—At Tenafly, N. J., Monday, April 13, 1908, Katharine Louise, youngest daughter of Alvin D. and Mary P. Holman, aged 19 years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

JENNINGS.—On Sunday, April 12, 1908, Sophia Day Jennings, widow of the late Rev. Isaac Jeunings, in the 82d year of her age. Services on Wednesday, April 15, 11 A. M., at Bennington Centre, Vt.

MARTIN.—Suddenly, Sunday, April 12, 1908, at his home, The Montana, 35 Mount Morris Park West, William A. Martin, aged 61 years. Funeral services at Calvary Methodist Episcopal Church, 129th St. and Seventh Av., Wednesday morning, at 10 o'clock. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

MOSEMAN.—On Sunday, April 12, Mary M., widow of the late James H. Moseman, in the 81st year of her age. Funeral services at her late residence, 1,108 Halsey St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, April 14, at 8:30 o'clock.

NOYES.—At St. Paul, Minn., after a short illness, Daniel Rogers Noyes, on Monday, April 13, 1908, in his 72d year. Funeral on Wednesday.

PELL.—Thursday, April 9, 1908, after a long illness, John Bogert Pell, husband of Julia Andrews Black and son of the late William Watson and Maria Antoinette Pell. Services at his late residence, 323 West 103d St., Monday afternoon, 2:30 o'clock. Interment Oakhawn Cemetery, Southport, Conn., on arrival of the train leaving New York 10:05 A. M., Tuesday, April 14.

PIERSON.—On Monday, April 13, 1908, Sar

Long Term Listed Bonds

are now selling on a

4% to 6½%

basis and present purchases insure high income over a long period of years

Write or Telephone for list.

Plympton, Gardiner & Co.

BANKERS,
Members New York Stock Exchange,
27 WILLIAM ST., N. Y.
Telephone 6927 Broad.

Bayonne, N. J.

5s

PRICE AND PARTICULARS UPON APPLICATION

A. B. Leach & Co.

149 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

BERTRON, STORRS AND GRISCOM

BANKERS,

40 Wall Street, NEW YORK. Land Title Building, PHILADELPHIA.

Investment Securities

CITY OF BUFFALO, N. Y.

NEW 4% 50 YEAR WATER BONDS

Legal Investment for Savings Banks, Trustees, Etc.

The City of Buffalo is the second largest city in New York State. Its financial condition is of the best.
Write or telegraph for particulars and price.

O'CONNOR & KAHLER

BANKERS,
49 WALL ST., NEW YORK CITY.

MORRIS & SMITH

15 WALL STREET,
Telephone 2430-2431-2432 Rector, New York.
SHORT TIME BONDS AND RAILROAD NOTES.

Baltimore & Ohio 5's due Mar. 1909
Chicago & N. W. Deb. 5's due Nov. 1909
Penna. R. R. 5's due May 1910
New York City Revenue 6's due Nov. 1910

W. L. LYONS & CO.

MEMBERS OF { New York Stock Exchange. New York Cotton Exchange. Chicago Board of Trade. Louisville Stock Exchange.

49 EXCHANGE PLACE, NEW YORK

527 BROADWAY, COR. SPRING.
FLATIRON BLDG., 5TH AV. & 22D ST.
LOUISVILLE, KY., KELLER BUILDING.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

N. W. HARRIS & CO

BANKERS
Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

To Yield 6%

LONG TERM INVESTMENT

on established property in the most rapidly growing suburb of GREATER NEW YORK

EYER & CO.

Tel. 7750-1-2 Hanover BANKERS 37 Wall St. New York

INVEST IN SECURITIES HAVING A READY MARKET

First Mtg. Bonds are netting 3½ to 6%
Preferred Stocks 4½ to 7%
Selected lists on application. Fractional lots dealt in

SCHMIDT & GALLATIN,

Members of the New York Stock Exchange.
111 BROADWAY, - - NEW YORK

International Silver pfd.
N. Y. City Interborough R. R. stock
United Lead Deb. 5's, 1943
Kings Co. El. Lt. & P. stock
Great Northern of Canada 4's, 1950
Public Service Corp. notes, 1909

MEGARGEL & Co.

5 Nassau Street New York
'Phones 3230-3231-3232 Rector.

LAKE SHORE

5% Notes, February, 1910.
Louisville & Nashville 5% Notes, March, 1910.

SWARTWOUT & APPENZELLAR

Phone 5670 John. Bankers. 44 Pine St., N. Y.

WE BUY AND SELL

High Grade Inactive Stocks and Bonds
Bank & Trust Co. Stocks

INQUIRIES INVITED

GEROLD & BANFIELD

'Phone 908 Rector. 20 BROAD ST., N. Y.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

59 WALL STREET.

Orders Executed on the New York, Philadelphia, Boston & Baltimore Stock Exchanges.

HORNBLOWER & WEEKS

Bankers & Brokers

Members New York & Boston Stock Exchanges
120 Broadway and 26 West 43d St.

L. B. WILSON. D. M. FERGUSON.

L. B. WILSON & CO.

Members Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y.
60 WALL ST., N. Y.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold for cash or on conservative margin.
FRACTIONAL LOTS.

CURB STOCKS

UNEQUALED FACILITIES IN EXECUTING ORDERS

GREENE CANANEA AND OTHERS

SEND FOR SPECIAL LETTERS.

J. THOMAS REINHARDT.

18 Exchange Pl., Boston, Mass. **38 Broad St., N. Y.**
Customers' Room Overlooking the Curb.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Dull and Heavy — Call Money Rates, 1¾@1½ Per Cent.

EXCHANGE NEAR GOLD POINT

Sterling's Rise Points to Shipments—Boston Insurance Losses as a Factor.

Business on the Stock Exchange yesterday was restricted to the dealings of traders, and in actual volume amounted only to some 350,000 shares. As a whole, the market was heavy, and at the end of the session disclosed numerous fractional losses. A repressive influence was exerted undoubtedly by the news of the Chelsea fire, for, while early reports of the loss sustained by insurance companies as a result of this conflagration proved to be exaggerated, yet the drain of from $3,000,000 to $5,000,000 on companies which within the last few years have had to face such losses as those entailed in the Baltimore fire and the destruction of San Francisco, is a serious matter. If the payment of these losses does not involve sales of securities, it will at least block up one source of investment buying, and it is buying of this nature which the stock market stands most in need of at the moment. Movements in the foreign exchange market bringing the quotations for demand sterling almost level with the gold export point had also something to do with the dullness of the market, but moderate exports at this time could hardly have any real effect upon money markets. With the general hesitation marking the course of the greater number of stocks, the activity and advances in the local traction shares offered sharp contrast. The Interborough-Metropolitan shares and bonds moved up briskly, while Third Avenue added 3 points to its previous rise. The financial community's own estimate of the benefits to be derived from the reduction of transfers was made to do service again, as were the familiar reports regarding favorable reorganization negotiations. The actual trading in the securities, however, was highly professional.

Out of $2,500,000 gold arriving in the London open market yesterday $2,000,000 was secured by Paris, and, in spite of this heavy movement, the Paris cheque on London was practically unchanged, and, together with the advance in sterling here, brought nearer the prospect of gold exports on the triangular basis. The contraction in business continues to bring about deposits here by interior banks seeking the 2 per cent. paid on such holdings, while the excess of Government expenditures over receipts also promotes accumulation of funds in the vaults of the banks. With the increase of this idle money there is every reason to look for exports, although heavy withdrawals of United States deposits might check them for the moment. One of the most important factors making for shipments is the inducements which the Bank of Germany is offering for gold, although so far these have been confined to advances free of interest for long periods on gold imports from Australia and China. Subscriptions to the German loan were opened yesterday, and the cables reported the offering twice oversubscribed. This is not particularly noteworthy, in view of the fact that the loan carries 4 per cent. interest and was underwritten at a trifle under par.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Batopilas Mining Co.
Century Realty Co.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Anniston City Land Co.
Louisiana & Arkansas Railroad.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Aravalpa Mining Co.
G. T. Lawrence & Gregory Co.
New Orleans Railway and Light.
United Dressed Beef Co.

PRODUCE EXCHANGE STOCKS.

The principal transactions reported yesterday in the stock department of the Produce Exchange, with opening, high, low, and last prices, compare as follows with those of the previous day:

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Silver Queen	$1.00¼	$1.00¼	$1.00¼	$1.00¼
100	Nev. Consol	11.37½	11.37½	11.37½	11.37½
100	Majestic	1.18¾	1.18¾	1.18¾	1.18¾

300

The bid and asked prices in the principal issues at the close of the market yesterday were as follows:

LISTED SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Franklin Mills pf.	..	100
Standard Asbestos Company	..	100

UNLISTED SECURITIES.

Beaver Super. Min., Ltd	.60	.75

TEMPORARY TRADING LIST.

Alaska Treadwell	24.00	24.50
Helvetia	2.75	3.25
Superior & Pittsburg	12.37½	12.75
Troy-Manhattan	.60	.70
Furnace Creek	.15	.17
Greenwater & Death Valley	.04	.08
Oroville Dredging	2.87½	3.25
British Columbia	4.25	4.75
Buffalo Mines	1.50	2.50
Cobalt Central	.26	.27
Colonial Silver	.25	.75
Foster Cobalt	.58	.67
Green-Meehan	.10	.15
Hanson Cons. Sil., Limited	..	1.62½
McKinley-Darragh	..	.75
Nipissing	6.50	6.75
Silver Queen, Limited	1.00	1.12½
Trethewey	.58	.65
Camp Bird	3.25	3.75
El Paso	.29	.33
Old Hundred	.50	.75
Portland Gold	.98	1.04
Tomboy Gold	7.25	7.75
Montezuma	.50	.75
Stewart Mining	.75	1.00
Tolorer	5.75	6.25
El Oro	5.87½	6.50
Esperanza, Limited	6.87½	7.25
Greene Gold-Silver Con	.31¼	.37½
Greene Gold-Silver pf	1.25	1.50
Guanajuato Cons	2.00	2.25
Mines Co. of America	1.87½	1.75
San Toy	.24	.29
Barnes-King	.62½	.87½
Butte Coalition	19.62½	20.00
Davis-Daly Estate	3.37½	3.62½
East Butte	4.25	4.50
United Copper	6.75	6.87½
Nevada Hills	2.62½	2.87½
Nevada Utah	3.62½	3.75
Pittsburg Silver Peak	1.25	1.35
Gibraltar Mines	.09	.12
Gold Bar	.17	.19
Montgomery Shoshone	2.87½	3.12½
National Bank	.09	.11
Tramps Consolidated	.22½	.23½
Cumberland-Ely Cop	7.87½	8.12½
Giroux Consolidated	3.62½	3.87½
Nevada Consolidated	11.37½	11.50
Combination Fraction	.68	.70
Gold Bar	.20	.25
Goldfield Consolidated	5.75	5.87½
Goldfield Daisy	1.32	1.35
Goldfield Florence	4.12½	4.18¾
Great Bend	.76	.80
Jumbo Extension	.32	.35
Kendall	.19	.22
Lone Star	.09	.11
Portland	.06	.08
Belmont	1.31¼	1.43¾
Midway	.70	.75
Montana Tonopah	1.80	1.90
Tonopah Extension	1.06¼	1.18¾
Tonopah Mining	8.00	8.25
West End	.38	.42
Majestic	1.12½	1.25
Utah Apex	3.50	3.87½
Hancock	6.00	6.25
Keweenaw	4.75	5.00
Tri-Bullion	1.75	1.87½

*Prospect.

The financial advertising of THE NEW YORK TIMES for the first quarter of 1908 aggregated 184,618 agate lines—38,567 agate lines more than the next New York newspaper—a greater volume than any other American newspaper, morning or evening, notwithstanding the exclusion of all questionable and fraudulent advertising.—Adv.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Monday, April 13, 1908.

Total sales April 13, 1908..... 355,601
From Jan. 1, 1908..... 46,799,752
Corresponding date last year..... 84,136,940

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	†Net Change.
7⅞	8	200	Allis-Chalmers	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	− ⅛
20½	20¾	100	Allis-Chalmers pf	20	20	20	20	− ⅛
57¼	57⅜	30,200	*Amalgamated Cop	57⅝	57⅞	56⅝	57⅜	− ⅜
17	18	200	Amer. Agricul. Chem	17½	17½	17⅛	17⅛	−1⅛
16¾	17⅛	5,700	*Amer. Beet Sugar	14½	17⅞	14½	17⅜	+2⅛
32½	32¾	100	Am. Car & Foundry	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼	− ⅜
8⅝	9	1,120	*Amer. Grass Twine	8⅝	9	8⅝	9	+ ⅜
24½	24½	6,795	Amer. Ice Securities	23	24¾	22¾	24¼	+1½
44½	44½	750	*Amer. Locomotive	45	45	44¼	44¼	− ¾
91½	91½	200	*Am. Locomotive pf	91½	91½	91½	91½	− ¾
69½	69½	19,900	*Amer. Smelt. & Ref	69½	69½	68½	69½	− ⅝
95½	96	300	*Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	96	96	95¼	95¼	−1¼
5⅝	5½	100	Am. Steel Foundries	5⅝	5⅞	5⅝	5⅞	+ ⅛
5⅝	5½	100	*Am. Steel Foun. t. r	5⅝	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝	
125¾	126¼	800	*Amer. Sugar Ref	125	126½	125	126¼	+1¼
121	125	18	*Am. Sugar Ref. pf	121	121	121	121	
118	115	200	Amer. Tel. & Tel	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	−1½
19	21	300	*American Woolen	19½	20⅞	19	20⅞	+ ½
84	85	400	*American Woolen pf	84½	85	84½	85	+ ½
36⅝	36⅞	3,050	*Anaconda Cop. Min	36⅝	36⅞	36⅜	36⅝	
76½	76¾	4,000	Atch., Top. & S. F	76¼	76½	75⅝	76	− ¼
86¾	87½	280	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	86¾	87	86¾	87	+ ¼
73½	74½	300	Atlantic Coast Line	73½	73½	73½	73½	
84	84½	500	Baltimore & Ohio	84½	84¼	83½	83½	−1½
3⅞	4	200	*Batopilas Mining	3¾	3⅞	3¾	3⅞	
13½	14¼	100	Bethlehem Steel	14	14	14	14	+ ¼
46⅞	47	7,525	Brook. Rapid Transit	46⅜	47¾	46	47	− ¼
21	25	580	*Butterick Co	20	23	20	23	+6½
153¾	154¼	2,300	Canadian Pacific	152¾	153⅞	152¾	153⅞	+ ¾
149	151	100	*Can. P.sub.cfs.1st pd	148½	148¾	148½	148½	−4¼
21⅞	22	1,665	Central Leather Co	21¼	21⅝	21¼	21⅜	− ⅛
86⅜	87	400	Cent. Leather Co. pf	88	88	87	87	− ¾
31¾	32	600	Chesapeake & Ohio	31⅞	32	31⅜	32	
5	5¼	50	Chicago Gt. Western	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	
117½	117¾	6,200	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	118	118	117⅛	117¾	− ½
146	147	160	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	147	147	147	147	+2
135½	137	160	*C., M.& St.P.pf.crts, 45 per cent. paid	136	136	136	136	
146¾	147½	200	Chicago & Northwest	146½	147	146½	147	+ ⅜
2½	2¾	4,200	*Chi. Union Trac. t. r	1¾	3	1⅞	2	+1¼
7	8	2,700	*Chi. Un. Trac. pf.t.r	4	9	4	6½	+2½
85½	105	100	Clev., C., C. & St.L.pf	85½	85½	85½	85½	−8½
23	23¼	900	Colorado Fuel & Iron	22⅞	23½	22⅞	23¼	− ½
28½	28½	3,375	Colorado Southern	27	28½	27	28½	+1
55½	56	200	Col. South. 1st pf	55¼	55½	55¼	55½	− ¼
45	46	600	Col. South. 2d pf	45½	46	45¼	46	+ ¼
18¼	19	100	Colum. & Hock.C.& I	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾	− ⅛
118¾	119¼	3,900	Consolidated Gas	120	120½	118	118⅞	− ⅞
14	14⅞	300	Corn Products Ref	14	14½	14	14⅜	− ⅛
152½	153	710	Delaware & Hudson	152½	152⅝	152¼	152⅝	− ⅜
31	31½	100	*Distillers' Securities	31½	31½	31½	31½	− ⅛
12	14	850	*Duluth, S. S. & A	11¾	12	11¾	12	
19½	20	1,300	*Dul., S. S. & A. pf	19½	20¼	19	19¼	
17¼	17⅜	4,600	Erie	17½	17½	17¼	17¼	
33¾	34	1,400	Erie 1st pf	34½	34½	33¾	33¾	−1
23	24	400	Erie 2d pf	23¼	23¼	23	23	−1½
71	72	10	Fed. Min. & Smelt. pf	72	72	72	72	
58	60	10	General Chemical	60	60	60	60	
131	133	100	General Electric	133	133	133	133	
124⅜	124½	4,200	Great Northern pf	124⅜	124½	124	124½	+ ⅛
124¼	125	190	*Gt. N. pf.rcts,full pd	124	124	124	124	−1
57	57⅜	200	*G. N. certs. ore prop	57	57	56¾	56¾	−1¼
124	125	100	Illinois Central	124⅜	124⅝	124¾	124⅝	+ ⅞
10⅝	10⅝	20,700	Interborough-Met	9⅞	11¼	9⅞	10⅝	+1
28⅜	28½	18,500	Interborough-Met. pf	26¼	29⅜	25⅞	28⅝	+1⅞
8	9	200	International Paper	9	9	8½	8½	
23¼	24½	50	Int. Steam Pump	24½	24½	24½	24½	
70½	71¼	100	Int. Steam Pump pf	71¼	71¼	71¼	71¼	+ ¼
32	33	100	Iowa Central pf	32½	32½	32½	32½	
59	62	350	K. C., Ft. S. & M. pf	60	60	60	60	− ½
52⅞	53	100	Kan. City South. pf	52⅞	52⅞	52⅞	52⅞	+ ⅜
59⅞	60¼	200	Mackay Cos.	60½	60½	60½	60½	− ⅝
125	128	155	Manhattan Elevated	125	125	123	125	+5
33	34	700	*Met. Street R'way	34	35	33	33	− ½
16⅜	16½	950	Mexican Central	16¼	16½	16¼	16½	
23½	24½	200	Minn. & St. Louis	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	− ⅝
111⅜	112¼	735	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	110	111⅜	110	111⅜	+1
58	58½	300	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	58¼	58½	58¼	58½	
43¾	44	3,400	Missouri Pacific	44⅜	44⅝	43⅜	43⅞	− ⅞
55¼	56	1,525	*Nat. Lead Co	55⅞	56	54¼	55⅝	− ⅛
94½	96	200	*Nat. Lead Co. pf	95⅜	95⅜	95	95	−1
6⅜	6¾	400	*Newhouse M. & S	6½	6⅝	6⅜	6½	
69½	70	1,100	*N. Y. Air Brake	68	69⅞	68	69⅞	+ ⅞
97⅜	98½	300	New York Central	98	98⅜	98	98⅜	+ ⅛
32½	33¼	190	N. Y., Ont. & West	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	− ¾
63⅞	64	100	Norfolk & Western	64	64	64	64	− ½
52⅝	53½	100	North American	52½	52½	52½	52½	− ½
125¾	126¼	4,310	Northern Pacific	125½	126¼	125¼	126¼	+ ¼
114½	114⅝	2,000	*N. P. rects., 62½% pd	113½	114⅜	113¼	114⅜	+ ⅜
26⅜	26⅝	200	Pacific Mail	26½	26⅝	26½	26⅝	− ⅛
117¼	117⅜	3,880	Pennsylvania R. R	117⅜	117½	117	117½	
89⅝	89½	412	People's Gas, Chi	89⅛	89½	89⅛	89½	+ ⅛
86	90	24	P., C., C. & St. L. pf	89¼	89¼	89¼	89¼	
32	33	500	*R'way Steel Spring	32½	33	32½	33	
104¾	104⅞	78,100	Reading	105	105⅜	104⅜	104⅜	− ⅜
18	18½	585	*Rep. Iron & Steel	18	18	18	18	− ⅛
67½	68	945	*Rep. Iron & Steel pf	68	68⅛	67⅝	67⅞	− ⅛
14⅞	14⅞	1,300	Rock Island Co	14⅞	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝	− ⅛
28	28⅜	715	Rock Island Co. pf	28⅜	28⅜	28⅛	28⅜	− ⅛
26¾	27¼	100	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	27	27	27	27	
40	60	25	St. L. & S. F., C. & E. Ill. new stock certs.	50	50	50	50	
44	44½	200	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	44¼	44¼	44¼	44¼	− ¼
73½	73⅝	3,200	Southern Pacific	73½	73⅝	73¼	73¼	
112¾	113	100	Southern Pacific pf	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾	+ ½
13¾	13⅞	1,300	South. R'way ext	14¼	14¼	13⅝	13⅞	− ⅛
39¼	40	450	South. R'way pf., ext	39¾	39¾	39½	39½	− ½
40½	40⅝	1,300	*Tennessee Copper	41	41⅜	40⅝	40⅝	− ⅛
17	18	500	Texas & Pacific	17¼	17½	17¼	17½	− ½
37½	38	4,325	Third Avenue	36⅜	39	35½	38½	+3
8⅞	10	100	Tol. R'ways & Light	9	9	9	9	
41	41½	900	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	40¼	41¼	40¼	41	+ ¼
85	86⅜	50	Twin City R. Transit	86⅜	86⅜	86⅜	86⅜	− ¼
6	6¼	200	*Union Bag & Paper	6	6½	6	6⅛	+ ⅛
127½	127⅝	42,900	Union Pacific	127⅜	127⅝	126¾	127½	− ⅜
79½	80	300	Union Pacific pf	80	80	79⅞	79⅞	
37	37½	100	United Rys. Inv. pf	37	37	37	37	− ⅜
25	26	325	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	24½	25	24½	25	
20	20½	400	U. S. Rubber	20¾	20¾	20¼	20½	− ¼
82⅝	84	650	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	83	83	82½	83	+ ⅝
49¾	50	100	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	50	50	50	50	+1
33⅝	33⅞	23,600	U. S. Steel	33½	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	− ⅛
98½	98½	842	U. S. Steel pf	98½	98½	98¼	98⅜	+ ⅛
29½	30	800	*Utah Copper	30	30	29⅞	30	− ⅛
54¼	55	1,700	Westinghouse E. & M	56	56	53⅝	54	−1¾
14	15	100	Wisconsin Central	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼	− ¾
Total		354,801						

*Unlisted. †From last previous sale, based on 100-share lots.

MINING STOCKS.

..	..	800	Comstock	0.23	0.23	0.23	0.23	...

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Monday, April 13, 1908.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
14,660	Amal. Cop	57⅝	57⅞	56⅝	57⅛
200	Am. C. & F	32¼	32⅝	32	32½
1,030	Am. Ice	23	24⅜	22⅞	24¼
100	Am. Beet Sug	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞
220	Am. Loco	44¼	44½	44¼	44⅜
12,140	Am. Smelt	69⅜	69⅝	68½	69⅜
340	Am. Sugar	126½	126⅝	125	126
180	Anaconda Cop.	36⅞	36⅞	36¼	36½
660	A., T. & S. F	76¼	76¼	75⅞	76
10	A., T. & S.F.pf.	86½	86½	86¼	86½
50	Balt. & Ohio	84½	84½	83⅞	84
2,010	Brook. R. T	46⅝	47⅜	46¼	47⅛
60	Can. Pac	153½	153½	153¼	153½
20	Cen. Leath	21¾	21¾	21¼	21¼
10	Ches. & Ohio	31⅞	31¾	31¾	31¾
1,260	C., M. & St. P.	118¼	118¼	117⅞	117⅞
390	Col. Fuel & I	23	23⅜	23	23¼
60	Col. South	27	27½	27	27½
80	Dist. Sec	31⅝	31⅝	31½	31⅝
580	Erie	17½	17⅝	17½	17⅝
240	Gt. Nor. pf	124¾	124¾	124	124¼
1,830	Inter.-Met	10	11¾	9¾	11
2,770	Int.-Met. pf	26½	29¼	26	28⅝
10	Mex. Cen	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
1,350	Mo. Pac	44⅞	45⅜	44¾	44¾
250	Nat. Lead	55⅜	55⅜	54½	54⅝
40	N. Y. Cen	97⅞	98¼	97⅞	98⅛
20	N. Y., O. & W	33	33	32⅞	32⅞
370	Nor. Pac	125⅜	126¼	125¼	126⅛
30	Pac. Mail	26⅜	26⅝	26½	26½
400	Penn.	117¼	117⅜	117	117¼
20,260	Reading	105¼	105⅞	104¼	104⅞
60	Rep. Steel	18¼	18¼	18	18
10	Rep. Steel pf	68¼	68¼	68¼	68¼
40	Rock Island	15	15	14⅞	15
10	Rock Isl. pf	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝
10	Sloss-Sh.S.&I	44	44	44	44
430	So. Pac	73⅜	73¼	73¼	73⅜
50	So. Ry	14½	14½	13⅜	14
23,730	Union Pac	127⅝	127⅝	126⅜	127⅜
3,150	U. S. Steel	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	33⅝
280	U. S. Steel pf	98½	98½	98¼	98⅜

90,300

MINING STOCKS.

200	Atlanta	.26½	.26½	.26½	.26½
1,000	Blue Bell	.09½	.09½	.09½	.09½
1,000	Best & Bel	.65	.65	.65	.65
50	Batopilas	3.60	3.65	3.60	3.65
400	C., C. & Va	.60	.61	.60	.61
500	Comstock	.23	.24	.23	.24
500	Diamondfield	.18½	.18½	.18½	.18½
200	Elkton	.54	.54	.54	.54
500	El Paso	.30	.30	.30	.30
850	Goldfield Con.	5.75	5.87½	5.75	5.87½
270	Gold. Flor.	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25
400	Gold. Dan.	1.34	1.34	1.33	1.33
1,000	May Queen	.09	.09	.09	.09
300	Mexican	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45
400	Potosi	.08	.08	.08	.08
1,000	Red Hill	.27	.27	.27	.27
1,400	Silver Pick	.22	.22	.21	.21
100	Standard	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
800	Silver Hill	.40	.40	.40	.40
1,500	Triangle	.08	.08½	.08	.08½
1,100	Tramps Con	.23½	.23½	.23	.23
800	Ton. Bel	1.45	1.45	1.25	1.25

18,770

BOND.

$1,000	Com. 4s, w. i.	17½	17½	17½	17½

WHEAT.

350,000	May option	.92½	.92¾	.91¾	.91¾
25,000	July option	.86½	.86½	.85⅞	.85⅞

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, April 13.—There was a firm tone about the local market to-day, but the trading was light. Mount Vernon Woodberry Cotton Duck 5s led the list, and advanced ½ on a good demand. Seaboards were strong, the ten-year 5s advancing ⅝. West Virginia Central 6s were up 2 points. Shares, 40; bonds, $94,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$22,000	Balt. City. 3½s	98½	98½	98½
2,000	Ga. & Ala. 5s	92½	92½	92½
2,000	Seaboard 4s	48	48	48
6,000	Seaboard 10-year 5s	85⅝	85¼	85⅝
1,000	W. Va. Central 6s	102¼	102¼	102¼
17,000	United Ry. 4s	85¾	85¼	85¾
9,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	77½	77½	77½
1,000	Con. Gas 4½s	88	88	88
29,000	Cotton Duck 5s	70½	70	70½
5,000	Va. deferred (Brown Bros'. ctfs.)	30	30	30

STOCKS.

15	Northern Central	85½	85½	85½
25	Houston Oil	7¼	7¼	7¼

THE NEW YORK TIMES reaches a greater number of stockholders, bankers, brokers, financiers, and investors generally, and publishes more dividend, meeting, bond redemption, and other financial announcements than any other newspaper.—Adv.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1908.	1907.	1906.
CENTRAL OF GEORGIA—			
Mileage	1,913	1,892	1,807
1st week April	$190,700	$217,300	$212,300
July 1-April 7	9,299,800	9,634,100	9,022,955
CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE—			
Mileage	599	591	591
1st week April	96,827	115,232	108,532
July 1-April 7	4,055,454	4,557,297	4,518,742
COLORADO & SOUTHERN SYSTEM—			
Mileage	1,841	1,839	1,646
1st week April	264,029	263,925	201,531
July 1-April 7	11,491,904	10,310,273	9,047,546
DETROIT & MACKINAC—			
Mileage	344	344	333
1st week April	20,491	24,618	23,814
July 1-April 7	906,961	960,882	862,379
DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC—			
Mileage	592	592	592
1st week April	48,261	56,339	54,960
July 1-April 7	2,428,480	2,450,511	2,333,138
GRAND TRUNK SYSTEM—			
Mileage	4,528	4,528	4,528
1st week April	673,827	823,466	733,924
July

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Profits in Scalping.

Just one class of traders finds anything interesting in the present market, and they are generally comprised in the scalping crowd. Those who are able and willing to take small profits have been making some money, and they alone, inasmuch as there has not been during the past few weeks any distinct trend in any one direction which would permit of profits on a sustained position. Something akin to nerve is required in the scalper, inasmuch as he must be willing to take the risk of selling stock on any advance which under ordinary circumstances would inspire bullishness and buy his stocks on reactions and usually at a time when the downward tendency would make for a position antagonistic to any improvement. Usually it is the semi-professional element that is most successful in the scalping of profits. Professionals are, of course, always playing the game, inasmuch as they make it a point to limit their losses and let their profits run. Naturally, in a narrow market they are trading in and out most of the time. But the man who is out to get the small profits must be content to take them when he sees them, even though the indications point to larger ones a little later on.

***

Difficult to Gauge Market.

Sentiment is becoming more mixed every day in the speculative market. The Erie furnished an explanation of the reactions prior to the settlement on last Wednesday. The subsequent improvement could also be attributed to it, but the present market is neither one thing nor the other, and consequently much of a puzzle. There is a sort of fundamental bullishness which comes into evidence very strongly when the market shows any tendency to advance, but becomes quiescent as soon as a reaction develops. On the other hand, there is a voluble bearishness in evidence most of the time, and it appears to be more militant than the more hopeful feeling. Its courage, however, has not been seriously tested, and the extent of the short interest, if it could be determined exactly, would be a more effective measure of it. Brokers are conservative in their advice, and that simply means that they are oracular, unwilling to commit themselves and waiting with more or less patience for some clue that will help them to form a logical opinion.

***

Increased Efficiency of Labor.

"One thing that must be accepted as a fact in the present situation," said a member to a big contracting firm yesterday, "is the increased efficiency of labor. Although the figures would not be correct, it seems to me that a year ago big employers of labor had on their books, let us say, 100 per cent. of labor, from which they received 60 per cent. of its actual effectiveness. To-day they are carrying 60 per cent. of the labor of a year ago, but which is returning to them 100 per cent. in effectiveness. In other words, the condition of the labor market is very clearly realized by labor itself, and those that are employed are taking very good care that they give full service for the wage they receive. This in itself is an extremely helpful factor for the railroads and big industrial combinations and contractors. One of our friends had a big contract which a year ago threatened to result in a loss of half a million dollars because of the high price of labor and materials and the inefficiency of the labor itself. To-day he can see a very handsome profit. Of course, the unemployed must be reckoned with, but the effective feature of the situation must not be overlooked."

***

More Activity in Tractions.

Further activity in the traction stocks during part of the session at least served to continue the many rumors that have been in circulation with regard to the inspiration of the advance. They ranged from the elimination of certain prominent individuals hitherto identified with the traction situation, to the greater possibility of development and profit under the reorganization of the local companies. Some were extremely fanciful, some absurd, and some frankly skeptical of any fundamental condition inspiring of a material advance. It was natural, of course, that the suggestion should be made that the marking up of prices might be some sort of preliminary to the selling of securities. Brokers remarked that, despite the advance and the apparent attractiveness of some of the traction stocks at these figures, there was not the same crowd interested, and many persons who were persistent traders in tractions before the panic were now merely curious onlookers, having transferred their affections and their trading to other stocks. The principal argument with regard to Third Avenue stock is the probable benefits to be derived from the elimination of certain transfers.

***

Factors that had Influence.

Whether the Chelsea fire had anything to do with the early reaction in the market yesterday would be difficult to determine, but the point was made that the loss to the insurance companies aside from the tremendous loss of property was in itself an influence adverse to speculative sentiment. Of course, this particular fire was not so serious as others that have had undoubted influence on the market. The reduction in the price of copper metal was noted with eagerness by those who are bearish on the copper stocks, and with some misgiving by those who believe generally in higher prices for the entire list. The vagaries of the metal market, however, are such that even the actual quotations could not be accepted as any conclusive evidence as to the real condition and immediate outlook for the metal. The probability of the recall of a large amount of Government deposits was discussed and the chances of gold exports were also taken into consideration, but apparently the condition of the money market is not expected to be such as to have any direct bearing on the speculative results of the next few months.

THE COFFEE MARKET.

Coffee trading yesterday once more consisted largely of switching from near to late months, and prices showed very little change, the close being steady at a decline of 5 points to an advance of 5 points. Sales for the day were reported of 207,250 bags.

The market opened steady at unchanged prices to an advance of 5 points. Havre was ¼ franc higher early, but closed net unchanged, while Hamburg was net unchanged to ¼ pfennig. Neither Brazilian market reported any change, and receipts at primary points were comparatively light. The two ports had 14,000 bags, against 53,000 last year, and Jundiahy receipts were 8,000 bags, against 27,000 last year.

Advices from Rio state that the Government Commission at Sao Paulo estimates this year's crop of that State as 60 per cent. larger than last year's, or about 8,000,000 bags. Spot coffee was quiet, 6c for Rio No. 7.

Total warehouse deliveries in the United States for the week were 100,512 bags, against 124,698 last week and 93,740 last year. Of the former amount New York reported 69,326 bags.

The receipts at Rio and Santos for the week were 210,000 bags, against 115,000 last week, 210,000 last year, and 77,000 two years ago.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
April			5.60@5.65	5.65
May	5.70	5.65	5.60@5.65	5.65
June			5.70@5.75	5.70
July	5.80	5.80	5.75@5.80	5.75
August			5.75@5.80	5.80
September	5.90	5.85	5.80@5.85	5.85
October			5.80@5.85	5.85
November			5.85@5.90	5.90
December	6.00	5.95	5.90@5.95	5.95
January			5.95@6.00	5.95
February			6.00@6.05	5.95
March			6.00@6.05	6.00

THE FOREIGN MARKET.

Trading Dull on European Bourses with Weakness in Prices.

LONDON, April 13.—Money was in increased demand on the market to-day for holiday requirements. Discounts were firmer. The Continent secured the bulk of the gold available, which amounted to £500,000.

Trading on the Stock Exchange was almost lifeless. There is no prospect of expansion until the expiration of the holidays. Investment buying was meagre and prices drooped all around. Consols led the British securities, while foreigners and Kaffirs were offered by Paris.

American securities showed irregular parity changes in the forenoon and drooped later on realizations. Trading in the afternoon was featureless, and after narrow changes the market finished dull, a fraction above the lowest of the day. Copper shares were easy.

Bar silver was steady, 25 3-16d per ounce.

Money, 2@2¼ per cent.

PARIS, April 13.—Trading on the Bourse to-day was dull and prices were weak.

BERLIN, April 13.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were somewhat weaker upon profit-taking. American securities were lower.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 1¼@1¾ per cent., with the last loan at 1¾ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 1¾ per cent.

Time money loaned at 2½ per cent. for sixty days, 2¾@3 per cent. for ninety days, 3½@3¾ per cent. for four months, and 3¾@4 per cent. for five and six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5@5½ per cent. for four to six months' indorsed bills receivable and choice single names.

Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $145,455,262; balances, $6,899,661; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $2,019,704.

The local banks have gained $1,918,000 since Friday, as compared with a gain of $197,000 in the same time last week.

Sterling exchange closed strong, with demand quoted at $4.8690@$4.8695, sixty days at $4.8445@$4.8450, and cables at $4.8715@$4.8720.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.18¾ less 1-32 and 5.16¾ less 1-64; reichsmarks, 94 9-16 less 1-32 and 95¼ plus 1-64; guilders, 40 3-16.

Exchange on New York at Boston was quoted at 15@16 2-3c discount; Chicago, 35c premium; St. Paul, 50c premium; St. Louis, 45c premium; New Orleans, commercial, 50c discount; bank, 25c discount; San Francisco, 50c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted in London at 25 3-16d per ounce and in New York at 54⅝c. Mexican dollars were 47c.

FOREIGN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Following are yesterday's quotations for several European State and municipal securities:

	Bid.	Asked.
German consol 3½s	90¾	91¾
German consol 3s	81⅜	82½
Bavarian Government 4s	99¼	100
Hessian Government 3½s	90½	91
Saxony Government 3s	81	82
Hamburg Government 3s	80½	81¼
City of Cologne 4s	98	99
City of Munich 4s	97¾	98½
City of Augsburg 4s	97¾	98½
City of Frankfurt-a-M. 3½s	90¼	91
Mexican Government gold 5s	100½	101¼
Russian Government 4s	83	83½
French rente 3s	96	97
British consol 2½s	87	87⅝

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing prices in London yesterday for American stocks, comparisons being made between the New York equivalent and the previous New York closing:

	Lon-don.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	87⅛	..	..	— ⅛
Consols, account	87⅛	..	..	—3-16
Anaconda	7⅝	36⅛	36⅜	+ ⅛
Atchison	76¼	76	76¼	— ⅛
Can. Pacific	153⅝	152⅞	153⅜	— ⅜
St. Paul	121½	118	118¼	— ¼
Erie	18	17½	17⅝	— ⅛
Erie 1st pf.	33½	34½	34¾	— ¼
Illinois Central	128	124½	..	..
Louis. & Nash.	103¼	100⅝	101½	— ¼
N. Y. Central	100⅜	97⅞	98½	— ⅛
Pennsylvania	60¼	117	117½	— ⅛
Reading	83⅜	104½	105½	— 1
South. Pacific	75½	73⅜	73¼	+ ⅛
Union Pacific	130½	127	127⅞	— ⅞
U. S. Steel	34⅞	33⅜	33½	— ¼
U. S. Steel pf.	101	98⅛	98¼	— ⅛

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 13.—The weekly statement of the Associated National Banks of Boston follows:

	Apr. 11, '08.	Decrease for Week.	Apr. 13, 07.
Loans	$177,863,000	$11,154,000	$179,053,000
Circulation	10,168,000	636,000	8,495,000
Deposits	139,907,000	1,250,000	146,235,000
Due banks	66,232,000	130,000	62,961,000
U. S. depos.	4,744,000	208,000	4,026,000
Res. agents.	32,436,000	*526,000	34,464,000
Exc. clear.	11,580,000	3,069,000	22,017,000
Due from banks	24,751,000	*5,899,000	22,017,000
5% fund	514,750	82,500	424,750
Legal tender	2,418,000	518,000	4,482,000
Specie	18,835,000	*1,192,000	1,574,000
Surplus	1,922,571	*1,333,285	2,057,143
Sur. N. Y.	13,105,571	*1,185,285	15,065,143

Surplus two years ago, $505,714.

*Increase.

Boston Consolidated was under particular pressure, declining to 10. North Butte also lost over a point with the selling generally credited to Western sources. In the miscellaneous list American Telephone was again the feature, losing 2 points from the opening quotation, but later recovering nearly all of the early loss. The market closed steady at a fair recovery from the morning prices.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$23,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	79½	79½	79½
116,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. cv. 4s	82⅝	81⅜	82⅜
7,000	A., T. & S. F. 4s	96⅝	96⅜	96⅝
15,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	93½	93½	93½
1,000	Mex. Cen. 4s	80¼	80¼	80¼
1,000	U. S. Steel 2d 5s	95½	95½	95½

RAILROADS.

140	Boston Elev.	137	136	137
63	Boston & Albany	204⅞	204½	204½
27	Boston & Maine	135	135	135
9	Boston & Prov.	290	290	290
85	Mass. Elec. pf.	45½	45	45
262	N. Y., N. H. & H.	133½	133	133½
90	Union Pac.	127¾	126¾	127½
5	Vermont & Mass.	155	155	155
33	West End	87	86½	87

TELEPHONES.

1,731	*American	113½	111¼	113¼
10	Cumberland	108¾	108¾	108¾
412	‡New England	111¾	111	111¾
2,588	New Eng. rts.	$1.10	98c	$1.10
4	Western pf.	67	66	66

MISCELLANEOUS.

2	Am. Pneu.	5	5	5
10	Am. Pneu. pf.	18	18	18
80	*Am. Sug. Ref.	126½	125½	126½
94	*Am. Sug. Ref. pf.	124	122	124
10	Am. Woolen	20¼	19¾	19¾
137	*Am. Woolen pf.	84¾	84	84½
100	East Boston Land	5	5	5
20	*Gen. Elec.	133	133	133
32	Mass. Gas	52	52	52
231	Mass. Gas pf.	85¾	85	85¼
5	Mergenthaler	194	194	194
21	Pullman	153⅜	153	153⅜
65	*Reece	9¼	9	9
2	Seattle Elec. pf.	90	90	90
11	Swift & Co.	99	99	99
498	*United Fruit	129½	128½	129½
70	United Shoe	47½	47¼	47½
108	Unit. Shoe pf.	27½	27	27
970	U. S. Steel	33⅝	33⅜	33⅝
156	U. S. Steel pf.	99	98	99
65	†Adventure	2	2	2
6,535	Amalgamated	58	56⅜	57⅜
30	Alloues	24⅜	24½	24⅜
28	Am. Zinc	23¾	23¾	23¾
10	Arcadian	3½	3½	3½
170	Ariz. Com.	18	18	18
25	Atlantic	9¼	9	9¼
495	Bingham	85c	75c	75c
2,418	Boston Con.	11¼	10	10⅝
210	Boston & Corbin	11⅞	11½	11¾
495	Butte Coalition	20½	19⅞	19⅞
188	Calumet & Ariz.	100	98½	100
25	Calumet & Hecla	625	625	625
105	Centennial	21	21	21
500	Con. Mercur	40c	40c	40c
732	Copper Range	64⅜	64	64
145	Daly-West	9	8½	8½
150	Franklin	7⅛	7	7
5	Granby	92	92	92
1,290	Greene-Can.	8¼	8	8¼
225	Isle Royale	19½	19	19½
230	La Salle	13½	13½	13½
60	Mass	2⅞	2	2⅜
105	Mexico	6⅞	6	6
10	†Michigan	11	11	11
26	Mohawk	48	46½	46½
250	Nevada	11¾	11¾	11⅞
1,000	North Butte	52½	51½	52½
316	Old Dominion	34	33¼	33¼
100	Parrot	18	18	18
43	Quincy	83	83	83
300	Rhode Island	3	3	3
715	Shannon	11¾	11¼	11¼
74	Sup. Cop.	15	15	15
80	Trinity	13¾	13½	13½
95	U. S. Oil	20¼	20	20¼
12	*U. S. Smelt.	36	36	36
75	*U. S. Smelt. pf.	39¼	39¼	39¼
800	*Utah Con.	38½	37¾	37¾
105	Utah Cop.	30¼	30	30
10	Victoria	3	3	3
95	†Winona	5	5	5
100	Wyandotte	70c	70c	70c

*Ex dividend. †Ex rights. ‡Assessment paid.

Travelers' Letters of Credit
Payable throughout the World

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.

LONDON: 16 Bishopsgate St., Within. PARIS: 78 Rue de Richelieu

Bills of Exchange, Cheques and Cable Transfers.

Capital and Surplus $2,000,000

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY

Broadway & Cedar St. NEW YORK CITY

WILLIAM V. KING, President.
WILLIAM H. NICHOLS, Vice-President — HOWARD BAYNE, V-Pres. & Treas.
LANGLEY W. WIGGIN, Secretary — EDWIN B. POTTS, Asst. Secretary
PARK TERRELL, Mgr. Bond Dept. — DAVID S. MILLS, Trust Officer

DIRECTORS

JOHN D. BARRETT, Johnson & Higgins, Insurance.
SAMUEL G. BAYNE, Pres. Seaboard Nat. Bank.
E. C. BENEDICT, E. C. Benedict & Co., Bankers.
ROBERT S. BRADLEY, Chairman Am. Agricultural Chemical Co.
FREDERICK H. EATON, Pres. Am. Car and Foundry Co.
JAMES M. GIFFORD, Gifford, Hobbs & Beard, Attorneys.
HENRY GOLDMAN, Goldman, Sachs & Co., Bankers.
FRANK S. HASTINGS, Pres. Indianapolis Gas Co.
A. B. HEPBURN, Pres. Chase Nat'l Bank.
C. H. HUTTIG, Pres. Third Nat'l Bank, St. Louis.
WILLARD V. KING, Pres. of the Company.
ANTHONY B. KUSER, Pres. So. Jersey Gas, Elec. & Trac. Co.
JOHN R. McGINLEY, Manufacturer, Pittsburgh, Pa.
J. V. McNEAL, Vice-Pres. B. and O. R. R. Co.
WILLIAM H. NICHOLS, Chairman General Chemical Co.
AUGUSTUS G. PAINE, Pres. New York and Penn. Co.
WM. R. PETERS, Peters, White & Co., Chemicals.
CLARENCE W. SEAMANS, Pres. Union Typewriter Co.
HERMANN SIELCKEN, Crossman & Sielcken, Merchants.
ARTHUR TURNBULL, Post & Flagg, Bankers.
ARTHUR G. YATES, Pres. Buffalo, Rochester & Pitts. R. R. Co.

INDEPENDENT OF THE CONTROL OF ANY SINGLE INTEREST

TO THE HOLDERS OF

NATIONAL RAILROAD COMPANY OF MEXICO

PREFERRED STOCK AND SECOND PREFERRED STOCK.

Referring to the Plan for the Readjustment and Union of the Mexican Central Railway Company, Limited, and National Railroad Company of Mexico, the undersigned beg to inform holders of the above stocks that the terms offered for same have been agreed on after prolonged negotiations, and recommend their acceptance and the deposit of shares under the Plan without delay.

SPEYER & Co.,
New York.
SPEYER BROTHERS,
London.

April 6, 1908.

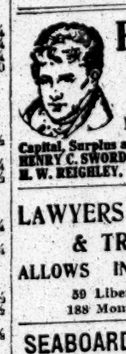
ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF

STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON

OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
Wednesday, April 15th, 1908,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.

For account of whom it may concern.
$1,000 New York & New Jersey Water Co. 1st Mtge. 4 p. c. Bond, 1950.
300 shs. Champion Seal Co.
25 shs. Carnegie Trust Co.
$10,000 N. Y., Susquehanna & Western R. R. Mtg. 4 p. c. Bond, 1950.
56 shs. Star Fire Ins. Co. of Louisville.
$2,000 Central R'way of Oregon 6 p. c. S. F. Bds., 1935.
50 shs. Federal Sugar Refining Co. common.
200 shs. Broad-Exchange Co. common.
50 shs. Broad-Exchange Co. pfd.
30 shs. Broadway Building Co.
100 shs. American Thermos Bottle Co.
40 shs. Mababi Development & Lumber Co.
2 shs. Wells, Fargo & Co.
$10,000 Ohio Trust Co. of Norwalk (Ohio) 3½ p. c. Certf. of Deposit.
10 shs. Fidelity Fire Ins. Co.
100 shs. Broadway Exchange Co. common.
25 shs. Realty Associates.
$2,000 Rio Grande Western R. R. 1st Con. 4 p. c. Bds., 1949.
$1,419,000 Chesapeake Western R'way 1st Mtg. Bds.
6,084 shs. Chesapeake Western R'way pfd.
5,112 shs. Chesapeake Western R'way common.
$500,000 Pocahontas Co. 1st Mtg. Bds.
100 shs. Stiegel Lumber Corpn.
100 shs. United States Steel Corpn. pfd.
50 shs. Associated Merchants Co. 1st pfd.
385 shs. American Sapphire Co.
700 shs. Multiphone Operating Co.
5 shs. Metropolitan Surety Co.
200 shs. Manila Electric R. R. & Lighting Corpn.
5 shs. Chemung Canal Trust Co., Elmira.
10 shs. Commonwealth Trust Co., Buffalo.
$1,000 Federal Publishing Co. 1st Mtg. 6 p. c. Bond, 1920.
$19,000 Branchland Coal Co. 1st Mtg. 20-year 6 p. c. Gold Bds., 1927.
500 shs. The Conway Co.
40 shs. Natl. Bank of Commerce.
10 shs. Corn Exchange Bank.
10 shs. United Gas & Electric Co. pfd.
50 shs. Carnegie Trust Co.
$5,000 St. Louis Southwestern R. R. 2d Income 4 p. c. Bds., 1989.
100 shs. American Ice Co. pfd.
63 1-3 shs. International Post Card Co.
$75,000 Southern Electric Securities Co. 1st Mtg. Coll. Trust 5 p. c. S. F. Bds., 1934.
$63,000 Mobile, Jackson & Kansas City R. R. 1st Consl. 5 p. c. Mtg. Bds., 1953.
$212,000 Gulf & Chicago R'way 1st Mtg. 5 p. c. Bds., 1953.
1,250 shs. Kingston Lumber Co.

I Will Buy or Sell
National Bank of Cuba Stock
E. HEINEMANN
20 Broad Street
Telephone 2485 Rector.



Fulton Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
30 NASSAU ST.
Interest on Deposits.
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits, $1,200,000
HENRY C. SWORDS, Pres. H. H. CAMMANN, Vice-Pres.
H. W. REIGHLEY, Sec. C. M. VAN KLEECK, Asst. Sec.

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE & TRUST COMPANY
ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

SEABOARD REORGANIZATION.

T. F. Ryan and John Skelton Williams Now Apparently Co-operating.

A committee of fourteen of the bondholders and stockholders representing all classes of the securities of the Seaboard Air Line Railway Company has been organized to formulate a general scheme of reorganization. Included among the members are Thomas F. Ryan, the minority interest being represented by John Skelton Williams, who has bitterly fought Thomas F. Ryan ever since the road passed out of his control into that of the New Yorker and his friends.

Committees representing the individual classes of securities of the road have already been organized, and included in the membership of the new General Committee are representatives of the lesser committees. The committe is made up as follows: C. Sidney Shepard, Chairman; James A. Blair, Hugo Blumenthal, Russell G. Fessenden, Thomas J. Hayward, Hennen Jennings, Henry Cleveland Perkins, John B. Ramsay, Norman B. Ream, William A. Read, Thomas F. Ryan, Ernst Thalmann, George W. Watts, and John Skelton Williams. D. C. Porteous is Secretary of the committee at 24 Broad Street.

Deposit of securities will be invited as soon as a deposit agreement has been prepared and a plan of reorganization will be worked out.

The Fifth Avenue Branch of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, 475 Fifth Avenue, near 41st Street.
Travelers' Letters of Credit issued or guaranteed. Foreign Money and Express Cheques. Vault Boxes for customers' use.

WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC & MANUFACTURING CO.
READJUSTMENT OF DEBT.

To the Stockholders:

The undersigned have been requested to act as a committee to represent the stockholders in connection with the **"Merchandise Creditors' Plan,"** for the readjustment of the debt of the Company. Copies of the plan and subscription agreement will be furnished on application to the Secretary of the Committee.

New York, April 10, 1908.

CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS,
CHARLES J. CANDA,
GEORGE A. GUTHRIE,
ALVIN W. KRECH,
GEORGE T. OLIVER,
Committee.

J. H. JONES, Secretary,
111 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

NEW YORK, April 9, 1908.

WESTERN MARYLAND R. R. CO.
General Lien and Convertible Mortgage Bonds

Holders of temporary Certificates of Deposit may exchange the same at the office of the EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY, No. 15 Nassau Street, New York City, for engraved certificates which have been listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Further deposits of bonds will be accepted without penalty until and including April 20, 1908.

ALVIN W. KRECH,
Chairman Bondholders' Committee.
HENRY E. COOPER, Secretary.
No. 26 Broadway, New York City.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE FIVE PER CENT. SINKING FUND FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS OF THE

POCAHONTAS COLLIERIES COMPANY
(Virginia):

The undersigned Trustee, under the mortgage above referred to, desires, under authority of said mortgage, to expend the sum of twenty-seven thousand nine hundred and eighty-three dollars and twenty cents ($27,983.20) for the purchase of the bonds of said issue, provided said purchase can, in its opinion, be now made advantageously.

Offers of said bonds may be sent to the KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY, 66 Broadway, New York, on or before Tuesday, April 14, 1908.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.
CHARLES H. KEEP, President.
New York, March 23, 1908.

WANTED—Stock Exchange house wants experienced bond man to manage investment department; reply, stating experience and salary expected. Address Investment, Box 105 Times Downtown.

FOR RENT.
Two very attractive adjacent offices each about 550 sq. feet. Would rent as one if desired. Easy terms. New building on Wall Street near Stock Exchange. Address Offices, P. O. Box 822 N. Y. City.

Washington Trust Company
Postal Tel. Bldg., 253 Broadway.

SALT LAKE COPPER CO.
BOUGHT & SOLD WHEN ISSUED.
Will be pleased to furnish any information.
E. A. CHARTRAND,
39 BROAD ST.

Mexican Central Railway Company, Limited, National Railroad Company of Mexico.

To the Holders of the following Securities:

MEXICAN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED:

Priority Five Per Cent. Bonds,
First Mortgage Seven Per Cent. Bonds and Scrip, Assented,
Consolidated Mortgage Four Per Cent. Bonds,
First Consolidated Income Bonds and Scrip,
Second Consolidated Income Bonds,
Registered Income Bonds and Scrip,
Stock.

NATIONAL RAILROAD COMPANY OF MEXICO:

Preferred Stock,
Second Preferred Stock,
Common Stock (old),
Deferred Stock.

The Mexican Government, which, through ownership of stock, already practically controls the National Railroad Company of Mexico, has caused to be prepared a plan for the readjustment and union of Mexican Central Railway Company, Limited, and National Railroad Company of Mexico, through the constitution of a new company, to be controlled by the Mexican Government by stock ownership.

The undersigned have consented to act as Readjustment Managers of such Plan.

In pursuance of legislation enacted by the Republic of Mexico authorizing the Federal Executive to issue the necessary decrees, and of a decree of the Federal Executive issued accordingly, a Company, hereinafter termed the New Company, has been constituted in Mexico by Public Deed under the name of

FERROCARRILES NACIONALES DE MÉXICO
(NATIONAL RAILWAYS OF MEXICO)

which it is proposed shall acquire the securities and stocks of the Mexican Central Railway Company, Limited, and of the National Railroad Company of Mexico, and which will have corporate power to take over when deemed practicable the railroads and properties of said Companies.

NEW SECURITIES.

The New Company is to authorize the following bonds and shares:

All bonds are to be payable, both as to principal and interest, without deduction for any taxes which the Company may be required to pay thereon or to deduct therefrom under any present or future law of the United States of Mexico or of any State or municipality therein or of the United States of America or of the State of New York or any municipality in said State, and are to be payable, both as to principal and interest, in the City of New York, in gold coin of the United States of America, of or equal to the present standard of weight and fineness, and all coupon bonds are also to be payable, both as to principal and interest, at the option of the holder, in the City of Mexico, at the fixed rate of Two Gold Pesos to the dollar in Mexican Gold Pesos, or in London at the fixed rate of $4.86 to the Pound Sterling, and at such places as the Readjustment Managers may determine at the fixed rate of Four Reichsmarks Twenty Pfennigs, if in Germany, or Five Francs Eighteen Centimes, if in France, Belgium, or Switzerland, or Two Guilders Forty-eight Cents to the dollar, if in Holland.

The dividends on the First Preferred Shares and on the Second Preferred Shares, and in case of liquidation, the amount distributable on either class of preferred shares, are to be made payable at the option of the holder, at the fixed rate of two Pesos to the dollar, either in the City of Mexico in Mexican Gold Pesos, or in the City of New York in United States Gold, in each case of the present standard of weight and fineness. Such dividends are to be payable without deduction of any tax which the Company may be required to pay thereon or to deduct therefrom under any present or future law of the United States of Mexico or of any State or municipality therein.

a. Prior Lien Four and One-Half Per Cent. Sinking Fund Redeemable Gold Bonds, for $225,000,000 United States Gold.

The Prior Lien Bonds are to mature July 1, 1957, interest payable semi-annually, January 1 and July 1. They are to be secured under mortgage or deed of trust to Central Trust Company of New York, by the deposit and pledge as a first charge of all securities embraced in the Plan as finally carried out, and otherwise as detailed in the Plan, and provision is to be made in the mortgage for the creation by the New Company of a sinking fund, beginning for the year 1917, and calculated to be sufficient, with accumulations, to retire the entire issue at or before maturity. They are to be subject to purchase for the sinking fund; and to redemption on any interest day after January 1, 1917, at 105 and accrued interest, on not less than 90 days' notice.

The right is reserved to issue $6,000,000 additional bonds ranking "*pari passu*" with the other bonds of this series to take up or retire at or before maturity £1,200,000 Prior Lien Sterling Bonds of the Mexican International Railroad Company, or an equal amount of Prior Lien Bonds of National R. R. Co. of Mexico into which such Sterling Bonds of the International Company may have been refunded.

b. General Mortgage Four Per Cent. Sinking Fund Redeemable Gold Bonds, for $160,000,000 United States Gold, unconditionally guaranteed, principal and interest, by the Republic of Mexico, by endorsement on each bond.

The Guaranteed General Mortgage Bonds are to mature October 1, 1977, interest payable semi-annually, April 1 and October 1. They are to be secured under mortgage or deed of trust to The New York Trust Company by a charge, subject to the Prior Lien Mortgage of all securities and properties at any time embraced in such mortgage, and provision is to be made in the mortgage for the creation by the New Company of a sinking fund, beginning for the year 1937, and calculated to be sufficient with accumulations to retire the entire issue at or before maturity. They are to be subject to purchase by the sinking fund; and to redemption on any interest day after April 1, 1927, at par and accrued interest, on not less than 90 days' notice.

The right is reserved to issue additional bonds ranking "*pari passu*" with the other bonds of this series to take up or retire at or before maturity an equal amount of the Consolidated Mortgage Bonds of the Mexican International R. R. Co., or of Consolidated Mortgage Bonds of the National R. R. Co. of Mexico, into which such bonds of the International Co. may have been refunded, and also to issue additional bonds to take up or retire at or before maturity an equal amount of the Consolidated Mortgage Bonds of the National R. R. Co. of Mexico, into which Prior Lien Bonds of that Company may have been refunded.

c. Non-Cumulative Four Per Cent. First Preferred Shares for 60,000,000 Mexican Gold Pesos or $30,000,000 United States Gold.

To assure to the holders of First Preferred Shares the payment of semi-annual dividends of 1% for the period of three years from January 1, 1908, to the extent to which the net profits of the Company which shall first be applied for that purpose shall not be sufficient to make such payment, provision is to be made for the setting aside by the Company, as a separate fund, of $1,800,000 Prior Lien Bonds, and $1,200,000 Guaranteed General Mortgage Bonds, or in case of a sale thereof, then a sufficient amount of the proceeds thereof.

d. Non-Cumulative Five Per Cent. Second Preferred Shares for 250,000,000 Mexican Gold Pesos or $125,000,000 United States Gold.

The Second Preferred Shares shall confer on the holders thereof the right to receive each year out of surplus profits dividends up to 5 per cent. on their par value after the dividend of 4 per cent. on the First Preferred Shares for such year shall have been paid or set aside and before any dividend shall be paid for such year on the Common Shares, but no deficiency in such dividend in any such year shall be made up out of the surplus profits of subsequent years. After payment of such dividend of 5 per cent., any residue of surplus profits distributable in dividends for such year shall be paid to the holders of the Second Preferred Shares and to the holders of the Common Shares constituting part of the initial capital, in proportion to their respective holdings, without regard to class.

e. Common Shares for 150,000,000 Mexican Gold Pesos or $75,000,000 United States Gold.

For a full statement of the rights of the holders of the respective classes of shares, reference is made to the Decree of the Federal Government of the Republic of Mexico, dated July 6, 1907, a copy of which has been filed with each of the Depositaries and can be inspected at the offices of any of the Depositaries.

TABLE SHOWING BASIS OF EXCHANGE OF SECURITIES.

Deposited Bonds and Stocks	Each $1,000 par value of old Securities is to receive: Cash	4½% Prior Lien Bonds	Guaranteed 4% General Mortgage Bonds	First Preferred Shares	Second Preferred Shares	Common Shares
MEXICAN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED:	$	$	$	$	$	$
Priority 5% Bonds		700	475			
First Mortgage 7% Bonds and Scrip (Assented)		1,000				
Consolidated Mortgage 4% Bonds		600	325		75	
First Consolidated Income Bonds and Scrip					1,100	
Registered Income Bonds and Scrip					1,100	
Second Consolidated Income Bonds					1,000	
Stock					1,000	
NATIONAL RAILROAD COMPANY OF MEXICO:						
Preferred Stock	100			1,000		
Second Preferred Stock					1,100	
Common Stock (old)					733⅓	333⅓
Deferred Stock						1,000

The amount of the coupon due July 1, 1

LITTLE RAILROAD FOR SALE.

The Chesapeake Western's Securities to be Auctioned To-morrow.

The entire outstanding capital stock of the Chesapeake Western Railway, including both its stock and bonds, was advertised yesterday for sale at auction next Wednesday. The securities offered include $1,419,000 first mortgage 4 per cent. bonds, $698,100 preferred stock, and $411,200 common stock. When questioned about this offering of all the securities of the company, an official of the road at the company's offices at 100 Broadway said yesterday that the sale was purely personal, that it in no way affected the corporation itself, and that it was altogether a technical matter.

The Chesapeake Western is a small road in Virginia, which leases another road known as the Chesapeake & Western, the two roads owning between them sixty-eight miles of line.

Another corporation called the Chesapeake Western Company is given in the latest edition of Moody's Manual as the owner of all the stock of the Chesapeake Western Railway. It was inferred from this yesterday that the stock and bonds of the road were being offered by the holding company, or by some one with whom the securities were pledged.

MOVE TO RECOVER BANK TAXES

Some of the Leading City Institutions May Sue the City.

Some of the leading banks in this city, it was learned yesterday, have become interested in a movement to have declared invalid the taxes which the banks have paid for the last six years. Lindsay, Kalish & Palmer, attorneys, of 27 William Street, are handling the matter. On what ground the claim is advanced the attorneys refused to reveal yesterday. No suit has yet been begun, but the matter was said yesterday to have been taken up with the Corporation Counsel.

The taxes involved are those paid on the capital, surplus, and undivided profits of the banks. It was asserted yesterday that the claim for the return of the amount of these taxes is based on the ground that the stockholders of the banks were not properly notified of the payment of these taxes and that because of omission in this respect the banks themselves are entitled to a return of the money.

Among the banks mentioned yesterday as having joined the movement were two of the large Wall Street institutions and several banks in other parts of the city.

THE COTTON MARKET.

Breaks Severely on Varied News—Closes 23 to 28 Points Down.

Cotton had a very severe break during yesterday's trading, with May selling below 9 cents, the first time any local contract has sold under that level since September, 1906. The decline was due to lower cables, good weather, poor trade reports, talk of large acreage, and apprehensions that heavy amounts of cotton are being held back in the South. The close was steady at a net loss of 23@28 points. Sales were estimated at 350,000 bales.

The market opened easy at a decline of 8@16 points. Interior receipts were very light, but reports from abroad as to trade conditions are quite unfavorable.

The range of contract prices in the local markets was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat'y Close.
April	..	..	8.88@8.90	9.16
May	9.16	8.96	8.98@8.99	9.26
June	9.03	9.01	9.02@9.04	9.27
July	9.22	9.02	9.07@9.08	9.20
August	9.16	8.99	8.99@9.01	9.24
September	9.10	9.10	8.97@9.00	9.23
October	9.22	9.00	9.03@9.04	9.29
November	9.16	9.16	9.02@9.04	9.23
December	9.21	9.02	9.03@9.04	9.20
January	9.23	9.04	9.04@9.05	9.31
March	9.15	9.15	9.05@9.07	9.33

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, with prices 15 points lower. Sales nil.

Southern spot markets were telegraphed as follows: Mobile easy, unchanged, at 10½c, sales 23 bales; Savannah dull, unchanged, at 10c, sales 52 bales; Norfolk steady, ¼c lower, at 10¼c, sales 89 bales; Augusta steady, ¼@ ½c lower, at 10⅝c, sales 144 bales; Galveston quiet, 1-16c lower, at 10¼c, sales 335 bales; New Orleans quiet and easy, 1-16c lower, at 10 3-16c, sales 800 bales; Memphis quiet, ¼c lower, at 10¼c, sales 650 bales.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

WHEAT.—Drought reports continued from regions yielding more than a quarter of the entire Winter wheat crop, but after opening about ⅝c better the market made unimportant zigzag movements and closed at a net decline. Custom House figures showed clearances of 413,655 bushels. Exporters took only two loads. Local wheat in New York closed irregular as follows: No. 2 red, 99⅜c in elevator and $1.00¼ free on board afloat; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, $1.08⅜, and No. 2 hard Winter, $1.05⅝ free on board afloat.

CORN.—The opening was ⅝c higher, and for a time the tendency was upward on moderate receipts. But offerings became free, and the close was easy. Exporters took 10,000 bushels. No. 2 corn in New York closed nominal in elevator and 71½c nominal free on board afloat, and No. 2 white, 71½c.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
Wheat—				
May	$1.00⅜	99⅜	99⅜	$1.00⅛
July	94⅜	93⅜	93⅜	94⅛
September	91⅞	91⅛	91⅛	91⅞
Corn—				
May	..	..	76⅞	77⅛
July	74⅛	73½	73½	73⅝

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
Wheat—				
May	92⅞	91½	91⅝	92⅛
July	86⅝	85⅝	85⅞	85⅝
September	84⅞	83⅝	83⅝	83⅞
Corn—				
May	68¾	67¾	67¾	67⅞
July	65	64¼	64¼	64⅝
September	63⅝	63	63	63⅜
Oats—				
May	54	53½	53¼	53⅝
July	46⅛	45¼	45¼	46
Lard—				
May	$8.40	$8.27	$8.27	$8.37
July	8.62	8.47	8.47	8.60
Ribs—				
May	7.22	7.12	7.15	7.20
July	7.47	7.37	7.40	7.45
Pork—				
May	13.45	13.30	13.40	13.42
July	13.80	13.60	13.70	13.75

NEW YORK INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 13.—The following companies were incorporated to-day:

Universal Play Company, New York; capital, $300,000. Directors—Gerald F. Bacon and Mark Elsworth, 1,430 Broadway; William Klein, 346 Broadway, New York.

Griffin Double Tread Car Wheel Company, Buffalo, Erie County; capital, $200,000. Directors—Henry B. Griffin, William A. Griffin, and Edmund B. McKenna, Buffalo, N. Y.

Star Seal Company, New York; capital, $1,100,000. Directors—Henry S. Thompson, 76 William Street; Hiliary C. Messimer and Benjamin Barker, 56 Pine Street, New York.

N. S. P. Manufacturing Company, Newburg, Orange County, (plaster, cement, &c.;) capital, $200,000. Directors—William J. McKay, Retta L. McKay, and Benjamin McClung, Newburg, N. Y.

Bowery Holding Company, New York; capital, $50,000. Directors—Alfred J. Heine, 527 West 124th Street; Bernard J. Cullen, 366 St. Nicholas Avenue, New York; Antonio Madeo, 459 Sixty-sixth Street, Brooklyn.

J. B. Loughry Realty Company, New York; capital, $50,000. Directors—J. B. Loughry, 112 West Seventieth Street; R. E. Pendergast, 129 West Ninety-sixth Street; C. R. Smith, 192 Broadway, New York.

Puritan Amusement Company, New York; capital, $25,000. Directors—Harry Harris, Clifford G. Ludvigh, and James A. Light, 209 Broadway, New York.

Joseph S. Ham & Co., Incorporated, New York, (textiles;) capital, $20,000. Directors—Joseph S. Ham, Lydia G. Ham, and Eli Merriman, 530 Broadway, New York.

Revolving Globe Company, Brooklyn, (amusement devices;) capital, $15,000. Directors—Fred Schue, Ferdinand Ellinghausen, and Mary Ellinghausen, Bogaerty and Kensington Walk, Coney Island, N. Y.

Imperial Building Company, Brooklyn; capital, $15,000. Directors—John W. Hutching, 133 Prospect Park West; Michael Scholtz, 2,729 Milford Avenue; James M. Atkinson, 1 Verona Place, Brooklyn.

Mount Morris Company, New York, (commission business;) capital, $10,000. Directors—M. M. Durham, 1,489 Lexington Avenue; M. L. Satt, 777 Davison Street, New York; A. Youngjohn, 463 Elm Street, Arlington, N. J.

F. Stallknecht Corporation, New York, (advertising;) capital, $10,000. Directors—Frederick Stallknecht, 535 Scotland Street; David C. Mills, Yoes Avenue, Orange, N. J.; Charles S. Platt, 16 West Fortieth Street, New York.

Concrete Separator Company, New York; capital, $6,000. Directors—Edward R. Eichner, William T. McCarthy, and William B. Johnstone, 1,123 Broadway, New York.

Gardner Company, New York, (real estate;) capital, $5,000. Directors—Frank J. Gardner and Fred J. Quinby, 1,553 Broadway; L. Walter Bitting, 346 West Seventy-second Street, New York.

M. A. Singer Decorating Company, New York. Directors—Max A. Singer, 18 West 108th Street; Merer Jarmulowsky, 12 Charles Street; John L. Chesebro, 655 Westchester Avenue, New York.

L. G. W. Realty Company, New York; capital, $1,000. Directors—Adolf D. Lindemann, 158 Rivington Street; Joseph Goldnay, 192 Delancey Street; Isidore Wengraf, 257 East Fourth Street, New York.

Terry, Tench & Proctor Tunneling Machine Company, New York; capital, $1,500,000. Directors—James J. Banks, Ernest and Cranmer Building, Denver, Col.; Arthur S. Luria and E. E. Morris, 2 Rector Street, New York.

Dissolutions.

Julius Bohm Agency, Attorneys—Hartman & Levy, 73 Nassau Street, New York.

Schyke-Rose Company, Attorneys—Hays, Kaufman & Lindheim, 60 Wall Street, New York.

DIVIDENDS.

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY.
New York, April 11th, 1908.

The Directors of this company have declared a quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the common stock of the company, payable on and after May 15th, 1908, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on Friday, May 1st, 1908, at the office of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, 16 to 22 William Street, New York City. Dividend checks will be mailed to stockholders who have filed orders.

E. S. PATTEE, Secretary.

INTERNATIONAL STEAM PUMP COMPANY.

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 36.
No. 115 Broadway, New York, April 13, 1908.

A regular quarterly dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock of the International Steam Pump Company will be paid on May first. The Preferred Stock Transfer Books will close April 20th and reopen May 2d.

NATHAN FLEISCHER, Treasurer.

The Kansas City Southern Ry. Co.
25 Broad St., New York, March 19, 1908.

A quarterly dividend of One (1%) Per Cent. has this day been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, from the surplus earnings of the current fiscal year, payable on April 15th, 1908, to Stockholders of record at 3:00 o'clock P. M. March 31st, 1908.

Checks for the dividend will be mailed to stockholders at their last address furnished to the Transfer Office.

R. B. SPERRY, Secretary.

ELECTRIC BOND AND SHARE COMPANY.
New York, April 9th, 1908.

The regular quarterly dividend of One and One-quarter (1¼%) Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock of the Electric Bond and Share Company has been declared, payable May 1st, 1908, to Stockholders of record at the close of business April 16th, 1908, on which date the transfer books will close and reopen Saturday, May 2d, 1908.

H. M. FRANCIS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE
NEW YORK DOCK COMPANY.
New York, March 20th, 1908.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of TWO PER CENT. and an extra dividend of ONE-HALF OF ONE PER CENT. on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable April 15th to stockholders of record at the close of business April 1, 1908.

GEO. E. SPENCER, Treasurer.

MOUNT MORRIS BANK OF NEW YORK
DIVIDEND NO. 34.
April 6, 1908.

A semi-annual dividend of FOUR PER CENT. (4%) will be paid on May 1, 1908, to stockholders of record April 20.

Transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on April 20.

LINDLEY H. HILL, Cashier.

Office Homestake Mining Co.,
Mills Building, 15 Broad Street,
New York, April 13th, 1908.
DIVIDEND NO. 404.

Dividend No. 404 of Fifty (50) cents per share has been declared, payable at the Transfer Agency in New York on the 25th inst.

Transfer books close on the 20th inst.

LOUNSBERY & CO., Transfer Agents.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY,
51 Wall Street, New York.

The Board of Directors of this company has declared the regular semi-annual dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on its Preferred Stock, payable May 15th, 1908, to stockholders of record May 6, 1908.

H. D. BABBITT,
Secretary and Treasurer.

American Telephone and Telegraph Company.

A Dividend of Two Dollars per share will be paid on Wednesday, April 15, 1908, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Thursday, March 19, 1908.

WM. R. DRIVER, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

Special Meeting of Stockholders.

120 Broadway, New York, March 26, 1908.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY:

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of Union Pacific Railroad Company has been called by the Board of Directors to convene at the office of the Company at Salt Lake City, in the State of Utah, on the **5th day of May, 1908,** at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of considering and acting upon the following propositions, viz.:

1. To approve or ratify the sale to said Union Pacific Railroad Company of the railroad and branches, constructed or to be constructed, of The Leavenworth, Kansas and Western Railway Company, together with all the property, rights, privileges and franchises thereto pertaining, and all other property of the Company last named;

2. To approve or ratify the sale to said Union Pacific Railroad Company of the railroad and branches, constructed or to be constructed, of The Topeka and Northwestern Railroad Company, together with all the property, rights, privileges and franchises thereto pertaining, and all other property of the Company last named;

3. To authorize or approve an issue of bonds to be secured by a mortgage of a portion of said Union Pacific Railroad Company's lines of railroad, together with the appurtenances, including the lines of railroad proposed to be purchased as aforesaid.

The books for the transfer of the stock (both preferred and common) will be closed for the purpose of the meeting at 12 o'clock noon, on the **11th day of April, 1908,** and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M., on the **6th day of May, 1908.**

By order of the Board of Directors.

ALEX. MILLAR, Secretary.

AMERICAN BOOK COMPANY.
ANNUAL MEETING.
100 Washington Square, New York, N. Y.,
April 7, 1908.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the American Book Company will be held at the office of the Company, 100 Washington Square, New York, N. Y., on Tuesday, the 21st day of April, 1908, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

No stock can be voted on which has been transferred on the books of the Company within ten days next preceding this election. The transfer books will be closed at the close of business on the 10th inst., and will be opened on the morning of the 26th inst.

GILMAN H. TUCKER, Secretary.

THE KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN RAILWAY CO.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of The Kansas City Southern Railway Company will be held at the office of the Company, in the Thayer Building, at the northwest corner of Broadway and Ninth Street, in Kansas City, Missouri, on Tuesday, May 12th, 1908, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., for the election of Directors of the Company and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The stock transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M., April 30th, 1908, and reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. May 14th, 1908.

J. A. EDSON, President.
R. B. SPERRY, Secretary.

Dated April 7th, 1908.

OFFICE OF
THE LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.
Cleveland, O., April 6th, 1908.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the principal office of the company in Cleveland, Ohio, on the FIRST WEDNESDAY (being the 6th day) of MAY, 1908, at 10 o'clock A. M. The poll will continue open for one hour thereafter.

By order of the Board of Directors.

DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

THE BROAD-EXCHANGE COMPANY.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held on the fourth day of May, 1908, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Corporation Trust Company, No. 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

No stock can be voted on which has been transferred on the books of the company within twenty days next preceding this election.

Dated New York, April 14, 1908.

JOHN CARLSEN, Secretary.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

To the Common Stockholders of the Federal Varnish Company:

The Annual Meeting of the stockholders of this corporation for the purpose of electing five Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, 209 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, April 20th, 1908, at twelve o'clock noon.

B. F. J. KIERNAN, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Gothberg Manufacturing Company, for the election of Directors, will be held at the offices of the company, 108 Duane Street, at 12 o'clock noon, April 20th, 1908.

NATHANIEL WEBB, Secretary.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of WILLCOX, PECK & HUGHES will be held at No. 3 South William Street, New York City, on TUESDAY, April 21st, 1908, at 12 o'clock noon.

PERCY S. MALLETT, Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE ADVERtisement in The City Record of April 9 to 23, 1908, of the confirmation by the Board of Assessors and the entering in the Bureau for the Collection of Assessments and Arrears of assessment for LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS in the BOROUGH OF QUEENS:

1ST WARD. 10TH AVENUE, (STEINWAY AVENUE,) west side—REGULATING, GRADING, AND FLAGGING, from Grand Avenue to Vandeventer Avenue.

HERMAN A. METZ,
Comptroller.

City of New York, April 7, 1908.

SALT LAKE COPPER

BOUGHT {New York Curb Quotation: 10⅝ Bid. 10⅞ Asked.} SOLD

Investors and speculators will be interested to know the care and precision with which this property has been lifted into the ranks of the copper producers as shown by net earnings for 1907 of 50c per share

Complete and detailed information upon request.

WEIR BROS. & CO.

AUTHORITATIVE SPECIALISTS IN METAL STOCKS

25 Broad Street **New York**

Phone 4984 Broad. Private wires to all markets.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING
of
National Corporation Securities Company

REGISTERED
with
The Corporation Trust Company,
Jersey City, New Jersey.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of this Company will be held on the twenty-first day of April, 1908, at twelve o'clock noon, at the office of the Company with the Corporation Trust Company, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, New Jersey, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors, receiving and acting upon the reports of the officers, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

In accordance with the laws of the State of New Jersey no stock can be voted on which has been transferred on the books of the Company within twenty days preceding this election.

Dated April 7th, 1908.

HOMER GREEN,
Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE FIRE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, Nos. 157 and 159 East Sixty-seventh Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Fire Commissioner at the above office until 10:30 o'clock A. M. on **THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1908,**
Borough of Brooklyn.

No. 1. For furnishing all the labor and materials required for additions and alterations to the quarters of Engine Company 112, located at No. 136 Wythe Avenue, Borough of Brooklyn.

No. 2. For furnishing all the labor and materials required for additions and alterations to the quarters of Hook and Ladder Company 56, located at No. 124 Greenpoint Avenue, Brooklyn.

For full particulars see City Record.

NICHOLAS J. HAYES,
Fire Commissioner.

Dated April 9, 1908.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE Borough of Manhattan, City Hall, the City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the President of the Borough of Manhattan at the City Hall, Room 16, until 2 o'clock P. M. on **THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1908,**
Borough of Manhattan.

No. 1. For furnishing all the labor and material required for building sewer and appurtenances in Ninth Avenue, between Two Hundred and Tenth and Two Hundred and Fifteenth Streets, and between Two Hundred and Eighteenth Street and Broadway.

No. 2. For furnishing all the labor and material required for alteration and improvement to sewer and appurtenances in Columbus Avenue, between Ninety-seventh and Ninety-eighth Streets.

For full particulars see City Record.

JOHN F. AHEARN,
President, Borough of Manhattan.
The City of New York, April 13, 1908.

OFFICE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF Parks, Arsenal Building, Fifth Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Park Board at the above office of the Department of Parks until 3 o'clock P. M., on **THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1908,**
Borough of Manhattan.

For furnishing and delivering one Fifteen-ton Road Roller and one Twelve-ton Road Roller.

For full particulars see City Record.

HENRY SMITH, President.
JOSEPH I. BERRY,
MICHAEL J. KENNEDY,
Commissioners of Parks.

Dated April 10, 1908.

BELLEVUE AND ALLIED HOSPITALS DEPARTMENT OF NEW YORK CITY, Twenty-sixth Street and First Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

SEALED BIDS AND ESTIMATES will be received by the President of the Board of Trustees at the above office until 3 o'clock P. M. on **TUESDAY, APRIL 21, 1908.**

For furnishing and setting of lighting fixtures in Pavilions A and B of the new Bellevue Hospital, First Avenue to East River and Twenty-sixth to Twenty-ninth Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

For full particulars see City Record.

JOSEPH W. BRANNAN,
President Board of Trustees.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE FIRE DEPARTMENT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, Nos. 157 and 159 East Sixty-seventh Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Fire Commissioner at the above office until 10 o'clock A. M. on **THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1908,**
Borough of Brooklyn.

For furnishing all the labor and materials required for additions and alterations to the quarters of Engine Company 117, located on the south side of De Kalb Avenue, 235 feet west of Lewis Avenue, Borough of Brooklyn.

For full particulars see City Record.

NICHOLAS J. HAYES,
Fire Commissioner.

Dated April 9, 1908.

DEPARTMENT OF BRIDGES, Nos. 13 to 21 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Commissioner of Bridges at the above office until 2 o'clock P. M. on **THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1908,**

For constructing the footwalk flooring of the Blackwell's Island Bridge over the East River, between the Boroughs of Manhattan and Queens.

For full particulars see City Record.

JAMES W. STEVENSON,
Commissioner of Bridges.

Dated April 10, 1908.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE Borough of Manhattan, City Hall, the City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the President of the Borough of Manhattan, at the City Hall, Room 16, until 2 o'clock P. M. on **FRIDAY, APRIL 17, 1908.**

No. 1. For repairing and maintaining sheet asphalt pavements on the streets in the Borough of Manhattan on which the original guarantee of maintenance has expired or will expire during the term of this contract.

For full particulars see City Record.

JOHN F. AHEARN,
President Borough of Manhattan.
The City of New York, April 7, 1908.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE ADVERtisement in The City Record of April 9 to 23, 1908, of the confirmation by the Board of Assessors, and the entering in the Bureau for the Collection of Assessments and Arrears, of assessment for LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS in the BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN:

12TH WARD, SECTION 8. WEST 214TH STREET—SEWER, between the Harlem River and 10th Avenue.

HERMAN A. METZ,
Comptroller.

City of New York, April 7, 1908.

DEPARTMENT OF BRIDGES, Nos. 13 to 21 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Commissioner of Bridges at the above office until 2 o'clock P. M. on **THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1908.**

For completing the abandoned contract for the construction of the Madison Avenue Temporary Bridge over the Harlem River.

For full particulars see City Record.

JAMES W. STEVENSON,
Commissioner of Bridges.

Dated April 8, 1908.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS AND FERRIES.

Sealed estimates for furnishing Broken Stone (Contract 1,116) will be received by the Commissioner of Docks at Pier A, Battery Place, until 12 o'clock noon, Thursday, April 23, 1908. (For particulars see City Record.)

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY given to the owner or owners of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, that the following proposed assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

Borough of Brooklyn.

List 9554, No. 1—Regulating, grading, curbing and laying cement sidewalks on Seventy-third Street, between New Utrecht Avenue and Eighteenth Avenue.

List 9566, No. 2—Regulating, grading and curbing East Fifth Street, from Vanderbilt Street to Greenwood Avenue.

List 9757, No. 3—Paving with asphalt Avenue J, from Flatbush Avenue to Brooklyn Avenue.

List 9763, No. 4—Grading lots on the south side of Fortieth Street, between Fourth and Fifth Avenues; Lots Nos. 17 and 22 of Block 714.

List 9758, No. 5—Grading lots on the south side of Eighty-third Street and on the north side Eighty-fourth Street, between Tenth and Eleventh Avenues; Lots Nos. 1, 12 and 68 of Block 6076.

List 9759, No. 6—Grading lots on the north side of Eighth Street, between Eighth Avenue and Prospect Park West; Lot No. 40 of Block 1089.

List 9760, No. 7—Paving, curbing and laying cement sidewalks on East Twelfth Street, between Cortelyou Road and Dorchester Road.

List 9762, No. 8—Grading lot on the south side of Eighteenth Street, between Third and Fourth Avenues; Lot No. 26 of Block 5988.

List 9764, No. 9—Grading lots on the north side of Forty-sixth Street, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues; Lots Nos. 64 and 68 of Block 750.

List 9765, No. 10—Paving with asphalt, curbing and laying cement sidewalks on Fifty-second Street, between Sixth and Seventh Avenues.

List 9766, No. 11—Paving with asphalt, curbing and laying cement sidewalks on Heyward street, between Wythe Avenue and Wallabout Street.

List 9767, No. 12—Grading lots on the southeast side of Little Street, between Evans Street and United States Street; Lots Nos. 15, 16, and 17 of Block 24.

List 9772, No. 13—Grading one-half of the lot lying on the west side of Tenth Avenue, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth Streets, known as Lot No. 38, Block 1106.

List 9773, No. 14—Grading lot on the east side of Underhill Avenue, between Sterling Place and St. Johns Place; Lot No. 1, Block 1179.

List 9775, No. 15—Paving with asphalt and guttering East Twelfth Street, from Dorchester Road to Ditmas Avenue.

List 9776, No. 16—Grading a lot on the south side of Myrtle Avenue, between Lewis Avenue and Broadway; Lot No. 14, Block 1586.

List 9778, No. 17—Laying crosswalks on Lotts Lane, at the intersections of Forty-second and Forty-third Streets.

List 9779, No. 18—Laying cement sidewalks on south side of Fifteenth Street, between Prospect Park West and Tenth Avenue; north side of Prospect Place, between Franklin and Classon Avenues; on the west side of Franklin Avenue, between Prospect Place and St. Mark's Avenue; west side of Tenth Avenue, between Windsor Place and Prospect Avenue; east side of Tenth Avenue, between Sherman Street and Prospect Avenue, and both sides of Tenth Avenue, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth Streets.

List 9781, No. 19—Laying cross-walks on the north side of Seventy-fifth Street, across Second Avenue.

List 9795, No. 20—Laying cement sidewalks on the north side of Seventy-ninth Street, between Third and Fifth Avenues, and on the south side of Seventy-ninth Street, between Shore Road and Fort Hamilton Avenue.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named proposed assessments, and who are opposed to the same or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing, to the Secretary of the Board of Assessors, No. 320 Broadway, New York, on or before May 12, 1908, at 11 A. M., at which time and place the said objections will be heard and testimony received in reference thereto.

For full particulars see City Record.

ANTONIO ZUCCA,
PAUL WEIMANN,
JAMES H. KENNEDY,
Board of Assessors.

WILLIAM H. JASPER, Secretary.
No. 320 Broadway.
City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, April 11, 1908.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, THIRD Judicial District, Ulster County.—In the matter of the application and petition of J. EDWARD SIMMONS, CHARLES N. CHADWICK, and CHARLES A. SHAW, constituting the Board of Water Supply of the City of New York, to acquire real estate for and on behalf of the City of New York, under Chapter 724 of the Laws of 1905, and the acts amendatory thereof, in the Town of Olive, Ulster County, New York, for the purpose of providing an additional supply of pure and wholesome water for the use of the City of New York.—Ashokan Reservoir, Section No. 2, Ulster County.

Public notice is hereby given that the First Separate Report of Alanson Page Smith, Isaiah Fuller, and Reginald W. Rives, who were appointed Commissioners of Appraisal in the above-entitled matter by an order of this court, made at a special term thereof, held at the Court House, in the City of Kingston, Ulster County, New York, April 20th, 1907, was filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Ulster, on the 21st day of February, 1908, and affects parcels numbers seventy (70), seventy-six (76), seventy-seven (77), fifty-eight (58), seventy-four (74), fifty-nine (59), forty-eight (48), eighty-one (81), forty-five (45), seventy-five (75), fifty-five (55), fifty-seven (57), sixty-seven (67), sixty-eight (68), sixty-four (64), sixty-six (66), seventy-eight (78), forty-seven (47), forty-nine (49), seventy-nine (79), sixty-three (63), fifty-two (52), forty-three (43), sixty-nine (69), fifty (50), shown on the map in this proceeding.

Notice is further given that an application will be made at a special term of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, to be held in and for the Third Judicial District, at the Court House in the City of Kingston, Ulster County, New York, on the 18th day of April, 1908, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order confirming said report, and for such other and further relief as may be just.

Dated New York, March 23d, 1908.

FRANCIS KEY PENDLETON,
Corporation Counsel,
Hall of Records,
New York City.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE ADVERtisement in The City Record of April 9 to 23, 1908, of the confirmation by the Board of Assessors and the entering in the Bureau for the Collection of assessments and Arrears of assessment for LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS in the BOROUGH OF RICHMOND:

3D WARD. CONSTRUCTING TEMPORARY SEWER in ANN STREET, from Avenue B to Heberton Avenue, and in AVENUE B, from Ann Street to Bennett Street.

HERMAN A. METZ,
Comptroller.

City of New York, April 7, 1908.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR KHAKI CLOTH AND Olive Drab Caps. Depot Quartermaster's Office, 39 Whitehall St., New York City, April 13, 1908. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, subject to usual conditions, will be received here until 1 o'clock P. M., April 27, 1908, and then opened, for furnishing 100,000 yds. Khaki Cloth, and manufacturing 10,000 Olive Drab Service Caps, to be delivered at either the New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago, or St. Louis Depots. The right is reserved to reject or accept any or all proposals or any part thereof. Preference will be given to articles of domestic manufacture, conditions of quality and price (including in the price of foreign manufactures the duty thereon) being equal. Standard samples can be seen and specifications, blanks for proposals and full information will be furnished upon application at this office. Envelopes containing proposals to be endorsed "Proposals for Khaki Cloth and O. D. Caps, to be opened April 27, 1908." Colonel Wm. S. Patten, Depot Quartermaster.

FORT SLOCUM, N. Y., MARCH 6, 1908.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received until 10 A. M. April 15, 1908, for furnishing fuel and mineral oil here during year commencing July 1, 1908, and forage and straw from July 1 to September 30, 1908. Information furnished on application. Envelopes containing proposals will be endorsed "Proposals for Fuel, Forage, Straw, and Mineral Oil," and addressed to Quartermaster.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

THE COPARTNERSHIP BETWEEN DOMENICO LORDI, BIAGIO PERNETTI, and PIETRO DE RESPIRIS, composing the firm of LORDI, PERNETTI & DE RESPIRIS COMPANY, has been dissolved and terminated since June 6, 1907.

B. PERNETTI.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—GEORGE R. SMITH, plaintiff, against ELIZABETH WHELAN and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date March 19th, 1908, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesrooms, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 14th day of April, 1908, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

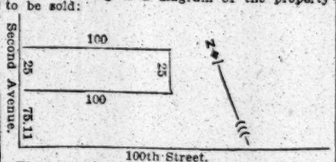
Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Second Avenue, seventy-five feet eleven inches northerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of One Hundredth Street with the easterly side of Second Avenue; running thence easterly parallel with One Hundredth Street part of the distance through a party wall one hundred feet; thence northerly parallel with Second Avenue twenty-five feet; thence westerly parallel with One Hundredth Street and part of the distance through another party wall one hundred feet to the easterly side of Second Avenue, and thence southerly along the easterly side of Second Avenue twenty-five feet to the point or place of beginning. Said premises being now known by the street number 1,952 Second Avenue.

Dated, New York, March 20, 1908.

LOWEN E. GINN, Referee.

JOHN M. RIDER, Attorney for Plaintiff, No. 44 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



100th Street.

The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $4,208.67, with interest thereon from the 14th day of March, 1908, together with the costs and allowances amounting to $331.89, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $451.20.

The above property will be sold subject to a first mortgage of $19,000 now under process of foreclosure, held by the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company as Substituted Trustee under the deed of trust made by Henry Jessop Stevenson, dated November 19th, 1895, with interest thereon from August 1st, 1907, at the rate of five per cent. per annum, payable quarter-yearly.

The above property will also be sold subject to such costs as may accrue to the said Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, as Substituted Trustee as aforesaid, in an action now pending in this court, brought by it for the foreclosure of said mortgage.

Dated New York, March 20, 1908.

LOWEN E. GINN, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK. —THE COMMONWEALTH MORTGAGE COMPANY, Plaintiff, against THE RUTLAND REALTY COMPANY and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 19th day of March, 1908, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York,

COURT CALENDARS

FEDERAL COURTS.

Supreme Court Decisions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Among the decisions handed down by the United States Supreme Court to-day were the following:

357—Henry Clay Pierce, appellant, vs. Edmund F. Creecy, Chief of Police, &c.—Motion to advance granted and cause assigned for argument April 20.

625—The United States, plaintiff in error, vs. F. W. Keitel et al.—Motion to dismiss postponed to the hearing of the case on its merits.

681—E. H. McCutcheon & Co. et al., petitioners, vs. A. N. Bort.—Petition for certiorari denied.

684—Armand Scholl, petitioner, vs. The United States.—Petition for certiorari denied.

685—Robert Dollar et al., petitioners, vs. St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Company et al.—Petition for certiorari denied.

689—The New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, petitioner, vs. The Steamship Wardenfels, &c.—Petition for certiorari submitted.

701—George B. Christie et al., &c., petitioners, vs. The Fane Steamship Company.—Petition for certiorari submitted.

688—The Village of Saratoga Springs et al., petitioners, vs. The Cameron Septic Tank Company.—Petition for certiorari submitted.

Day call for Tuesday, April 14.—171, 198, 199, 201, 202, 203, 204, (and 205,) 206, 207, and 208.

Calendars for Tuesday, April 14.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. in Room 124, Post Office Building. 205—Penn R R-Somerville. 220—Berry Bros-St Quentin. 201—Chanler-Sherman. 234, 235—Constantine & Pickering Co-Auchincloss. 236—McLean-Auchincloss. 241—Aetna Ins Co-Albany & Sus R R. 254—United States-George. 218—Same-N Y C & H R R R. 223—Same-Schering. 224—Legg-United States. 233—Millburn-Fed Sugar Ref Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Adams, J.—Opens in Room 72, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty. 181—Byrnes-Tug Thomas Walsh. 177—Johnson-Tug Wyomissing.

STATE COURTS.

Court of Appeals Calendar.

ALBANY, April 13.—Court of Appeals calendar for to-morrow: Nos. 185, 200, 201, 209, 211, 113, 212, 215.

Calendars for Tuesday, April 14.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, McLaughlin, Laughlin, Houghton, and Scott, JJ.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Enumerated motions. 12½—In re Huntington. 69—Eagan-Engeman. 72, 73—Bruckner-Sulzbacher, 75—Darton-Int R T Co. 36—Scott-Nauss Bros Co. 46—Harnett-Englander. 67—Adams-Purser. 14—Zimmerman-Loft. 79—Austen-Bayer. 80—Devine-Custodis Co. 81—Hapgoods-Crawford. 82—Lukoschosch-Utopia Land Co. 84—Cormack-N Y, N H & H R R. 85—Reilly-Steinhart. 86—Canty-Henderson.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—For the hearing of appeals from the City Court and Municipal Court.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Dowling, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions. A to F—Turck et al-Chisholm. 1—In re Jerome St. 2—City of N Y-Gennerich. 3—Am Sugar Ref Co-City of N Y. 4—City of N Y-Levi. 5—Order of St Benedict-Wellbrock. 6—St Anselm's Church-same. 7—Lane-Lane. 8—Minnocks-Thomson. 9—Kniekern-N Y C & H R R R. 10—City of N Y-Thos Krekeler Co. 11—In re Main St. 12—McNetton-McNetton. 13—Am Genl Eng Co-Remellus. 14—Pardee-Man Cobalt Co. 15—McTeve-Phinizy Co. 16—Rosoff-Hedden Const Co. 17—In re Export Lumber Co. 18, 19—Societe des Glaces-Krahn. 20—Kesteiger-Fickenscher. 21—City R R Co-Bernheimer. 22, 23—Kessler-Baker. 24—Teplitsky-Frank. 25—City of N Y-Hutchinson. 26—Harris-Cronin. 27—Mosler Safe Co-Malden Lane Co. 28—Hendrickson-Hendrickson. 29—Westerfield-Central Trust Co. 30—Blechman-Whalen. 31—Swann-Murray. 32—Hendrickson-Hendrickson. 33—Robinson-Thomas. 34—Stelman-Weinstein. 35—Kretsch-Denofrio. 36—Kelsey-Kelsey. 37—In re Westchester Av. 38—Ehrich-Root. 39—People-Strong. 40—Harris-Cronin. 41—Hoey-N Y Times Co. 42—Van Loan-Chamberlain. 43—In re Moore. 44—Berkeley-Scheidelberg. 45—Haskell-Goldsmith. 46—Am Liddell-Colored Co-Woodcock. 47—Cole-Bunn. 48—Soher-Lobel. 49—In re Rosenkranz. 50, 51—Griffith-Prince. 52—Allen-O'Bryan. 53—Brinn-Posner. 54—In re Emp Keystone Imp Co. 55—Wasserman-Wasserman. 56, 57—Nitzberg-Merch Exp Co. 58—Tannenbaum-Pelletreau. 59—Hennessy-Blanch. 60—Mulvey-Reilly. 61—Perkins-Perkins. 62—Geltzholtz-Feldmans. 63—Thayer-Schley. 64—Selleck-Selleck. 65—In re E 206th St. 66—Shenfield-Shenfield. 67—Brand-Levy. 68—Nunnally-Mail and Express Co. 69—Speiser-Speiser. 70 to 77—In re Pizzutiello. 78—Quick-Conrad. 79—Bunschrow-Herrmann Lumber Co. 80—Fagan-Col Paint Wks. 81—Bunn-Opdyke. 82—Jolly-Post & McCord Co. 83—King-Roebling Const Co. 84—Kurz-Loewer's Brew Co. 85—La Monaco-Murphy Const Co. 86—Michel-Moore. 87—Murat-Piser. 88—Healy-Murphy Const Co. 89—Bocca-Bocca. 90—Mitchell-Mitchell. 91—People-Oriental Bk. 92—Zalinoff-Hansen. 93—U S Paper Co-De Haven. 94—Braik-N Y Edison Co. 95—Rubin-Hyman. 96—Nelson-Corey. 97—Stokes-Neidlinger. 98—Onward Const Co-same. 99—Konnemann-Rahmeyer. 100—Sherry-Sherry. 101—La France Co-Cal S D Co. 102—Salvini-Salvini Co. 103—Goss-C S Goss Co. 104, 105—Striker-Low. 106—Cone-Pulis. 107—Howley-Press. 108—Conversano-Rappaport. 109—In re Bernheimer. 110—In re Greitzer. 111—In re Deutsch. 112—Bartlett-C A Duerr & Co. 113—Owen-Derbyshire. 114—Weill-Unique Realty Co. 115—Getzoff-Koenigsberg. 116—Batonyi-Batonyi. 117—Hawes-N G Lloyd. 118—Bickerstaff-McLaughlin. 119—Grumer-Pagoda. 120—Bean-Flint. 121, 122—In re N Y Edison Co. 123—In re United E L & P Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Hendrick, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—McCall, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Case on. Motions. Demurrers. 1844—Morrell-Judge Co. 1848—Loeb-Lewinthan. 1810—Perego-Corcoran. 1882½—Lenox-Realty Co. Causes noticed on calendar. 7295—Zink-Zink. General calendar. 5762—Coachmen's League-Miller. 7633—Friedman-Friedman. 7499—Gortner-Gortner. 4300—McCosky-Penn & L I R R. 6510—Personeni-Goodale. 6580—Angermuller-Ewald. 7126—Franklin-Baron. 6361—Oppenheimer-Barnett. 7959—McElhinney-Sherman. 6122—Choate-Gernsten. 6719—Scofield-Butts. 7654—Orr-Orr. 7401—Balm-Law. 1640, 1644, 1679, and 1680—Oishei-B H R R.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV.—Leventritt, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Case on. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part V.—Goff, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—Bischoff, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Calendar clear. Certiorari cases. 8078—McLanahan-Purdy. 8027—B'way Bldg Co-O'Donnel.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VII.—Gerard, J.—Held in Trial Term, Part XV. Room.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Pirsson, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Case on. 6058—Hupfel's Sons-Klein. 5896—Carroll-City of N Y. 6743—Hanks-Hanks. 6290—Chesman Co-McIntyre. 6215—Segel-Lantry. 6568—Loevy-Gridley. 6283—Barrett-Clark. 6558—Eur-Am Bank-Trident Tire Co. 6454—Hinchman-Munro.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar No. 1. To be called in Trial Term, Part III., at 10:15 A. M. Cases on this calendar shall be sent to Parts III., IV., V., VI., and VII. for trial. 2340—Cosetta-N Y C & H R R R. 2390—Rullman-N Y City Ry. 2392—Sagebiel-same. 2395—Booth-same. 2402—Janevetz-C H R R. 2412—Targianna-N Y C & H R R. 2418—Perlmutter-same. 2423—McKermansmo. 2426—Conners-42d St Ry. 2428—Hiller-Int St Ry. 2429—Tenney-same. 2431—Downes-N Y City Ry. 2432—Barton-same. 3164—Hart-Met St Ry. 2383—Healey-L I R R. 2401—Brauer-Int R T Co. 1964—Altschuler-same. 1419—Lahey-Int R T Co. 2276—Reilly-N Y City Ry. 2359—Eckstein-same. 2365—Tucker-same. 2415—Braunstein-same. 2356—Lachman-S I R T Co. 2206—Schattan-same. 2407—Lawson-3d Av R R. 1722—Stanislaus-N Y City Ry. 1885—Rinner-same. 2136—Rath-Union Ry. 2143—Dunn-same. 2347—Schram-N Y City Ry. 2191—Hanks-Int R T Co. 2402—Wiseman-N Y City Ry. 2363—Friedman-same. 2440—Crotty-same. 2452—Biondo-same. 2453—Matteis-same. 2454—Munch-same. 2455—Crane-same. 2478—Gass-same. 2479—Simon-same. 2490—Freund-same. 2491—Haverty-same. 2494—Jovine-same. 2506—Dalton-same. 2507—Browne-same. 2510—Moross-same. 2516—De Russo-N Y C & H R R R. 2522—Zickerman-3d R R. 2525—Rohl-N Y City Ry. 2526, 2527—Pollock-same. Highest number reached on regular call, 2567.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—O'Gorman, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Dugro, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Blanchard, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Amend, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—Fitzgerald, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar No. 2—To be called in Trial Term, Part VIII., at 10:15 A. M. Causes on this calendar shall be sent to Parts VIII., IX., X., XI., XII. and XIII. for trial. 3347—Jameson-Cent Un Gas Co. 3348—Arthur-same. 3360—Schmieg-Brown. 3379—Connelly-Dunn. 3383—Conner-Simpson. 3397—Wahlhenner Press Pub Co. 3405—Gallagher-Volther. 3410—Joyce-Degnon Cont Co. 3416, 3417—McDermott-Pinkiert. 3420—Lovely-Ocean S S Co. 3422—Rockwell-Smith & Mabley Mfg Co. 3426, 3427—Dagata-Harvier. 3428—McNamara-City of N Y. 3431—Klein-Wanamaker. 3434—Roll-Roden. 3436—Madigan-City of N Y. 3440—Gore-Krulewitch. 3441—Brausberger-Mart. 2953—Reidy-Offenbach. 3321, 3332—Ward-Durland Co. 3331—Scott-N Y Con Co. 3336—Rudawsky-N Y Con Co. 3346—steleri-Edgewater Sawmills Co. 3374—Braken-Press Pub Co. 3396—Flig-Block. 3398—Enright-Milliken. 3412—Glick-Flynn. 3447—Branch-Am Ice Co. 3453—Nevalsky-Vassar. 3456—Benjamin-City of N Y. 3450—Di Vita-Dairy Products Co. 3460—Warren-Fitzgerald. 3461—Korn-City of N Y. 3322—Steinberg-Harlem River Park Co. 3355—Folger-Kohn. 3408—Sweeney-Phelan. 3463—McGowan-Cohen. 3464—Valt-Belanger. 3465—Bach-Reddy. 3466—Corrigan-Romm Bros. 3469—Farrell-Lynch. 3470—Moritz-Segal. 3471—Schonwizner-Fleck. 3473—O'Brien-Bloomingdale. 3474—Sinclair-Pearson. 3480—Mulleny-McDonald. 3485—Bauer-Cole. 3489—Michel-Moore. Highest number reached on regular call, 3726.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Guy, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Seabury, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—Ford, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—Newburger, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Dayton, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII.—Brady, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVIII.—Lambert, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. 5831—People-McClellan. No day calendar.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Beckett, S.—Held in Room 4 Hall of Records, fifth floor. Motion calendar called at 10:30 A. M. 1—Charles H. Ranney. 2—Mahalah Sowarby. 3—Angelina B. Smith. 4—Fannie Orlow. 5—Ann Phillips. 6—Latte Zaum. 7—Anna Maria Becker. 8—George Hofmann. 9—Robert Seaman. 10—Same. 11—Same. 12—Adolph Fried. 13—Raymond McCormack. 14—Alfonso De Mato. 15—Edward J. H. Tamsen. 16—Jas. B. Warden. 17—Meyer R. Bimberg. 18—Charles Turner. 19—Rosa Jacobowitz. 20—Cosimo Panelli. 21—Ann Daglish. 22—Peter G. Schanz. 23—Domenico Phillippo. 24—Karolina Betz. 25—Juliano Deluca. 26—John J. Langan. 27—Jacques Schneidebach. 28—Christian Schieck. 29—Joseph B. Hart. 30—Frederick J. Weiss. 31—Clara W. Holbert. 32—George L. Burns. 33—Mary Brennemann. 34—Isidore A. Koffler. 35—John J. Lagan. 36—Adolphe Dreyspring. 37—Kate Blondell. 38—William Marshall. 39—Torwald Johnson. 40—Wallace Stuart. 41—Annie B. Moller. 42—Rebecca Delilth. 43—William Rappaport. 44—Francisco Castaldi. 45—Ezra L. Waterhouse. 46—Ida Meyer. 47—Michael F. Ward. 48—Andrew Longacre. 49—John Turl. 50—Alvin D. Puffer. 51—Joseph Schneider. 52—Same. 53—Gerardo Marino. 54—John Davis. 55—Nicholas Fitzpatrick. 56—Edward McGlynn. 57—Peter Naylor. Wills for probate in Room 8 at 10:30 A. M. Michael Kelly, Simon Hirshbach, Leffert Lefferts, Lucy W. Hale, Angela De Bonay, Mary E. O'Brien, Helen F. Griffin, Julia B. Isham, Samuel Hinston, Eugene W. Guindon, Leonidas P. Williams, Walker A. Haligarten.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Thomas, S.—Held in Room 9, fifth floor, Hall of Records.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Case on. No day calendar.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Green, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Motions must be made returnable at 10:30 A. M. The motion calendar will be called at 10:30 A. M., and defaults allowed at that time.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear. 6064—Stern-Rosenthal. 3548—Heller-Pollock. 4032—Gray-Roffman. 4033—Kapian-Moness.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 4038—Vitucci-New York City Railway. 3440—Nagle-Haff. 3455—Thomson-N Y City Ry. 6700—Rothenberg-Rosenberg. 4062—Epstein-Rubel. 4057—Rossiter-N Y City Ry. 4162—Am Clothing Co-Carlew. 4163—Jackson-Patten. 4164—Glaser-Rosenberg. 9597—Cochrane-Burlington Brass Wks. 4216—Jarvano-Degnon Cont Co. 4217—Margrotto-N Y City Ry. 407—Williams-Bell. 4079—Crane-Danskey. 4198½—Robeson-Herzog. 1091—Walker-Newman. 4242—Johnson-Int St Ry. 4243, 4244—Cavanagh-Foster. 4245—Flertner-N Y City Ry. 4246—Sandberg-Int St Ry. 4247—Burk-N Y City Ry. 4248—Morris-N A Merc Agency. 4249—Maltz-Int St Ry. 4250—Ernst-Vogel. 4251—Fritz-Fitzpatrick.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Donnelly, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Case on. 4022—Weyrick-Muschenheim. 4021—Brinkman-same. 4020—Levy-C C R R. 445—Wohlwaart-Parfree.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 2850—Stolz-Reid. 3606—Smith-Vingart. 3040—Walsh-Winter. 4185—Polsten Realty Co-Lion. 3535—Mayer-Pollock. 4222—Lezitsky-Un Ry. 347—Siff-Forbes. 4052—Lee-Kahen. 4006—Krause-Rusenberg. 4018—Bauer-Royal Exchange Assurance Co. 3851—Hatch-Swartz. 4230—Knoller-Lyons Building Co. 4260—Kaplan-same. 4261—Blackman-Heide. 4262—Smith-Wolff. 4262½—Mollering-Fischer. 4263—Krebs-Golding. 4264—Shapero-Kullman. 4265—Pesalis-Merchain. 4266—Gordon-Jacobson. 4267—Terry-Ellshon. 4268—Schweiser-Morse. 4269—Murphy-N Y City Ry. 4270—Seidman-Frick. 4271—Jenson-Simonwitz. 4273—Ireland-Mears.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Finelite, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Case on. 4156—Pietrolungo-Di Giuseppe. 7175—McGill-Thompson-Starrett Co. 4183—Moschowitz-Carter. 2729—Stenan-N Y City Ry.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 2730—Sternan-N Y City Ry. 4201—Astor-Weiss. 4212—Butler-Hatch. 4213—Gottlieb-Shulberg. 2667—Webster-Kahn-Feinberg Co. 2750—Guano-Fischer. 2852—Burger-Silo. 4152—Fellouris-N Y, N H & H R R. 4127—Hasel-Power. 4128—Fritz-Rosenberg. 4136—Jones-Wardless. 4138—Am Rad Co-McGrath. 4143—Monroe Bk-Cohen. 4155—Reiff-Moulton. 4159—Kasdan-Levy. 4198—Shields-N Y City Ry. 4199—Reger-Int R T Co. 4200—Konritz-Dearborn Co. 1266—Orefice-Navarse. 4208—Pfaelzer-Gassner. 4252—Fox-N Y City Ry. 4253—Orlijan-City of N Y. 4254—Rothstein-N Y City Ry. 4255—Gross-Brand. 4256—Marcus-Silverson. 4257—Hoffman-Nieberg. 4258—Miller-N Y City Ry.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Conlan, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear. Short causes. 9745—Levenson-Zipkin 10209—Fishman-Weintraub. 9888—Bronx Inv Co-Bohaty. 10088—Whitall Co-Manix. 7775—Montrose-Levinson. 10277—Kavanagh-Nicholls. 10245—Weil-Liebling. 10200—Moquin Co-Belzer. 10243—Opel-Miller. 10061—Kerr-Auburn Const Co. 9919—Appell-Nieberg. 10199—Tavshanlian-Jasons. 8666—Gefeller-Schachner. 10076—Gordon-Moore. 9880—Markowitz-Gusberg. 10188—Kubista-Kumke. 10236—Goldsmith-Levy. 9618—Theise-Joseph. 10223—Am Bonding Co-Rabinowitz. 7707—Rockmore-Kramer. 9743—Weisberg Co-Nieberg. 10026—Mann-Bertram. 10315—Kreiser-Hirschblock. 10036—Goodman-Hochstein. 10234—Katzenberg-Herrmann. 9967—Herrman-Whiteside. 9885—Ward-Shearson. 10032—Levi-Cherofeck. 10019—Coleman-Murphy. 10027—Goldsmith-Levy. 10279—Gerli-Lessler. 10235—Senderman-Hutt. 10347—Chambers-Owen. 10351—Sobel-Scandinavian Ins Co. 9475—Pomponio-Economu. 8812—C H Wheeler Co-Mograd Eng Co.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Schmuck, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Case on. 4022—Weyrick-Muschenheim. 4021—Brinkman-same. 4020—Levy-C C R R. 445—Wohlwaart-Parfree.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 2850—Stolz-Reid. 3606—Smith-Vingart. 3040—Walsh-Winter. 4185—Polsten Realty Co-Lion. 3535—Mayer-Pollock. 4222—Lezitsky-Un Ry. 347—Siff-Forbes. 4052—Lee-Kahen. 4006—Krause-Rusenberg. 4018—Bauer-Royal Exchange Assurance Co. 3851—Hatch-Swartz. 4230—Knoller-Lyons Building Co. 4260—Kaplan-same. 4261—Blackman-Heide. 4262—Smith-Wolff. 4262½—Mollering-Fischer. 4263—Krebs-Golding. 4264—Shapero-Kullman. 4265—Pesalis-Merchain. 4266—Gordon-Jacobson. 4267—Terry-Ellshon. 4268—Schweiser-Morse. 4269—Murphy-N Y City Ry. 4270—Seidman-Frick. 4271—Jenson-Simonwitz. 4273—Ireland-Mears.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Delehanty, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 2 P. M. Calendar clear. Equity and non-jury case. 682—Zuckerman-Cariucci.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.—Part I.—O'Sullivan, J.—Assistant District Attorneys Marshall and Dana for the People.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. 1—Edward P. Teague. 2—Joseph Metcalfe. 3—Israel Frucht. 4—Patrick Nolan. 5—John F. Tobin, alias Samuel Bondhees. 6—John Ryan. 7—Brayton Bentley, John Athos. 8—William Murray, individually and as Arthur Freeman. 9—Owen McIntyre, alias Owen McEntyre, alias James McCormack. 10—George Proley. 11—Arthur F. Geyer. 12—Edward Hacker. 13—Joseph Ripandello, Adamo Coppolo. 14—Thomas J. Gorman. 15—Josephine Sheppard, Charles Simmons. 16—Susie Berry. Pleadings: 1—Biagio Calandra. 2—George Newcombe. 3—Harry Russell, alias Harry Klisky, alias Harry Gillespie; Ernest Vian, Leo Pickhard. 4—George W. Hannes. 5—Carmelo Mulo. 6—Rosario Mattalena. 7—William Hanrahan, Charles Nelson. 8—Joseph Ahearn. 9—Samuel Brown. 10—William Lane.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part II.—Foster, J.—Deputy Attorney General Palmieri and Assistant District Attorneys Train and Appleton for the People. Opens at 10:30 A. M. 1—Cornelius J. Smallen. 2—John F. St. John. 3—William Strube. 4—John McMahon. 5—Angelo Seddio. 6—Henry K. Fox, alias George Dillon. 7—Charles Parrazio. 8—Nathan Drellish. 9—Matthew Weiss. 10—William Bolte. 11—Joseph J. Wood. To fix a day for trial: 1—John McCue.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part III.—Swann, J.—Assistant District Attorneys Marshall, McGuire, and O'Connor for the People. Opens at 10:30 A. M. 1—The Amer Frot Tariff League. 2—Francesco Galepo, Bendetto Christianzeno. 3—Frederick N. Goldsmith. 4—Joseph Hough. 5—Max Eldner. 6—Albert Goldman. 7—Cataldo Cammarta.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part IV.—Rosalsky, J.—Assistant District Attorneys Hart and Manley for the People. Opens at 10:30 A. M. 1—David M. Fischer. 2—Antonio Alphonsa. 3—Antonio Fucaloro. 4—Robert J. Kennedy. 5—Ascher Wasserman. 6—William Eigenmacht, Samuel Levy. 7—Louis A. McCullen. 8—Francesco Pawlino. 9—Frederick Kuveks, Frank Dinzler. 10—John Walsh. 11—David Greenberg. 12—Michael Chimelewski. 13—Nick Placello. To fix a day for trial: 1—Raphael Sfonza.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part V.—(March Term continued)—Mulqueen, J.—Assistant District Attorney Ely for the People.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. 1—Arthur Hayes, Michael Ryan. 2—Samuel Ecker, Oscar Terry. 3—Pietro Alguno, Francesco Daniello, Vincenzo Farcino. 4—Eugenio Colombo, alias James Columbo. 5—Frank Gray. 6—Joseph Wilson, Charles Chapetta, William Cohn. 7—Pascuale Rosso, Gioregio Jemaroi 8—William Fitzgerald, Edward Gibbons. 9—Morris Simon. 10—Michael Mullen. 11—Alfred Helmers. 12—Frank Reynolds.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part V.—Malone, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Garvan, Train, Smyth, and Turnbull for the People. 1—Cora Davis, Nicholas Strade, alias Nicholas Sprade. 2—George Politikas. 3—Nicalaus Tomas. 4—Daniel R Delaney. 5—Charles Lerned, alias Charles Leonnerd. 6—Giovanni Viola. 7—James McCabe. 8—Josephine Defrina or Delfrina. 9—Maurice J O'Gorman.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

CITY COURT—Green, J.—Joseph Wachtel vs. Adolph B. Benesch-Leonard M. Wallerstein. Ernst Denker vs. Eugene Stierlen—Emanuel M. Kaiser.

Referee Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Dowling, J.—McCarthy vs. Murtaugh—Thomas F. Gilroy, Jr.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term Trials—Stapleton, J.—Day calendar. 1837—Billings-Shaw. 1423—Cross, Austin & I Lumber Co-Muller. 2063—Vollkommer-Bloomingdale. 2075—Winant-Atlantic Gulf & P Const Co. 1522—Am Plumbing Mfg Co-Dorf. 1419—Schultz-Schultz. 1971—Conover-Palmer. 2010—Frank-Firestone. 1525—Hoye-Bridgewater. 1884—Auer-Gaynor. 2054—Santiani-Santiani. 1606—Bauer-Hill. 2017—Genorez-Genorez. 1781—Wagner-Wortis.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be put down for a day upon the call: 2076—Williams-Williams. 2077—Prosperity Real Est Co-Our Home Assn. 2078—Zellner-Kalman. 2079—Beshlian-Beshlian. 2080—Jacobs-Vogelfanger. 2081—Richards-Gill. 2082—Groening-Wolff. 2083—Montrose-Montrose. 2084—Sieglin-Stegeman. 2085—Barna-Hutter. 2086—Halprin-Mathews. 2087—Herrscher-Thalen. 2088—Landsberg & Co-Hein Const Co. 2089—Seiler-Zraick. 2090—Attwell-Attwell. 2091—Palito-Ditello. 2092—Bluer-Royal Exchange Assurance Co. 2094—Rubin-De Bar. 2095—Oldmixon-Nassau Elec R R and another. 2096—Falcone-Falcone.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Garretson, J.; Part III., Maddox, J.; Part IV., Carr, J.; Part V., Dickey, J.; Part VI., Burr, J.; Part VII., Aspinall, J.—Day calendar 10882—Sarah E Maurice, an alleged incompetent. 5398—Salters-B H R R. 5428, 5429—Milhaus-same. 10388—Turow-Berglass. 7084—Riggs-N Y Tunnel Co. 10375—Bolton-Bolton. 10393—Yamin-Ghazal. 4927—Doyle-B H R R. 4835—Briggen-same. 9713—Cook-Murphy-Layton. 9922—Spence-Charrot. 4888—Brennan-City of N Y. 4435—Perlmutter-B, Q Co & Sub R R. 10158—Gannon-B H R R. 5198—Coesame. 5191—Hanlon-Penn & L I R R. 5290, 5291—Brown-Lange. 1912—Oliver-Dreamland. 10244—Green-Shrier Co-State Realty Co. 5331—Cohen-B H R R. 5172—Reid-City of N Y. 5046—Stark-Bayles. 4760—Fitzpatrick-Nassau R R. 9610—Limerick-Ainsworth. 1239—Danker-Painter. 1666—Murphy-N Y Herald. 1685—Wallace-Casey & Co. 5041—Maguire-B H R R et al. 8434—Coffey-Burke. 2770—Reutter-Sauerman. 4630—Williams-B H R R. 5328—McCauley-Edison Elec Co et al. 5232—Enos-Int R T. 5278—McNanny-same. 3664—Carter-Ward & Co. 8369—Griffith-walte-Fleischman Realty Co. 4278, 4279—Manson-B H R R et al. 4976—Pool-same. 5203—Kriete-same. 4102, 4103—Sniffen-N Y City R R et al. 1989—Ward-Bliss Co. 10285—Woolsey-B H R R. Highest number reached on regular call, 5465.

Queens County.

Calendar for Tuesday, April 14.

COUNTY COURT—Trial Term—Held (temporarily) at 75th Police Precinct Building, 4th St. near Vernon Av., Long Island City.—Humphrey, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 10 A. M.—District Attorney Ira G. Darrin, and Assistant District Attorneys McKennee, Wallace, and Tuohy for the People. 2000—People-William E Smith. 2064—Same-Anthony J Gulotta. 2016—Same-Felice Russi. 2126—Same-William Mahoney.

COUNTY COURT—Trial Term—Held (temporarily at the 75th Police Precinct Building, 4th St., near Vernon Av., Long Island City.—Humphrey, J.—Court opens and calendar called at 10 A. M. 242—Solinger-B H R R Co. 243—Oxman-same. 249—Cassalino-B, Q Co & Sub Ry Co. 268—Abraham-B H R R Co. 272—Ulbrant-Maitser. 278-4—Stringer-B H R R Co. 276-7—Gace-same. 278—Begeden-N Y & Q Co Ry Co. 279—Studtz-B H R R Co. 281—Powers-N Y & Q Co Ry Co. 284—Singer-B, Q Co & Sub Ry Co. 285—Gace-B H R R Co.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call: 111—Cleveland et al-N Y & Q Co Ry Co. 286—Byrne-B H R R Co. 287—Pangbourne-same. 288—Staebler-Miki et al. 290—Popp-B H R R Co. 291—Cotter-same. 292—Parker-same. 293—Daly-Daimler Mfg Co. 294—Thompson-B H R R Co. 295—Penner-B, Q Co & Sub Ry Co. 296—Galligan-B H R R Co. 297—Jennings-Ocean Elec Ry Co. 298—Johnson-Bowe. 299—Friedman-Bauer. 300—Same-same. 228—Kraus-Cassidy and ano. Highest number reached on general calendar in its order is 300.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Held (temporarily) at the Town Hall, in the former Village of Flushing, Queens County, N. Y.—Part I.—Blackmar, J.; Part II., Clark, J. Court opens and calendar called in Part I. at 10 A. M. 1378—Wood-Board of Education City of N. Y. —Grun-Ketcham. 1185-7—Walsh-B H R R Co. 1469—Bircels as administratrix-Rohe & Brother. 1550—Greeley-Boswell Education City of New York. 1417—Beekman-Herring. 1552—Idelson-New York and Queens County Railway Co. 1553, 1554—Koerbe-same. 1556—Breidenstein-same. 722—Warshing-Ochs. 1082—Pfeffer-L I R R Co. 1084—Cohen-Lefkowitz et al. 1093—Waibel, as admx-Prudential Life Ins Co. 1099—Esperito-New York & Queens County Ry Co.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call: Muller-B H R R Co. 1402—Hackett-Hurwitz. 1270—Van Siclen-Nas Elec Ry Co. 1540—Hyman-South Coast Hotel Co. 1336—Cooper-Seelave et al. 1512—Jennings, as administrator-L I R R Co. 1517—Carriques-B H R R Co. 1498—Greslish, as administratrix-B, Q Co & Sub Ry Co. 1410—Greszkus-same. 1529—Scheffold-Burkard et al. 1530—Same-same. 1563—Blumquist, as administratrix-Snare & Triest Co et al. 1607—Pringle, as administrator-Hedden Const Co et al. 1557—Reilly-Smith et al. 1558—Stegner-Met St Ry Co. 1559—Sullivan-B H R R Co. 1560—Tulensu-Louden. 1561—Ferris-F. M. Stillman Co. Highest number reached on general calendar in its order is 1561.

Westchester County.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, C. J.—Day calendar. People-Leon G. La Place. Same-Luigi de Leardo. Same-Eugene McCarthy. Same-Pietro A. De Santo. Same-Raffaele Pellucci. Same-Daniel Keogh. Same-Merrils H. Gregory.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Morschauser, J.; Part II., Tompkins, J.—Court convenes and calendar called at 9:45 A. M. Day calendar. 504—Erie-Westinghouse, Church, Kerr & Co. 505—McCabe-Union Ferry Co of N Y Co. 506—Horton-Cole. 376—Orcichio-N Y C & H R R Co. 426—Kitchen-same. 533—Horgi-Wills, inc. 455—Leveters-N Y C & H R R R Co. 674—Cochling-Westinghouse Electric Mfg Co. 499—Preston-N Y C & H R R R Co. 113—McNamara-City of Yonkers. 523—Hody-N Y C & H R R Co. 583—Dunleavy-Union Ry Co. 546—Gray-N Y C & H R R R Co. 17—Coogan-Brady & Give. 507—Coursen-N Y C & H R R Co. 108—Di Donato-Murray, Malley & Herrigan. 251—McIntyre-Burbank. 272—Post-Kerwin, Jr. 137—Nugent-City of Yonkers. 217—Biehl-City of Yonkers and another.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call: 316—Edwards-Lankin. 350—Molloy-City of New Rochelle. 379—Horan-Codner. 427—Ackerman-Adams. 503—Well-Plinny. 560—Cohen-Mfrs Red Book. 584—Jenne-Otis Elevator Co. 216—McCrea-McCrea-same. 395—Pagano-N Y City Ry Co. 477—Clark-same. 480—Kelly-same. 481—O'Kane-same. 479—Farley-same. 509—Young-same. 514—Christopher-N Y C & H R R Co. 524—Nealon-N Y City Ry Co. 322—Wiffler-N Y C & H R R R Co. 393—Sachers-Marshall-Materson Co. 464—Halschi-Fire Assn of Phila. 465—Same-Boston Ins Co. 531—Dieterle-N Y C & H R R R Co. 606—Marshall-N Y City Ry Co. 607—

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

Lower Fifth Avenue Site Sold for Improvement—Deals for Corners on Upper Broadway—Day's Business Among Brokers and at Auction.

Heil & Stern have sold for Richard Sidenberg 99 and 101 Fifth Avenue, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth Streets, 59 by 100. The same brokers sold this property to Mr. Sidenberg a few months ago. The buildings on the site will be torn down on May 1. The purchasers, represented by George Backer, are Roswell F. Easton and Adin G. Pierce, who will erect a twelve-story loft and office building on the site, the entire operation involving over $700,000.

Investor Buys on 135th Street.

W. Hamilton McBride has sold for the D. L. Block Company to an investor 622 West 135th Street, a five-story apartment house, 40 by 85 by 100.

Plans have been filed for the six-story apartment house to be built for the Central Building Improvement and Investment Company on 130th Street, 148 feet west of St. Nicholas Terrace. The structure will be of brick, with trimmings of terra cotta and limestone, and will contain accommodations for forty-eight families. It is to cost $175,000. William L. Rouse is the architect.

Broadway and 111th Street Deal.

Miss M. Monahan has sold for William Crawford the plot, 50 by 75, at the northwest corner of Broadway and 111th Street, and the plot adjoining on 111th Street, 50 by 100.11. The buyer will improve the corner plot and resell the street lots.

F. V. Calder & Co. have sold for Harry B. Davis the plot of eight lots on the north side of 113th Street, 125 feet east of Broadway, 200 by 100.11. The buyer is a builder, who will erect two six-story elevator apartment houses on the property. The lots were restricted to private dwellings many years ago, but with a limit, and this restriction is now expiring.

Builders Buy on the Heights.

I. Randolph Jacobs & Co. have sold for A. Guthman & Co. to Mrs. Clementine M. Silverman the southeast corner of Broadway and 162d Street, a plot 99.11 by 100. The property is to be improved with a high-class apartment house.

J. J. Plummer has sold for William Grant to a builder for improvement, the southeast corner of St. Nicholas Avenue and 173d Street, a plot 58 by 100.

Buyer for East 62d Street House.

Davis & Robinson have sold for a client 165 East Sixty-second Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 16 by 99.6.

Fifth Avenue Purchase in Harlem.

H. J. Kantrowitz has sold for the Liebenthal Construction Company to Sundel Hyman 2,069 and 2,071 Fifth Avenue, a vacant plot, 50 by 100, adjoining the southeast corner of 128th Street. Mr. Hyman owns the lot adjoining to the south, and now controls a plot 75 by 100.

Bryan L. Kennelly has resold for G. J. Nagle, 215 West 121st Street, a five-story triple flat on lot 25 by 100.11, to Richard Bonnamy. Mr. Nagle recently bought the parcel at an auction sale conducted by Mr. Kennelly and resells it at a good profit.

To Improve Park Avenue Corner.

Isaac T. Meyer has leased the northeast corner of Fifty-ninth Street and Park Avenue, 45 by 100.5, for the Wilmart Realty Company for a term of twenty-one years to William M. Thomas at an aggregate rental of $200,000. Mr. Thomas will improve the property.

The city took title yesterday to the property, 124 East Fifty-ninth Street, sold recently by George W. Van Nest through Douglas Robinson and Charles S. Brown & Co. This lot, together with the abutting parcels at 123 to 127 East Fifty-eighth Street, will be used as the site for a Carnegie Library.

Leases on and Near Times Square.

The McVickar-Gaillard Realty Company has leased for Thomas B. Hidden to Meyer Rothschild the store at 1,534 Broadway; also, for Conrady Brothers to the Manhattan Disinfection Company, the store at 232 East Forty-second Street.

J. B. English has leased for A. M. Rau to the Muller Plate Storage Battery Company the ground floor store in the newly-altered building 145 West Forty-ninth Street; also, for M. A. Stebbins, 123 West Forty-seventh Street; also, for Nellie Lyon, 160 West Forty-sixth Street; also, for L. L. Hill, 50 West Twenty-fifth Street, and, for Netter Brothers, the southwest corner of Fifty-fourth Street and Seventh Avenue.

Mayer S. Auerbach is the buyer of 149 and 151 West Thirty-sixth Street, sold recently by the Gem Realty Company.

Upper East Side Wants More Water.

A delegation of twenty-five members of the Real Estate Owners' Association of the Twelfth and Nineteenth Wards called on Controller Metz yesterday afternoon and told him of the need of establishing a high pressure water service in the Yorkville and upper east side sections. Charles H. Schnelle, Chairman of the Committee on Law and Legislation of the United Real Estate Owners' Association, presented a petition signed by about 400 property owners in that district, asking the Board of Estimate to build a high pressure pumping station in the Nineteenth Ward, preferably on land now owned by the city at the foot of East Ninetieth and Ninety-first Streets. Controller Metz seemed to think well of the proposal and promised to give it his support.

Builders Buy on Hoe Street.

The Henry Morgenthau Company has sold to James C. McCarthy the plot, 80 by 100, on the west side of Hoe Street at its junction with West Farms Road. These lots are within a block of the Simpson Street Subway Station and will be immediately improved with two-family houses.

Cahn & Cahn have resold 729 Cauldwell Avenue, a two-story dwelling, 20 by 52, for P. P. Lichtenberg to Benfomino Pompilio.

The Edenwald Land Companies have sold to Owen Meehan a lot on Monticello Avenue, 325 feet north of Nelson Avenue; also, to George M. and Harry Fishel, six lots on Murdock Avenue, between Jefferson Avenue and Kingsbridge Road; also, to Patrick Creamer, two lots on Monticello Avenue, 250 feet north of Nelson Avenue, and to Samuel Kaner, a lot on Murdock Avenue, 275 feet south of Jefferson Avenue.

Recent Transactions in Jamaica.

Frank L. Ferguson reports the following sales of Jamaica properties: Six lots in the Jamaica Hill and Highland Park tracts to the Norwood Construction Company; also, a dwelling on Union Avenue, to John J. Lambert; also, a house on Remington Avenue, for M. L. Chamberlain to William F. Haemer; also, a house at the corner of Beaufort and Remington Streets, for E. R. Couden to Dr. C. C. Coomes; also, ten lots on Union Park Avenue, Highland Park, to David Frank and Otto Schmidt; also, two and one-half lots on Union Avenue, to Lorena C. Downer, and two lots on Maxwell Avenue and two lots on Flushing Avenue, Jamaica Hill, to Prof. M. B. Lambert.

A syndicate in which Mr. Ferguson is interested has bought the Carpenter property of one and one-half acres and an adjoining tract of three and one-half acres, owned by T. F. Archer and Stuard Hirschman, on Fulton Street, between Jamaica and Hollis. The entire tract has a frontage of 400 feet and will be developed as Fulton Park.

Frederick Schmitt has sold for Henry Gormer a plot, 50 by 100, at the northeast corner of Remsen Street and Railroad Avenue, Jamaica.

The Frederick W. Avery Company has leased for John Booth his residence on Central Avenue, Lawrence, L. I., to Joseph Fried for three years.

Good Demand on Staten Island.

Wood, Harmon & Co. report sales at South New York as follows: To William Hauser, a plot on Wheeler Avenue, south of Gannon Place; to Miss Naomi Anderson, a plot on Woolley Avenue, between Purdy and Gannon Avenues; to Thorwald Michelsen, a plot on Northern Boulevard, between Cypress Avenue and Little Clove Road, and to Wallace W. Webster, a plot on Wheeler Avenue, between Purdy Place and Gannon Place.

At St. George Heights, S. I., the company has sold to Mrs. Dagmar Sollie a plot on Northern Boulevard, between Cypress Avenue and Little Clove Road, and to Mrs. Cecelle Jacobson a plot on Northern Boulevard, between Logan Avenue and La Bau Avenue.

The Durosa Company has sold for the Lemmermann Villa Site Company one of its houses on the Boulevard at Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.

The John H. Fife Company has leased, through Daniel Birdsall & Co., for the Fox estate, the Foxwood Inn, together with a 100-acre stock farm, at Suffern, N. Y., for a term of ten years, to Col. E. D. Wiggins. This property has been owned by the Fox family since 1690. The old mansion, which contains upward of forty rooms, has been remodeled and will be used as a hotel.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

2d Av, 1,840, n e corner of 95th St, 25.8x100, five-story brick tenement, with store; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Samuel Golde, $42,000.

Broadway, w s, 28 ft n of 185th St, if extended, 84x100.10, vacant; together with Bennett Av, e s, abutting upon the foregoing, 84x100.8, vacant; partition sale, to S. Kleinberger, $1,750.

Bennett Av, w s, about 50 ft n of 185th St, if extended, 84x51, vacant; partition sale; all right, title, and interest to Mary Conklin, $190.

Zulette Av, s w corner of Mapes Av, Westchester, 100x100; foreclosure sale, to William Ebling, $3,400.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and Bronx.

130th St, s s, 143 ft w of St. Nicholas Terrace, for a six-story brick apartment house, 130x86.11; Central Building, Improvement and Investment Co. of 149 Church St, owners; W. L. Rouse, architect; cost, $175,000.

175th St, s s, 20 ft s of Prospect Av, for a three-story brick dwelling, 20x60; Begrisch Schom Realty Construction Co. of 147 East 125th St, owner; Neville & Bagge, architects; cost, $6,000.

156th St, n e corner of Bock St, for two five-story brick tenements, 34x90 and 40x88; Kollwood Realty Co. of 850 Westchester Av, owner; Daube & Kroymbourg of 830 Westchester Av, architects; cost, $65,000.

Kelly St, w s, 226 ft n of Longwood Av, for two five-story brick tenements, each 40x88; Kollwood Realty Co. of 830 Westchester Av, owner; Daube & Kroymbourg of 830 Westchester Av, architects; cost, $64,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Monday, April 13.

AUDUBON AV, s e corner of 188th St, 94.10x95; Jacob Herb to Charles V. Crofts, (mtg $20,000,) $100.

COLUMBUS AV, n e corner of 66th St, 100.5x100; Lilly W. Barney to Barney Estate Co., (mtg $150,000,) $1.

CORNELIA ST, n s, 122.3 ft e of Bleecker St, 42.2x97.6; Max Kotzen to Eva Kotzen, ½ part, $100.

LOT 149, amended map of Gleason property; James Purcell to James Garvey, $100.

FOX ST, n w corner of 167th St, 88.7x irregular; Isadore S. Becker to Mabelle Gaffney, $1.

LOT 3, map of Van Nest Park; Luise Riegler to Francesco Pellegatti, $100.

PROSPECT AV, n e corner of Crotona Park North, 100x40; Henry Hunneke to William H. Penfold as trustee, all title, $1.

PROSPECT AV, n e corner of Crotona Park North, 100x40; William H. Penfold, as trustee, to George J. A. Guignes, all title, $750.

PARK AV, e s, 90 ft s of 183d St, 48x irregular; Emma M. Mellert to Frederick M. Mellert, (mtg $7,000,) $100.

PARK AV, s e corner of 153d St, 54.7x100.1x50x87.8; Payne estate to Felix J. Bernstein, $100.

PROSPECT AV, w s, 77.2 ft n of 160th St, 120.1x irregular; Frederick Johnson to William J. Ehrich, 1-3 part, (mtg $75,000,) $100.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, e s, 75 ft s of 88th St, 25.8x100; Henry D. Pierce to William B. Walker, (mtg $20,000,) $45,000.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 146, e s, 23x150; Josephine B. Martin to Mrs. W. H. Barnes, $1.

ROGERS PLACE, 961, w s, 16.8x71.10; Kresenzia Winter to Emily Winter, ½ part, (mtg $2,800,) $250.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, e s, 154.11 ft s of 148th St, 25x100; Louis J. Gold to Anna L. Armstrong, $1.

SOUTH ST, 187, 36.2x21.11; Susan A. Beadleston and others, Trustees, to Julia Volckhausen, $85.

TOPPING ST, or Av, w s, 100 ft n of 174th St, 32.6x95; Henrietta Herter to Annie G. Dixon, (mtg $9,000,) $1.

UNION AV, n w corner of 168th St, 26.7x96.1x22.6x96.2; Meta Deickes to Ida Kraus, (mtg $23,000,) $36,000.

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 21.6 ft s of 180th St, 21x94; Catherine McGee to William T. Morris, (mtg $5,000,) $100.

WILLOW LANE, n w corner of Elliott Av, 102x158; Charles G. Banks to David Ver Planck, $900.

WILLOW LANE, w s, 84 ft n of Elliott Av, 102x158; David Ver Planck to William C. Lather and others, $1.

WILLOW LANE, w s, 84 ft n of Elliott Av, 68x176.6; Charles G. Banks to David Ver Planck, $2,100.

5TH AV, s e corner of 135th St, 99.11x100; 134th St, n s, 415 ft e of 8th Av, 40x99.11; Monson Morris, executor of Alonzo C. Monson, to Monson Morris, ½ part, $1.

7TH AV, e s, 41.6 ft s of 135th St, 16.7x75; Louis Feist, Jr., to Julia T. Feist, ½ part, (mtg $15,500,) $100.

30TH ST, n s, 170 ft w of 8d Av, 25x98.9; 30th St, s s, 195 ft w of 8d Av, 25x98.9; Victor Kranich to Helen B. Kranich, 1-10 part, $1.

30TH ST, s s, 170 ft w of 8d Av, 25x98.9; 30th St, s s, 195 ft w of 8d Av, 25x98.9; Arthur G. Kranich to Mary Kranich, 1-10 part, $1.

31ST ST, s s, 200 ft e of 4th Av, 21.8x98.9; Herman Maseman to Jennie Fara, (mtg $15,000,) $100.

31ST ST, s s, 533.4 ft e of 10th Av, 16.8x78x16.8x71.1; Johanna Pape and others to Edgar Improvement Co., $1.

36TH ST, 149 and 151 West, 99.7x98.9; Gem Realty Co. to Mayer S. Auerbach, (mtg $64,000,) $100.

55TH ST, 139 to 145 West, 100x100.5; John O. Baker to Lilly W. Barney, devisee, to Charles T. Barney, $1.

55TH ST, 139 to 145 West, 100x100.5; Lilly W. Barney to Barney Estate Co., (mtg $80,000,) $1.

59TH ST, 124 East, 25x100.5; G. Willett Van Nest to City of New York, $43,500.

63D ST, 29 East, n s, 20x100.5; Abraham Jacobi and another, executors, to H. J. Burchell, Jr., $53,000.

71ST ST, 310 East, 25x100.4; Leopold Kaufman to Sophia Mayer, $100.

81ST ST, 513, n s, 198 ft e of Avenue A, 25x102.2; Leopold Kaufmann to Sophia Mayer, $100.

86TH ST, 276 West, 20x102.2; Lilly W. Barney to Thomas Morgan, $1.

94TH ST, 106 West, 17.2x100.8; Ann Collins to Annie M. Keenan, (mtg $12,000,) $100.

98TH ST, 216 East, 25x100.9; Kasil Leibowitz to Risse Glaubman, ½ part, $100.

103D ST, 218 and 220 East, s s, 50x100.9; Kesil Leibowitz to Risse Glaubman, ½ part, $100.

110TH ST, n s, 300 ft e of 2d Av, 50x100.11; Eliseo Saggese to Alberto Saggese, $1.

115TH ST, n s, 115 ft w of Park Av, 25x100.10; Jennie Reichman to Bertha Michaels, (mtg $23,200,) $1.

121ST ST, n s, 111 ft w of 7th Av, 16x100.11; Bertha Herbst to Joseph Herbst, $100.

127TH ST, s s, 117 ft w of 8d Av, 34x99.11; Eliza J. Armour to Alfred A. Liscomb, quit-claim, $1.

134TH ST, 60 to 64 East, s s, 75x99.11; Isidor C. Greenblatt to Samuel Chudnoff, $1.

145TH ST, s s, 78.4 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100; Luigi Infante to Alexandro Borsella, (mtg $6,500,) $10,800.

148TH ST, 545 East, 25x100; Hoffman St, 2,468 and 2,470, 50x119.7x—x118.9; Margaret A. Downey to Lillie T. Cooney, $100.

159TH ST, 881 East, n s, 25x100; Mary Andreas to John Theiss, $500.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 6% unless otherwise specified.

ADELSON REALTY CO. to Middletown Savings Bank; 178th St, s s, 150 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 50x99.10, 3 years, 5½%..$40,000

BAER, Isaac, to Mabel M. Johns; Avenue A, 1,743, 5 years, 5½%.....$12,000

BURCHELL, Henry J., Jr., to Abraham Jacobi, executor; 63d St, 29 East, 3 years.....$33,000

BALLY, Julian, to Bertha Schaefer; Robin Av, e s, 200 ft s of Tremont Road, 25x100, 1 year, 6%.....$400

BRADY, Daniel; to Mary E. Brady; Tremont Av, s s, 25 ft w of Marmion Av, 25x100, 3 years.....$3,500

BERNSTEIN, Felix J., to Payne estate, (corporation;) Park Av, s e corner of 153d St, 94.7x109.7, 5 years, 6%.....$8,500

CRYSTAL, Israel, to Charles Kaufmann; 2d Av, 1,449, due May 20, 1908, 6%.....$1,500

DIXON, Annie G., to Hannah Morgenroth; Topping Av, w s, 100 ft n of 174th St, 32.6x95, 2 years, 6%.....$3,000

DE LORENZO, Filomeno, to Hieronimus Vierling; 179th St, s s, 100 ft e of Clinton Av, 21.8x95, 5 years.....$6,000

EHRLICH, William, to Frederick Herrmann; East End Av, e s, 51.5 ft n of 82d St, 25.8x100, sub mtg $15,500, ½ year, 6%.....$950

GASS, Frank, to William Seitz; Lot 239, Block F, map of Mapes estate, 3 years, 5½%..$2,500

GUSTAVESON, Edward, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 139th St, s s, 100 ft e of Rider Av, 107.3 x irregular, bond.....$15,000

HURWITZ, Meyer, to Samuel P. Herbst; Madison St, 397, 1 year, 6%.....$1,000

HURWITZ, Meyer, to Samuel P. Herbst; 16th St, 434 East, installments, 6%.....$1,000

KEENAN, Annie M., to Ann Collins; 94th St, 106 West, sub mtg $12,000, bond.....$4,000

LEVY, Morris, to Charles Bernstein; 87th St, s s, 348 ft e of Avenue A, 18.3x62.5, 2 years, 6%.....$2,000

LATHER, Georgianna, to Susan E. Layton; Willow Lane, w s at n corner of Elliott Av, —x—, 1 year, 6%.....$5,635

MORRIS, Monson, to Chelsea Realty Co.; 134th St, 233 and 235 West; 5th Av, s e corner of 135th St, 99.11x100, 3 years, 6%.....$25,000

McCORMICK, Maria T., to John B. McKean; 8th Av, n e corner of 126th St, 24.11x100, ½ year, 6%.....$1,500

NORTH BRONX REALTY CO. to Theresa V. Keyes; Lots 11 to 18, Block A, map of Lester Park, 1 year.....$1,500

OSK, Marcus L., to Alfred Frankenthaler; 124th St, 355 and 357 East, 1 year....$1,183

POGGI, James, to Assunta Barbieri; Roosevelt St, 18 and 20, subject to mtg $43,500, 5 years.....$6,625

PELLEGATTI, Francesco, to Luise Riegl; Lot 3, map of Van Nest Park, 3 years, 5½%.....$2,000

PETERSON, Bella, to William Seitz, Trustee; Lots 126 and 127, map of property of St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, 3 years, 6%...$2,500

PECK, Amelia A. W., to Mary N. Mayor; 50th St, 53 West, 3 years, 6%.....$5,000

RIDAL, Annie, to Helen Mathews; 176th St, n s, 175 ft w of Fleetwood Av, 25x125, installments, 6%.....$5,300

REYNOLDS, Lottie S., to Carrie Bauer; 165th St, 858 East, 2 years.....$5,000

STETTER, Alice A., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 54th St, s s, 262.6 ft e of 7th Av, 18.9x102.2, 5 years, 5½%..$15,000

THORN, Thomas H., to James H. Grace; Grand Av, e s, 50 ft s of 192d St, 50x100, 3 years, 5½%.....$7,500

TIEBOUT, John, to Phebe J. Tiebout; Lewis St, 191, 3 years.....$2,500

TROIA, Vincenza, to Elizabeth K. Dooling; Arthur Av, 2,428, 5 years, 6%.....$7,000

THEISS, John, to Mary Andreas; 159th St, 881 East, 5 years.....$3,500

TIERNEY, Emma F., to Bronx Security and Brokerage Co.; Willis Av, s w corner of 141st St, 16.8x31, due May 10, 1909, 6%..$1,000

WILLIAMS, John M., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; West Broadway, 535, bond..$16,000

WIRTH, Susanne, to Marie S. Messick; Vyse Av, 2,121, bond.....$8,000

ZIMMERMAN, Ida, to Martin Klett; Forest Av, e s, 54.5 ft s of 163d St, 25x95, 3 years, 5½%.....$5,000

Mechanics' Liens.

96TH ST, s s, 225 ft w of West End Av, 100.8x125; G. H. Gerard, Son & Co. against Arnold Realty Company, owner and contractor, $4,617.

FULTON ST, 144; Edward Mullen against Anna S. De Selding and Lucretia C. Tallmadge, owners; Herman Raub and George Muhlhofer, contractors, $1,187.

110TH ST, 221 East; Ike Falevitch against Charles S. and Louis Rosenthal, owners; Louis Bornstein, contractor, $58.

99TH ST, 301 East; Isaac Mautner et al. against Matthew Kaicher, owner; Leon Gulerbock and Joseph Newman, contractors, $918.

PEARL ST, 534; Russell & Williams against estate of Charles J. Quackenbush, owner; Haas & Fried, Inc., contractors, $215.

BROADWAY, n e corner of 64th St, 184x136x irregular to 65th St; George H. Storm & Co. against Robert Goelet, owner; General Supply and Construction Company and Harry E. Bauer, contractors, $1,869.

16TH ST, 650 and 652 East; Frank J. Tyler against Nelson Brothers, owner; William Collins, contractor, $40.

96TH ST, 320 to 328 West; Seward Engineering Company against Arnold Realty Company, owner and contractor, $4,832.

PARK AV, s e corner of 146th St, 100.7x243.8x 99.9x259.6; Robert N. Cleverdon against Sigmund Ullman Company, owner and contractor, $3,074.

LISPENARD ST, 23 and 25; Albert I. Schiff against Charles F. Lunde, owner and contractor, $288.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 137th St; Abraham Stechler and others, April 7, 1908, $2,750.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 137th St; New York Molding Manufacturing Co. against Noel Realty and Construction Co. and others, Feb. 25, 1908, $225.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 137th St; William T. Moore against Noel Realty and Construction Co. and others, Nov. 12, 1907, $1,750.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 137th St; Conroy Brothers, Incorporated, against Noel Realty and Construction Co. and others, Feb. 15, 1908, $1,011.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 137th St; Howden Tile Co. against Noel Realty and Construction Co. and others, Jan. 20, 1908, $109.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 137th St; Alfred Peats Co. against Noel Realty and Construction Co. and others, Jan. 16, 1908, $334.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 137th St; George H. Storm against Noel Realty and Construction Co. and others, Jan. 10, 1908, $1,698.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 137th St; Cambridge Tile Manufacturing Co. against Noel Realty and Construction Co. and others, Nov. 18, 1907, $700.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 137th St; Alfred Boote Co. against Noel Realty and Construction Co. and others, Nov. 16, 1907, $1,631.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 137th St; Paul B. Pugh & Co. against Noel Realty and Construction Co. and others, Dec. 26, 1907, $3,581.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 137th St; Manhattan Window Shade Co. against Noel Realty and Construction Co. and others, Dec. 16, 1907, $510.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 137th St; Church E. Gates & Co. against Noel Realty and Construction Co. and others, Dec. 27, 1907, $494.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 137th St; New Jersey Terra Cotta Co. against Noel Realty and Construction Co. and others, Dec. 14, 1907, $900.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 137th St; George Crossman Co. against Noel Realty and Construction Co. and others, Dec. 31, 1907, $900.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 137th St; B. Masor & Co. against Noel Realty and Construction Co. and others, Dec. 16, 1907, $2,072.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 137th St; Joseph Flanagan against Noel Realty and Construction Co. and others, Dec. 16, 1907, $320.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 137th St, B. F. Elgar 2d and others against Noel Realty and Construction Co. and others, Nov. 15, 1907, $2,020.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 137th St; Keefe & Murphy against Noel Realty and Construction Co. and others, Dec. 20, 1907, $2,020.

3D AV, e s, 89.8 ft s of 77th St; Caroline Haan against J. Horace Harding and others, Oct. 15, 1907, by bond, $225.

MULBERRY ST, 169; Michael Marx and others against Antonio Cagliastro, Aug. 3, 1906, canceled, $766.

27TH ST, 114 and 116 West; Pittsburg Plate Glass Co. against John Doe and others, Feb. 20, 1908, $268.

11TH AND 12TH AVS, 58th and 59th Sts, the block; Vulcan Iron Works against Interborough Rapid Transit Co. and others, July 12, 1907, $500.

Lis Pendens.

7TH AV, s e corner of 133d St, 25x100; Charles Weisberger against Helene Stein, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. Lichtig.

161ST ST, n s, 190.11 ft e of Broadway, 18.11x 99.11; Margaret L. Crow agaist John A. Donnegan and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. Squires.

1ST AV; 1,490; 31st St, 219 East; 73d St, 805 East; 84th St, 1018 E. 222 East; Lexington Av, 1,633, Amelia S. Newschafer against Catherine A. Miller and others, (partition;) attorney, F. Sigel.

LOT 87, map of property of Neill Estate, Bronx; Charles H. Stanton against Jacob Franki, (action to foreclose lien;) attorneys, Graham & L'Amoreaux.

MADISON AV, s w corner of 79th St, runs w 90x s 102.2x w 10x s 49.2x e 100x n 151.4 to beginning; Mutual Life Insurance Co of New York against J. C. Lyons Building and Operating Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. McKeen.

8TH ST, s s, 239.4 ft e of Avenue B, 49.2x 97.6; and 122d St, 314 to 320 East, two actions; Nathan Reisler and others against Abram Perelman and others, (actions to set aside conveyances, &c.;) attorney, J. Wilkenfeld.

WORTH ST, n e s, intersects w s of Mulberry St, 41.4x33.8x24.5; Pennington Whitehead, Trustee, against Peter P. Acritelli and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Duer, Strong & Whitehead.

127TH ST, s s, 117 ft w of 3d Av, 34x99.11; Alfred A. Liscomb against Sarah E. Liscomb and others, (action to establish title;) attorneys, Blandy, Mooney & Shipman.

HAMILTON PLACE, n e corner of 137th St, —; Daniel C. Devlin and others against Albert Meldon and others, (partition;) attorney, M. E. Haviland.

132D ST, n s, 100 ft e of 8th Av, 16.8x99.11; Louise F. Runk and others against Jennie Thompson and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. A. Runk.

SHERMAN AV, w s, 175 ft n of Isham St, runs n w 124.7x n e 140.11x s e 50.6x s w 125 to beginning; Broadway, s s, about 200 ft e of Dyckman St, 64x157x irregular, two actions; George J. Gould and others against Emil Bloch and others, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorney, D. H. Taylor.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

OVER THE BLACKWELL'S ISLAND BRIDGE
It will be but 15 minutes to
ELMHURST HEIGHTS NEW YORK CITY
To-day you can get there in 30 minutes
Via ferry from 34th St. and trolley through the property.
Elmhurst Heights has all improvements, and is
As Near to Herald Square as 125th St.
No Assessments Easy Monthly Payments
Real Estate is the very best investment you can make.
A Purchase at Elmhurst Heights NOW
Means Big Profits Within the Year.
The immense transportation developments and growth of a Great City Insure It.
Write at once for particulars.
BANKERS LAND CORPORATION, 887 Manhattan Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

A beautiful home site in Douglas Manor with access to water front, for sale cheap. For further information address R. E., Box 8 Times, Times Square.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

Guaranteed Mortgages
Tax-Exempt
NETTING
5% Manhattan, amounts under 25,000
5½% Manhattan, amounts over 25,000
5½% Brooklyn and Bronx
LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
Capital & Surplus, $4,250,000
59 Liberty St., New York.
186 Montague St., Brooklyn.

WE HAVE THE FOLLOWING AMOUNTS
TO LOAN
$5,000-$25,000 in small sums;
$35,000 for business building;
$40,000 for west side property;
$50,000 for business building;
$75,000 estate, will divide.
$150,000 for corner property.
Prompt consideration for choice applications.
Apply 95 Liberty Street.
M. MORGENTHAU, JR., & CO.

If You Wish to Borrow
MONEY
On 1st or 2d Mortgage,
'Phone, Write, or See
A. N. GITTERMAN
Tel. No. 300 Cort. 156 Broadway.
$110,000.00
will be loaned to principals.

$600,000 TO LOAN
First and second mortgages,
Manhattan and Bronx property,
to principals only.
Parker Bond & Mortgage Co,
Tel. 7010—Hanover. 37 Wall St., N. Y.

1st MORTGAGE MONEY 2d
$240,000 at 5½
to divide on Manhattan Property.
CENTRAL MTGE. & REALTY CO., INC.,
Tel. 4896 Bryant. 29 West 42d St.

2 SECOND MORTGAGES 2
Bought—Quick decision.
Brokers Protected.
HOWARD H. MOSHER,
135 Broadway.

FREE: Plumbing Obstructions Removed
to demonstrate merits of "Pypo." Doesn't injure plumbing. Case, $4.50, (12 cans;) saves $50 plumbers' bills. 'Phone when trouble arises. Maxim Chemical Co., 2,234 8th Av., 1487 M'side.

Bargains; houses near "L"; 1-family, 7 rooms, bath, $5,500; 2-family, 11 rooms, baths, $6,300; 2-family brick, 15 rooms, baths, $7,500; 3-family brick, 17 rooms, baths, $11,500. Wood Brothers, 64 Liberty St.

5—5½%
First mortgage money.
ADLER, 1,506 1st Av.

Harlem 6½-story tenement, 50x100, $70,000, $6,000 cash. E. T. Kingsley, 1 Madison Av.

West Side.
LOTS FOR SALE.
Below 72d St., west of Broadway, six lots, less than $8,000 each.
131st St., west of Broadway, one lot, less than $8,000.
Below 155th St., west of Broadway, seven lots, less than $8,000 each.
Will divide above lots to suit.
JOSEPH T. MULLIGAN, 135 Broadway.

102d St., 115 West.
Apartments four, five, and six rooms and bath; modern improvements; $28 to $40.
Chas. S. Kohler, 906 Columbus Av. (104th.)

West 102d St.—Five-story, single, price $23,000; 18x100; cash, $5,000; rent $2,400.
JOSEPH T. MULLIGAN, 135 Broadway.

Washington Heights.
Washington Heights.—Handsome residence, 8½-story and basement, 16.8x99.11; three baths; price $19,000; possession; cash $6,000.
JOSEPH T. MULLIGAN, 135 Broadway.

West 84th St.—Five-story single flat, 18x100; price $25,000, cash $5,000; rent $2,600.
JOSEPH T. MULLIGAN, 135 Broadway.

A plot, three lots, 176th St., near St. Nicholas; bargain; will exchange for improved property. Robert M. Fulton, 500 5th Av.

East Side.
Greatest Bargain; Little Cash; for Sale.—Easterly side of Upper Harlem; 3 new houses; hot water supply; rental, each, yearly, about $6,000; all rented; price, $51,000 each. M. Salmanowitsh, 143 Division St. Tel. 686 Orchard.

Fifty feet at 149th St. and 3d Av.—Bargain.
ADRIAN & McGUIRE,
3,531 Broadway, near 145th St.

Something Unusual.—5-story Yorkville double flat, long mortgages; sell cheap or exchange; brokers, owners, submit propositions. Tiptop, 263 West 125th St.

$7,000.—Adjoining Lexington Av. and 125th St.—Six-story, 30x100; principals only. J. A. Vetter, Central Av., Ridgefield Park, N. J.

$2,000 Cash Bargains, 70s, near Lexington; 4 story, single, 18.9x102.2; 6 rooms, bath; $16,500. L., 35 Times, Times Square.

$4,000.—Adjoining Lexington, 27x100, five-story double; excellent mortgages. Connor, 162 East 103d St.

Near 5th Av.—$3,000, 5-story, double, $28,500; mortgage, $23,000. Connor, 162 East 103d St.

A Rare Bargain.—449 4th Av.; good investment. ROBERT M. FULTON, 500 5th Av.

Bargain.—Five-story single, 25x100, $24,000, $4,000 cash. E. T. Kingsley, 1 Madison Av.

Have a beautiful plot, 100x129, on highest point of Douglas Manor, which I will sacrifice at $3,500 if sold within next ten days. D. M., Box 1 Times, Times Square.

GENUINE BARGAIN.—I have party unable to carry contract on Flushing lots. Can deliver away below market price. Very EASY TERMS. Reliable, Box 400 Times.

Corner for sale, oposite new connecting railroad; must be sold this week. M. S., Box 5 Times, Times Square.

A beautiful Flushing corner, 60x100, can be bought; $200 cash required; balance during three years. F. B., Box 2 Times, Times Square.

Two lots near new school site at Little Neck, can be bought very cheap if purchased at once. L. N., Box 4 Times, Times Square.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

There is so much to be said about
MORRIS PARK
that we prefer to say it to you in person. Make up your mind to look this wonderful property over yourself. Just take the Subway to 177th St. and come direct to our office, or take any Bronx trolley and transfer to the Morris Park car.
For particulars by mail, address Dept. C.
FIDELITY DEVELOPMENT CO., Owner,
Times Building, 42d St. and Broadway.

A-RE-CO
TWO-FAMILY HOUSES
ON EASY TERMS
Finest two-family houses in New York—on Faile Street—half hour from downtown. Nine rooms and bath for owner, six rooms and bath for rental.
Large rooms, reception hall, big closets, hardwood floors, steam heat, hot water, electricity, gas.
Send for illustrated booklet or call.
AMERICAN REAL ESTATE COMPANY
1028 Westchester Avenue (Simpson Street Station of the Subway). Tel. 2383-Melrose.

4 LOTS
corner Fulton Av. and 174th St., 100 feet from "L" station, facing Crotona Park; ready to build; to exchange with cash for store property.
J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
149TH ST. AND 3D AV.

Fordham Heights, near Broadway Subway, railroad, and trolley stations; 8 fine 1 and 2 family houses; 9 to 14 large rooms; 2 baths, 2 stairways; parquet floors, hardwood mahogany trim, electricity, gas; large plots; automobile garage; shade lawns; prices, $7,500 to $16,000; easy terms. Wood Brothers, 60 Liberty St.

Grant Avenue Dwellings.
163d St., three-story two-family brick and limestone houses; excellent locality; about 8 minutes' walk west from 161st St. 3d Av. L station; Inspection Invited. Wm. E. Diller, Owner and Builder, 571 5th Av.

$5,600.—Only $1,600 down will buy two-story dwelling, 7 rooms and bath, all improvements, hardwood finish, fine cellar; excellent location. 704 East 175th St., two doors east of Crotona Av.; call after noon.

17% on your investment; great bargain; corner property, 2 stores and 4 families; leased. Call and see Peters, West Farms Square, 177th Subway Station.

Choice 2-family houses, 11 rooms; prices low; easy payments, no assessments. Hermanni, 362 Willis Av., or on premises, cor. 236th St. and Verio Av., (near Webster Av.)

New two-family, also one-family cottage, west side of Briggs Av., north of 194th St., Fordham. Wright & Son, owners.

To close estate we will sell for little cash 2-family houses and 5-story flat. Store, 30 Great James St.

$2,500 buys 3-story business corner near Subway station; price $17,500. Reiter, Corner Westchester and Jackson Avs.

Chance near Simpson St. station; 13 rooms; 2-family house; plot 30x110; fronting two streets; $8,700. Wood, 62 Liberty St.

$750 Bronx lots, near Subway and "L"; easy terms. Shatzkin, 149 St., 3 Av.

20% income on $6,000 investment; business property, always rented. 3,311 3d Av.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.
Below 14th Street.
BROADWAY, NORTHWEST CORNER OF READE ST.
66.6x124, for sale; one

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

The Ideal Place to Live Next Summer
LONG BRANCH, N. J.

The garden spot of the Garden State. Highest elevation on Atlantic Seaboard. Thousands of cottages, with all improvements, which can be leased, furnished, for the Summer from $300 to $5,000. Illustrated folder free, book of views for four (4) cents in stamps. Any information furnished. B. B. Bobbitt, Publicity Bureau, 192 Broadway, Long Branch, N. J.

A Bungalow on The Seashore

is the ideal way to spend the hot Summer days. Let us tell you about

Granville Park

a new development within daily commuting distance of New York, and being sold to a nice, refined class of people.
Write or call for our booklet.
Keansburg Shore Improvement Co.,
141 Broadway, New York. Phone 898 Cort.

MORSEMERE.
Unusually attractive 8-room house, parquet floors, furnace, cellar, combination fixtures; only 10 minutes from 130th St. ferry; only $8,000, on your own terms; ready to move into; reached by McAdoo tube and Northern R. R., or Subway (Manhattan St.) and 130th St. ferry and trolley. Columbia Investment and Real Estate Co., Times Building, Broadway and 42d St., New York. 'Phone 507 Bryant.

MAPLECROFT.
High class, restricted, yet low priced.
"THE GARDEN SPOT."
Three minutes to Stelton Station, between Metuchen and New Brunswick; lots and acreage; write for booklet.
Geo. D. Ferguson, 11 Broadway.

A HOME IN NEW JERSEY
$8,000. EASY TERMS.
Two beautiful ten-room houses, every improvement, in the finest part of Cranford, N. J. Five minutes from station. Greenwald Bros., 3d Av., cor. 87th St., N. Y. City.

Finest Six Lots on Palisades.—Choice corners; streets on three sides; surrounded by fine restricted dwellings, in the Palisade section, right at top of Palisades and near trolley line to 130th St. Ferry; only 10 minutes from Harlem; price $7,500; might entertain exchange. Address B. W. Hitchcock, 49 8th Av., N. Y.

NORTH CLIFTON,
on the beautiful Hudson Boulevard, with a view of N. Y. City extending from Grant's Tomb to Staten Island.
F. E. COLBURN,
Boulevard Loop and 10th St., West N. Y., N. J.

W. Summit, N. J. 45 minutes from your office; altitude, 500 feet; commutation, 10 cts.; homesite in good residential section; all improvements; near depot; price low, your own terms. Address Owner, Box 188 Times Downtown.

ALL YEAR-ROUND HOME.
Only ten minutes from 130th St. Ferry; 9 rooms; attic, cellar, every improvement; splendid train and trolley service. Address Home, Box 164 Times, Times Square.

Property, 55x100, with two-story factory, 55x26 and two-family house, for sale or to rent; in good location and near cars to Jersey City and Hoboken Ferries. Inquire 1,125 Summit Av., Jersey City, N. J.

A COUNTRY HOME.
20 minutes from city; high ground; healthy; fine view; all improvements; nice neighbors. Owner, Box 182 Times Square.

$400 cash, balance in rent, secures magnificent modern dwelling, close to Manhattan; all latest improvements. Inquire 208 East 48th.

Small, comfortable, modern house on Palisades; near trolley to Weehawken Ferry; immediate purchaser can secure very cheap. Palisades, Box 188 Times, Times Square.

APARTMENTS TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

WEST SIDE.
Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

THE MAGNET,
601 WEST 140TH ST.,
602 WEST 141ST ST.,
BROADWAY CORNERS,
Subway Station, 137th St.,
6 rooms and bath, $750 to $1150,
7 rooms and bath, $1000 to $1200.
Fine view of River.
F. ZITTEL, Agent.
Office on premises.

PINEHURST-CHISELHURST,
W. 181st St. & Fort Washington Ave.
Few minutes' walk from W. 181st St. Subway Station.
Elevator Apartments Just Completed.
4, 5, 7, 8, 9 rooms, all large and light.
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT.
$40 to $100.
"If refined surroundings appeal, inspection invited."

Unobstructed view of Three Thoroughfares. Must be seen to be appreciated.
STANLEY COURT,
519-527 West 134th St., North Side, between Broadway and Amsterdam Av., near 137th St. Subway Station.
READY FOR OCCUPANCY MAY 1ST.
Three, four, five, six rooms, all large, light, tastefully finished; hardwood floors; sanitary plumbing; telephone service; electric lights in every apartment.
RENTS $22 to $36
OWNER ON PREMISES.

127 MANHATTAN ST.
"The Brodie." Entrance on Manhattan St., at Broadway Subway station. Next to corner. Two large, light, front apartments. Latest conveniences. Superintendent.
6 ROOMS, BATHS—$35-$40.

MAURETANIA and LUSITANIA COURTS, 402-420 West 148th St.
New 7 and 8 room elevator apartments, with two baths and every modern improvement. E. M. KRULEWITCH, Owner and Builder. Superintendent on premises.

1—West 111th St.—7 rooms and bath, all improvements, $39 and $40.

WEST SIDE.
WEST END HALL
840 WEST END AVENUE
NORTHEAST CORNER 101ST ST.
A superior apartment, 8 large, light, outside rooms and 2 bathrooms, elevator; mail chute; telephone and hall service; will decorate to suit; rent, $2,000.
CHAS. S. KOHLER, Agent,
906 COLUMBUS AV.

THE AMERICAN,
Lenox Av., between 116th and 117th Sts.; six very large rooms and bath; all improvements; elevator; from $50 to $60. Most accessible, central homes; Subway.

25TH, 254 WEST, (Gotham Apartments.)—4, 6 rooms, bath; magnificent light; decorate suit tenants; electric elevator; every improvement; reasonable. Inquire Superintendent.

108th, 230 West, near Broadway Subway.—New house, steam heat, hot water, private telephone; 5 and 6 rooms and bath; $35-$42.

BRONX.
THE A-RE-CO APTS.
American Real Estate Co., Owners.
ELEVATOR AND NON-ELEVATOR
992-1040 Simpson St.
Private park directly opposite, with tennis courts and children's playground exclusively for use of A-RE-CO tenants.
"PLENTY OF FRESH AIR."
4, 5, 6, and 7 large, light rooms and bath. Every modern convenience; electric light, hot water, double floors.
Rent, $24.00 to $50.00.
LIBERAL CONCESSIONS NOW.
ALSO LARGE CORNER STORE (will divide) at important surface transfer point. Suitable for dry goods, shoes, men's furnishings, &c.
Apply to Rental Office, 1,028 Westchester Av., (Simpson Street Subway Station.)

424 and 430 East 157th St.
The five largest, lightest, and best rooms in the Bronx; all modern improvements, electric light; private park in the rear.
Only $38.—Seven large outside rooms; bath; wide parkway avenue; opposite new public school; 1,386 Prospect Av.; Freeman Station, Subway.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

170
Broadway
Corner Maiden Lane and Cortlandt St.
Have acquired a lease at great reduction from original rent, and are prepared to lease space, divided to suit, at very moderate rentals.
Telephone 6534 Cortlandt.

OFFICES
1 WEST 34TH STREET
CENTURY BUILDING
Adj. Fifth Ave.—Opp. Waldorf.
Single Rooms or Suites
$200 to $1000.
Finest Service.

TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS
At Reasonable Net Rental
ENTIRE FIVE-STORY BUILDING
Elevator, Steam Heat, Good Light. Each floor 25 feet by 92 feet
In Thirties, between 5th Avenue and Broadway
Excellent opportunity to locate business requiring 5th Avenue facilities at much lower rent.
HORACE S. ELY & CO.
27 WEST 30TH STREET 21 LIBERTY STREET

For Rent
The most commanding store and showroom in New York City is at the north end of the main floor of The Times Building.
The Hub of Manhattan

Extensive window display on Broadway, Times Square and Seventh Avenue.
The Times Building is the most accessible building in the city.
Third largest subway station in basement.
Most exclusive building in the city.
In the heart of amusement, restaurant and club district.
Building never closed day or night.
Elevators always running.
Rental Agent Room 406 Times Building.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

CRYSTAL ARCADE
In the heart of the shopping district.
NOS. 21-23 W. 34TH ST.
OPPOSITE WALDORF-ASTORIA
A SMALL STORE, LOFTS AND OFFICES WITH SHOW CASES IN THE ARCADE.
MODERATE RENTS.
Apply on premises or your own broker.

Offices to Let
In the remodelled Office Building,
41 Park Row and 147 Nassau Street
Formerly known as the TIMES BUILDING. 16 stories high; fireproof; entire new equipment of fast running hydraulic elevators. Apply to
E. A. TREDWELL
Room 720 - - On Premises

GREENWICH BANK BUILDING
596 Sixth Ave.,
N. E. Cor. 35th St., Herald Square.
New Building with all modern improvements. Exceptionally light floors and offices facing directly on Herald Square.
Will Divide to Suit. Low Rentals.
Apply on Premises or
McVickar Gaillard Realty Co.
489 Fifth Av., below 42d St. Tel. 4000—38th.

LARGE LIGHT OFFICES TO LET
STATE BANK BUILDING,
5TH AV. AND 115TH ST.
APARTMENTS TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

EAST SIDE.
142 East 27th, Royal Crown Apartments, 2, 4, 5 rooms, bath, magnificent light; decorate suit tenants; hotel entrance; liveried service; electric elevator; every improvement; $30 up. Inquire Superintendent.

Apartment to rent, unfurnished; nine rooms, pantry, and bath; located on fifth floor, making all rooms light; party desiring same can have possession June 15. 125 East 97th St.

The Madeline, 1,070 Park Av., (87th:) 5 rooms, all improvements, very select, $30-$32; one parlor floor suitable for doctor, dentist.
Beside Central Park.

4 East 97th St., modern single flat; 7 rooms and bath; $41.

Park Av., 1,249.—5 bright rooms, bath, hot water, select house; fine neighborhood; $21.

DESIRABLE GROUND FLOOR
BANKING OFFICE
IN FINANCIAL SECTION.
CONTAINING 2,000 SQ. FT.
FOR RENT.
Douglas Robinson, Chas. S. Brown & Co., 146 BROADWAY.

177 BROADWAY
Near Cortlandt St.
Office and Floor Space To Let,
Broadway Front
Sign Privilege and Window Advertisement
WARREN & SKILLIN,
96 BROADWAY OR ON THE PREMISES.

2,394 Broadway, near 88th St.
Store and basement.....$1,400
545 5th Av., near 46th St.
Store and basement.....$1,200
401 West 40th St., near 9th Av.
Store and basement.....$600
37 West 17th St., near 5th Av.
Store and basement.....$2,800
23 West 3rd St., near Greene St.
Store and basement.....$1,200
Store and basement, 333 West 38th St..$300
J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co., 19 West 42d St.

WEST 23D ST.
NEW LOFTS & STORES
Low Rents. Full Commissions.
J. W. Cushman & Co.,
240 West 23d.

WINDSOR ARCADE
5th Ave., 46th to 47th St.
a few choice offices and studios to let; also store and basement; all modern improvements; rents low. Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway.

LARGE LIGHT UPPER LOFTS TO let, 50x100, 420-424 W. 14th St. Inquire in Store, on premises.

LOFTS TO LET

Steam heat, elevator, light. 515 West 29th St.

42d St., 363 West.—Extra large, light store, 20x104, steam heated, to lease. For particulars apply on premises.

Large, light lofts, 50x75 and 50x95; also ground floors in corner and adjoining building, with power. Adam Happel, 1st Av. and 93d St.

Desirable stores, 133 East 34th, corner Lexington; latest improvements; reasonable. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Floor, offices, store, 131 East 34th; elevator, heat; $7 upward. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Desirable lofts, 51 West 18th St.; elevator, heat; $800-$900. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Attractive, light corner offices, 835 Broadway; elevator; rent, $12 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Unexcelled light lofts and offices, $15 up, all plastered rooms. Whiffen, 244 East 52d St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

STORES & LOFTS
New 10-story Fireproof Building, absolutely modern
291-293 7th Avenue,
near 27th Street.
Very conveniently located. Separate passenger and freight elevators.
Apply to Your Own Broker.

B'WAY STORE 50x75,
1,966-1,968 BROADWAY,
At 66th St. Subway Station; grand show windows; will rent very reasonable; satisfactory lease. Apply to agent, Samuel H. Martin, 150 Columbus Av., (66th.) Brokers protected.

Two lofts and basement, each 62x85; reliable power up to 100 horse; new building; light all sides; elevator; steam heat; watchman; sprinkler equipment; lowest insurance; near freight terminals; plenty good help available. Owner on premises, 263-271 Classon Av., near De Kalb, Brooklyn.

FIFTH NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,
23d St., corner 3d Ave. Large, light offices, including electric light, elevator, and janitor service. Charles Bohlen, Agent, under bank.

Office space, including desk and service, $15 per month. Real Estate, 1,105, 135 Broadway.

CITY HOUSES TO LET.
UNFURNISHED.

No. 10 E. 46th St.
Four-story and basement high-stoop house, suitable for business or dwelling.
Will lease for a short or long term at an attractive price. Apply
JAMES A. FARLEY,
Windsor Arcade,
46th St. and 5th Av.

Elegant corner house, northwest corner 180th St., Anthony Av.; 9 rooms, all improvements; only $50. Inquire, Shuldiner, 325 East 64th.

House, 308 East 120th St.; 3-story high-stoop brownstone, 20 feet wide. Robert I. Brown, 20 Nassau St.

Bronx.
$35 rent to family adults; 2-story, fine cellar, 7 rooms and bath; hardwood finish, all improvements; excellent location. 704 East 175th St., two doors east of Crotona Av.; call after noon.

For Rent—323 East 162d St., a three-story two-family dwelling; very reasonable rent; rare chance. For further information address Chas. S. Diller, 571 5th Av.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET.
FURNISHED.

To let, reasonably, for season 1908, charming large country house directly on the ocean, thoroughly furnished, called "The Anchorage," at Seal Harbor, Mount Desert Island, Me., the owner intending European voyage. For details inquire of Rear Admiral Crowninshield, U. S. N., Seal Harbor, Me.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Wm. Knabe & Co.,
Knabe Bldg., Fifth Av., Cor. 39th St.,
offer a few excellent "Knabe" Uprights and Grands taken in exchange for New Knabe Instruments.
Also unusual large assortment of Chickerings, Steinways, Gabler, Hardman, etc. Will be sold reasonably. Cash or installment. Telephone 2513 for renting, tuning, etc.

Send for List.

CHRISTMAN PIANOS
offer the finest proposition in Baby and Studio Grand Pianos, charming Upright and Player Pianos. Latest styles, elegantly finished; all guaranteed first class. It pays buyers to investigate. Used pianos, good makes, extremely reasonable. 35 West 14th St., bet. 5th and 6th Avs.

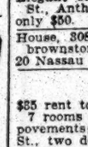
STURZ PIANOS
Sold on Easy Terms Direct from FACTORY WAREROOMS, AT 142 LINCOLN AV., 134th St., Block East of 3d Av.

USED UPRIGHT PIANOS
Several Steinways, Sohmer, Gabler, Horace Waters, and several others, at bargain prices. Easy terms. Rentals, $3 and up. WESER BROS., Factory, 320-28 W. 43d St.

WISE PIANO CO., 17 East 125th St. Bargains in Steinways, Sohmers, Webers, &c., from $75 and up; terms as low as $5.

Bargains—Sohmer, Steinway, Weber uprights, 20 uprights, $75 upward. Winterroth, 105 East 14th St.

PURCHASE AND EXCHANGE.



The Antique Furniture Exchange
Commissionaires and Collectors,
13-15 West 28th St., near Broadway,
Is certainly the largest and most attractive Antique shop in town. Not alone because of the charming exhibits of the "Old Master" Cabinetmakers but also the remarkable low prices at which they are offered for sale. Two Claw-foot Highboys at $50 and $60; clawfoot desk, fluted corners, drawers and sloping top, $30; folding top card tables $15 and $30. Four post and Napoleon beds, twins and double sizes, $30 and $35 upward. Sideboards, dining tables, china cabinets, library tables, book cases, dressers, davenports, divans, chairs, etc., etc., innumerable and unmatchable at about half actual value. Don't allow anything to prevent you from seeing and convincing yourself. "A word to the wise."

FOR SALE.

CLEARS OUT Roaches, Bed Bugs, Rats, Mice
UNBEATABLE EXTERMINATOR.

"Made by the mile—Sold by the foot"
OFFICE PARTITIONS
of quality
OAK 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 PER FOOT
7 FEET HIGH
Mount & Robertson Makers,
28 BEAVER ST. Telephone 1957 Broad.

ROLL TOP **DESKS**
Office Furniture in great variety of Style and Price.

T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.

OAK VENEERED OFFICE PARTITION
Immediate delivery. $3.50 to $4.50 per linear foot; 7 feet high; guaranteed against shrinkage.
OAK FIREPROOF OFFICE PARTITION.
F. J. HESSELS,
Tel. 4638—Chelsea. 166 West 18th St.

DIAMONDS ON CREDIT
L. W. SWEET & CO.
37 Maiden Lane, N. Y.
389 Fulton St., Brklyn.
Call or write for Ill. Catalogue No. 45.

SAFES—New and second-hand of all kinds and makes; safes bought, exchanged, and repaired.
YORK SAFE & LOCK CO.,
Formerly J. M. Mossman,
55 Maiden Lane. Tel. 1423 John.

Typewriters New, Rebuilt, Second-hand, $15 up. Year's guarantee. Rented, $2 up. Repairs, Supplies. Send for catalogue and bargain list.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
114 Barclay St. Tel. 1131 Cort.

Desks, roll-top; partitions, railings, bookcases, filing cabinets, chairs, tables, telephone booths, fixtures. Finn Bros., 358 Broadway. Bargains in slightly used business furniture, 59-65 Franklin St.

DESKS Second hand and new high grade partitions, tables, chairs, files, and office furnishings. Manhattan Desk Co., 47 Centre Street.

Big bargains in slightly used typewriters, cash registers, time recorders, office furniture, safes, mimeographs, desks, filing cabinets, chairs. Nathan's, 4 White.

Gentlemen's clothing to order on $1 weekly payments; perfect fit; fine materials. Exchange Clothing Co., 239 Broadway; entrance on Park Place.

Typewriters rented, $2 up; installments, repairing. Telephone 2084 Cortlandt. Central Typewriter Exchange, 181 Broadway.

INSTRUCTION.

Violin lessons given by experienced German teacher. 603 Bloomfield St., Hoboken.

The New York Times invites information from its readers in aid of its efforts to exclude from its columns fraudulent and objectionable advertisements. All information will be treated confidentially.

SPRING RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

RALEIGH HOTEL,
Ocean End St. Charles Place, near Steel Pier. 250 large, sunny rooms, ocean view, 50 suites with private bath; 3,000 sq. ft. porch, sun parlor, elevator, library, &c.; first-class service and cuisine under New York chef. Spring rates, extremely low. A few choice suites with bath open for Easter. Booklet.
Auto meets all trains. H. J. DYNES.

HOTEL OSTEND
Whole block beach front, Boston Avenue and Boardwalk, Atlantic City, N. J.—Ideal location, with 400 rooms overlooking ocean; 200 with bath. Same management as last season. Admirably adapted for families. Appointments most modern. Capacity 600 guests. White service exclusively. Table and service highest standard of excellence. Hot and cold sea water baths. Heated sea-water swimming pool. Magnificent sun parlor, steam heated. Elevators. Musical concerts. Social diversions. Auto meets trains. Write for literature. Make reservation now of choice rooms for Easter. Terms $15, $17.50, $21 weekly. American plan. New York Booking Office, 289 Fourth Avenue. Telephone 6246 Gramercy. D. B. RAHTER, Manager.

HOTEL CHELSEA
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.,
Occupying an entire block of ocean front, with no surrounding obstructions, in the fashionable resident section, offers the highest standard of hotel excellence in appointments, cuisine, and service. 300 luxuriously furnished bed chambers and suites have private baths (fresh and sea water) attached. Large solarium and music hall overlooking the ocean and boardwalk. High-class orchestra. Billiards. Cafe, pool, etc. French chefs. Golf privileges. Auto meets trains. Booklet and terms upon request. Open all year.
J. B. THOMPSON & CO.

Marlborough-Blenheim
(Capacity 1100)
The leading resort house of America.
Particularly attractive during
ATLANTIC CITY'S GREAT SPRING SEASON
March, April and May
The rooms are large, and the 400 private baths are each supplied with hot and cold sea water, so beneficial in rheumatic and other troubles. Exquisite music is a feature. White service in both American and European Dining Rooms.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS.

SPECIAL EASTER RATE $8.00, covering all expenses for 4 days, accommodations including good room and board over Easter holidays.

Monticello
THE HOTEL FOR COMFORT.
Splendid location, Kentucky Av., near Beach. Modern, High-class, Homelike. Excellent table and service predominant features. So elegant front rooms have private baths attached. Capacity 600. Orchestra. Illustrated booklet.
A. C. EKHOLM.

HOTEL TRAYMORE,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Open throughout the year.
A Hotel Celebrated for Its Home Comforts.
TRAYMORE HOTEL CO.,
CHAS. O. MARQUETTE, Manager. D. S. WHITE, President.

The ALBEMARLE VIRGINIA AV., Near Beach.
Elegant modern family hotel. Capacity 350. Elevators, private baths, steam heat, 4,000 sq. ft. sun parlors; every convenience; offers special April and May rates, $10 up weekly, $2 up daily. A number of choice rooms at $16 per week, double, during early season. Exceptionally good table, excellent cooking, white service. Booklet. J. P. COPE.

HOTEL ISLESWORTH,
Ocean front Virginia Av. Capacity 500. American and European plans. Special Lenten rates—American plan, $16.50 weekly up; $2.50 daily up. Newly furnished. Fresh and sea water baths, private and public. Phones in rooms. Orchestra. Booklet. Electric cab at trains. Wm. Hyman, Owner and Propr. Albion F. Allen, Manager.

HOTEL GLADSTONE.
Directly on the Beach front, with unobstructed view of Ocean and open surroundings; appointed and furnished in the most approved manner; hot and cold sea water in all baths, public and private; running water in rooms; sun parlor overlooking the Board Walk; elevator, &c. Capacity 250. Write for booklet and Spring terms.
N. J. COLLINS.

CHALFONTE
THE LEEDS COMPANY.

HOTEL WILTSHIRE.
Ocean end Virginia Avenue, close to Steel Pier, improved throughout; capacity 350; private baths, elevator, sun parlors, &c.; orchestra; cuisine of excellence; special Spring rates; booklet; new management. Harry Bothman.

HOTEL KENDERTON, S. Tennessee Av., third door from beach and Young's Pier; refined family hotel; capacity, 200. Steam heat, private baths, ocean view rooms, elevator, sun parlor, and home cooking. Rates moderate. J. G. Mitchell.

HOTEL NEW ENGLAND,
South Carolina Av. and the Beach; private baths, elevator, sun parlor; capacity 350. Superior table. Special Spring rates. BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

HOTEL SHOREHAM Ocean End VIRGINIA AV.
Elevator, private baths, open surroundings; $10 up to $18 weekly. Booklet upon application.
W. B. COTTEN.

BERKSHIRE INN, Ocean end Virginia Av. Open all year. $9 to $15 weekly. Capacity 300. Elevator, baths, &c. J. O. & J. E. DICKINSON.

PIERREPONT HOTEL, Atlantic City, N. J.—Ocean location; sea water baths; capacity, 400; Easter bookings.
MRS. GERSON L. KAHN.

HOTEL LAMBORN Maryland Ave., near Beach.
Open all year; private baths; elevator to street; steam heat; booklet. O. C. MILLER.

Phillips House South Connecticut Av. Fireproof; refined; family house; open all year. F. P. PHILLIPS.

THE OCONTZ, South Tennessee Av., near ocean; steam heat, every convenience, moderate rates, new management. D. Park, Propr.

The Warwick So. Carolina and Beach; elevator; thoroughly up-to-date; private baths; ocean view. Sarah H. Fullom.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

SPRING AT LAKEWOOD
Lakewood is only ninety minutes from New York City, but the change in climate is simply wonderful. Even a few days spent in the Land o' Pines, where the first breath seems to bring youth, strength, and bounding spirits, will rest and restore the tired business man.
THE LAKEWOOD HOTEL, the largest and most favored hotel of Lakewood, provides all that can be desired for the comfort, convenience, and entertainment of its patrons. It is a hotel for those who demand the best.
Accommodations for 700. American and European Plans.
Automobilists, write for road map. The trip is made from New York in 3½ hours.
JAMES N. BERRY, Manager.

Mount Pocono.
Canadensis, Penn.
NEW SPRUCE CABIN INN,
where you can catch trout; rooms en suite and with bath; booklet.
W. J. and M. D. Price, Canadensis, Penn.

NEW YORK—Hudson River Counties.

THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, N. Y. Open all the year. 300 ft. above Hudson. 31 minutes from Grand Central Station; 44 daily electric trains. Carriage at all trains. Tel. 135 Kingsb.

COUNTRY BOARD.

THE HALL, GLEN COVE, L. I.
At Glen Cove landing, Colonial mansion; private bath; electric light; steam heat; shaded lawn, sloping to water's edge; private bathing beach; Montauk steamboat landing, trolley terminal; references. Mrs. Gillan Edwards, 53 Irving Place, formerly of Anchorage, Port Washington. Tel. 2123—Stuyvesant.

PATENTS.

Hand book free, telling all about patents. O'Meara & Brock, Patent Attorneys, 256 Broadway.

SPRING RESORTS.

NEW ENGLAND—Massachusetts.

BOSTON—THE VENDOME
COMMONWEALTH AVENUE
Distinguished for its clientage, appointments, and location. Equally attractive to permanent and transient guests. Perfect quiet.
EXCELLENT GARAGE NEARBY.
C. H. GREENLEAF & CO.
Summer Hotel, NEW PROFILE HOUSE, White Mountains.

NEW ENGLAND—Maine.

RANGELEY LAKE HOUSE
RANGELEY, ME.—Largest and best equipped in Rangeley region. Trout and salmon fishing, golf, tennis, boating, bathing, autoing. Music. Inducements for May and June. Booklet.

NEW ENGLAND—New Hampshire.

SUMMER CAMP,
RYE BEACH, N. HAMP.,
conducted by Principal of Westchester Academy, (a college preparatory school for boys,) reopens June 15. For particulars address Principal, at White Plains, N. Y.

NEW ENGLAND—Connecticut.

Tamawatha Lodge, Cos Cob, Conn.—Exclusive patronage solicited; dining room for autoists; two for resident guests; limited to thirty resident guests.

EXCURSIONS.

STARIN'S EXCURSIONS
STEAMBOATS AND BARGES
to all PLEASURE RESORTS on LONG ISLAND SOUND and HUDSON RIVER.
Magnificent Saloon Steamers "Glen" and "Richmond," each 1,200 capacity. "Sea Gull," 500 capacity. Barges of all sizes.
Sunday Schools a Specialty.
OFFICES—CORTLANDT ST. PIERS, N. Y.
'Phone 1298—Cortlandt.

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

TWO-HOUR TRAIN TO PHILADELPHIA
EVERY HOUR ON THE HOUR

FOR PHILADELPHIA. Lv. W. 23d St.:—6.50, 7.50, 8.20, 8.50, 9.30, 10.50, 11.20, 11.50 a. m., 12.50, 1.20, 1.50, 2.50, 3.50, 4.20, 4.50, 5.50, 8.50, 7.50, 8.50, 11.50 p. m. Sundays, 7.50, 8.50, 9.50, 10.50, 11.50 a. m., 12.50, 1.50, 2.50, 3.50, 4.50, 5.50, 6.50, 7.50, 8.50, 10.20, 11.50 p. m.
Lv. LIBERTY ST.:—1.30, 6.30, 7.00, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.05, 11.00, 11.30, a. m., 12.00 Noon, 1.00, 1.30, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00 p. m., 12.15 midnight. Sundays, 1.30, 8.00, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00, 9.00, 10.30 p. m., 12.15 midnight.

FOR BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON. Lv. W. 23d ST.:—7.50, 9.50, 11.50 a. m., 1.50, 3.50, 5.50, 6.50 p. m. daily. Lv. LIBERTY ST.: 1.30, 8.00, 10.00 a. m., 12.00 noon, 2.00, 4.00, 6.00, 7.00 p. m., daily.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY. Lv. W. 23d ST.:—9.50 a. m., (12.50 Sats. only), 2.20 p. m. Sundays, 9.50 a. m., 2.20 p. m. Lv. LIBERTY ST.:—10.00 a. m., (1.00 Sats. only), 3.40 p. m. Sundays, 10.00 a. m., 2.30 p. m.

FOR LAKEWOOD AND LAKEHURST. Lv. W. 23d ST.:—9.50 a. m., (12.50 Sats. only), 1.20, 3.20, 3.50, 4.50, (6.30 Sats. only) p. m. Sundays, 8.20, 9.50 a. m., 2.20 p. m. Lv. LIBERTY ST.:—4.00, 10.00 a. m., (1.00 Sats. only), 1.30, 3.40, 4.10, 5.00, (6.30 Sats. only) p. m. Sundays, 8.30, 10.00 a. m. 2.30 p. m.

Time tables may be obtained at following offices: Liberty St., (West 23d St. Tel. 3144 Chelsea), 6 Astor House, 245, 434, 1300, 1354 Broadway, 182 Fifth Av., 281 Fifth Av., 25 Union Square West, 226 Third Av., 125 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Av., New York; 4 Court St., 343, 344 Fulton St., 479 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn; 390 Broadway, Williamsburg. New York Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad

ROYAL BLUE LINE TRAINS
"Every Other Hour on the Even Hour."
TO BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.
Direct Connections in New Union Station, Washington, with All Lines South.

Leave New York Daily.	23d St.	Lib'y St.
WASHINGTON, Sleepers,	11:50 pm	1:30 am
WASHINGTON, Diner,	7:50 am	8:00 am
WASHINGTON, Diner,	9:50 am	10:00 am
WASHINGTON, Diner,	11:50 am	12:00 n'n
WASHINGTON, Buffet,	1:50 pm	2:00 pm
"ROYAL LTD.," Diner,	3:50 pm	4:00 pm
WASHINGTON, Diner,	5:50 pm	6:00 pm
WASHINGTON, Buffet,	6:50 pm	7:00 pm

Through Daily Trains to the West.

CHICAGO, LIMITED,	8:00 am	8:00 am
CHICAGO, COLUMBUS,	11:50 am	12:00 n'n
PITTSBURG, CLEVELAND,	3:50 pm	4:00 pm
"PITTSBURG LIMITED,"	6:50 pm	7:00 pm
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	11:50 pm	1:30 am
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	9:50 am	10:00 am
CIN., ST. LOUIS, LOUISV.,	5:50 pm	6:00 pm

Offices: 245, 434, 1,300 Broadway, 6 Astor House, 108 Greenwich St., 25 Union Square W., 891 Grand St., N. Y.; 343 Fulton St., Brooklyn; West 22d St. and Liberty St.
After 6 p. m. Sleeping Car Reservations and full information regarding trains, etc., can be obtained at Bureau of Information, B. & O. R. R., 23d St. Terminal. Phone No. 3144 Chelsea.

New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R.

Trains depart from Grand Central Station, 42d St. and 4th Av., as follows, for:
BOSTON, via New London & Providence—‡‖10:00, *x‖10:02 A. M., ‡‖1:00, *x‖1:03, *x‖3:00, ‡‖5:00, *‖5:02, *12:00 P. M., via Willimantic—‡*8:03 A. M., ‡2:01 P. M., via Spfd—‡9:15 A. M., *‖12:00, *‖4:00, *11:00 P. M.
Lakeville and Norfolk—‡*9:00 A. M., ‡3:26 P. M.
Gt. Barrington, Stockbridge, Lenox, Pittsfield, ‡4:54, ‡‖9:00 A. M., and ‡3:26 P. M.
Ticket offices at cGrand Central Station and c125th St., also at c245, 1,200, c1,354 Broadway, c25 Union Square, c182 Fifth Av., c245 Columbus Av., c363 Fifth Av., c649 Madison Av., c105 West 125th St., 2,798 Third Av., In Brooklyn, c4 Court St., 479 Nostrand Av., 390 Broadway.
*Daily. ‡Except Sundays. ‖Stops at 125th St. xStops at 125th St. Sundays only. ‡Parlor Car Limited. ‖Has Dining Car. cParlor and Sleeping Car Tickets also.

LEHIGH VALLEY.

Foot of West 23d St., Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts. *Daily. Sunday.

	Lv. N.Y.A	Lv. N.Y.B
Buffalo Express	*a7.40 AM	*a7.50 AM
Buffalo-Chicago Express	*b9.40 AM	*d9.50 AM
Chicago & Toronto Express	*c5.40 PM	*c5.40 PM
THE BUFFALO TRAIN	*7.55 PM	*8.00 PM

Ticket Offices: 355 and 1460 Broadway.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.

PEOPLES LINE Steamers leave Pier 32 N. R., foot of Canal St., at 6 P. M. daily except Sundays, connecting at Albany with trains for points North, East and West.
New York—Albany
SPLENDID ACCOMMODATIONS; UNEXCELLED CUISINE. SERVICE THE BEST.
Passage One Way, $1.50.

CITIZENS LINE Steamers leave Pier 46 N. R., foot of West 10th St., at 5 P. M. daily, except Saturdays, connecting for points North and East.
New York—Troy
SUNDAY STEAMER TOUCHES AT ALBANY.
Low Rate Excursion, $2.50.
Tickets and Staterooms secured at piers, also principal ticket offices and tourist agencies in Greater New York.

FALL RIVER LINE
REDUCED FARES **BOSTON $2.65**
Newport and Fall River, $2. Providence, $2.30. Low Fares to All Points East.
Leave Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:30 P. M. Steamers PURITAN and PROVIDENCE. Orchestra.
NORWICH LINE, for New London and East. Lve. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Clarkson St., week days only, 5:00; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. LOWELL and CHESTER W. CHAPIN.
NEW HAVEN LINE, for New Haven, Hartford and North. Lve. Pier 28 E. R., week days only, 3:00 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.

Central Hudson Line
For Newburgh, Str. leaves Pier 24, N. R., week days, 5 P. M. Sundays, 9 A. M.
For Poughkeepsie, Tues., Thurs. and Sats., 5 P. M.
For Rondout and Poughkeepsie, Mons. Weds., and Frids., 4 P. M.

Catskill, Hudson & Coxsackie Boats
Leave Pier 43, N. R., week-days, 6 P. M.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISADORE COHEN, Bankrupt.
To the creditors of Isadore Cohen of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1908, the said Isadore Cohen was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 24th day of April, A. D. 1908, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
April 11th, 1908. Referee in Bankru

SMALL WANTS.

LOST AND FOUND.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

FOUND—In Subway, a small purse with sum of money and other articles. Will surrender to owner upon identification. Room 809, 90 Wall St.

FOUND—Ladies' Waltham gold watch, April 8, on Riverside Park. B. 26 Times, Times Square.

LOST—In ladies' room of Hotel Plaza, Saturday afternoon, April 11, 4:45 P. M., a pin, 2 inches long, pearl in centre and surrounded by diamonds. Liberal reward if returned to E. M. Gattle & Co., 5th Av. and 38th St.

LOST—Saturday night, between 7 and 9 o'clock, in the theatre district, lady's gold watch, marked inside back of case, "Ida Eva Vance, June 12, '88." $15 reward, no questions asked, if returned to Hotel Latham.

LOST—In Sixth Avenue elevated train, Saturday, April 11th, small hand bag containing owner's card, silver purse, and sum of money. Reward if returned to F. C. Iredell, 1,419 Bowling Green Building.

LOST—Saturday afternoon, Liberty St. ferry or Jersey Central train, hand bag containing correspondence and reports; suitable reward. 2,407 Park Row Building.

LOST—Leather envelope pocketbook containing $20 bill and change, between W. 23d St. and 18th St.; liberal reward. Return McG., 26 W. 61st St.

LOST—Pearl necklace, sapphire diamond clasp, Saturday night, between Majestic Hotel and 72d, Broadway; $150 reward, return. Peck, 125 W. 86th.

LOST—In neighborhood of East 23d St. ferry, diamond ring with two red stones; liberal reward. J. K., machine shop, 519 East 18th St.

LOST—Sat. night, amber colored back comb, gold mounted; valuable only on account of association; reward. Holcomb, 48 University Pl.

LOST—At Times Square or in Subway last Saturday, a notebook; liberal reward. Please communicate with C. Gross, Hotel Astor.

LOST—Saturday, in Hackett Theatre or 42d St., black purse, keys, and money; reward. Box 146 A. B., Times, Times Square.

LOST—A small package on Maiden Lane, bet. Williams and Nassau Sts. Return to David Ullman & Co., 35 Maiden Lane.

LOST—Keys, ring, and chain in neighborhood B'way and 67th St.; reward. L. N. Le Pan, 'phone 3792—Cort.

LOST—Martin's restaurant to 1 West 70th St., diamond horseshoe pin; liberal reward. J. & W. Goetz, 310 6th Ave.

LOST—In West 32d St., string of gold beads; reward. Thomas, 73 West 92d St.

$5.00 Reward will be paid for return to 287 Broadway, New York, of silk umbrella, name, R. Ten Broeck engraved on silver-mounted handle, left on settee, train platform, New York Central 125th Street Station, 9:05 A. M., April 11th.

LOST AND FOUND BANK BOOKS.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

LOST—Bank Book No. 10,789, issued by Yorkville Bank, special deposit department, to Joseph Schmitt; payment stopped. Finder please return to bank.

LOST—Bank book No. 86,749; payment stopped; kindly return to bank. Irving Savings Institution.

LOST AND FOUND CATS & DOGS.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

LOST—Small brindle bitch; lower teeth show; spiked collar; white markings. Notify Dr. McDuffie, 571 Park Ave. Liberal reward. 'Phone 2278—Plaza.

LOST—Collie dog, Central Park; white neck and feet; $25.00 reward. Marks, 4 E. 94th.

FOUND.

FOUND, April 11-12—Interborough Rapid Transit Co., 39 Greenwich St.: On Second Av. Elevated—2 towels, shirt, tin can, shaker, child's underwear, gas range plate, gloves, nippers, boxes business cards, 2 umbrellas, trousers, prayer book, 2 stilettos, slippers. On Third Av. Elevated—Lady's hat, brass pipe, satchel, music book, stockings, letterheads, slippers, Bible, 5 pairs trousers, clock works, 6 pairs gloves, 2 books, trousers and vest, shirts, 3 pairs shoes, 2 purses, watch, kodak, tubing, 3 shirts, package collars, sticks of emory, handbag. On Sixth Av. Elevated—Cigarette case, 3 pairs gloves, 2 pocketbooks, overcoat, suit clothes, ties and collars, box eggs, coat, underwear, tablecloth, package orders, shirt, rubbers, 2 purses, rosary, socks, handbag, rubbers, wax paper, dress goods, camera, union pin, lady's pin, box candies, 2 umbrellas, parasol. On Ninth Av. Elevated—Book, plane, shirt, pocketbook, cane, eyeglasses, trousers, dress goods, odd glove, 6 umbrellas. In Subway—Camera, 4 books, 5 pocketbooks, blue prints, watch, satchel, purse, bag, pipe, 9 umbrellas, potato peeler, photographs, lodge pin, dress goods, gloves, dress patterns, eyeglasses.

FOUND, April 12-13—New England Navigation Co. Apply office Commissary, foot Warren St.: Norwich Line, S. S. Lowell—Photograph, scapular. Fall River Line, S. S. Providence—Scarf, gloves, pen, nightshirt, nightgown, cuff button, cards, earring, veil, charm, watch and chain, overcoat, shirt; S.S. Plymouth—Rubbers, pin, eyeglasses, umbrella, gloves, slippers, button hook, book, soap box, nightdress, undershirt, breastpin, syringe.

FOUND, April 11-12—Pennsylvania R. R., Jersey City, N. J.: On Trains—Necktie, toilet case, naval discharge papers, lady's coat, 2 packages, nightshirt, 4 umbrellas, comb and brush, papers, toothbrush, hairbrush, dressing sack, mandolin, photograph, gloves, comb and brush, cigar case, key, silver watch, glove, paper box, hat, roll paper, hat, purse, lady's hat. In Jersey City Station—Letters, package.

FOUND, April 11-12—N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. and N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., Grand Central Station: 3 packages, gloves, rubbers, bottle, 16 umbrellas, handbag, belt, spectacles, hat, pencil, pin, lorgnette, book, picture, 3 packages, suit case.

FOUND, April 13—Police Headquarters, 300 Mulberry St.: Purse, small amount cash; quantity beans, pipe.

BOARDERS WANTED.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,053, 23D.—Attractive rooms; every convenience; homelike surroundings; good table; telephone; references.

66TH ST., 62 WEST.—First-class table board; home cooking; reasonable prices. Frost.

72D ST., 131 WEST.—High-class house; large, medium rooms; Summer rates; reference.

72D ST., 134 WEST.—Desirable rooms, shower baths; parlor dining room; excellent table.

80TH ST., 154 WEST.—Second floor; large front room; also hall room; parlor dining room.

82D ST., 48 WEST.—Accommodations for table guests; dining room on parlor floor; excellent table and service; references.

90TH ST., 6 WEST.—Table boarders wanted; the very best of good living at moderate cost; American house.

93D ST., 163 WEST.—Desirable double room; select home; couple, gentlemen; table guests; references; telephone.

142D ST., 516 WEST, Washington Heights.—Attractive house; good board; refined Christian family; references.

879 WEST END AVE., Corner 106d, Block from Riverside Park, Subway Express station and surface cars; most beautiful and sanitary location New York; handsomely furnished rooms, private baths, and private telephones; superior table; no dust, dirt, or noisy street cars; more foliage than country, none of its disadvantages.

REFINED gentleman seeking exceptional home, strictly private family, Subway, elevated, address Bonvivant, Times, Times Square.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 53.—Nicholas Fish mansion; attractive to those appreciating quiet, well-ordered house; references desired; breakfast served in rooms.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; table guests.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Desirable large and small rooms; exceptionally clean house; excellent table.

21ST ST., 139 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Furnished rooms, with board; running water; all conveniences.

24TH ST., 119 EAST.—Large and small rooms; excellent bath; Southern cuisine.

38TH ST., 50 EAST.—Desirable third and fourth floor rooms; parlor dining room; Summer prices to refined, permanent adults; references essential.

MADISON AV., 673, 694, 696, (61st.)—Suites and separate room $18 to $28 with board, two persons; single, $8 to $12.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5 AND 7, Heights—Overlooking Wall St.; Subway three minutes to Broadway, New York; near seashore resort; floor, rooms, furnished, unfurnished; neighborhood, house, table high class.

Long Island.

DOUGLAS MANOR INN, Douglaston.—Open the year round. In the centre of large estate on Little Neck Bay. Attractive and homelike. 25-way commuting distance. Write for terms and particulars.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

ACCOMMODATIONS in every section of Manhattan, Bronx, and Brooklyn, personally inspected; tell us your wants; list mailed free; if you have desirable vacancies consult us. Telephone 5075—38th. Temple Rental Company, 110 West 34th St.

West Side.

13TH ST., 41 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; hot and cold running water; telephone.

SMALL WANTS.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

24TH ST., 454 WEST.—Front room for light housekeeping; running water; private neighborhood.

32D ST., 39 WEST.—Twelve handsomely furnished rooms, $5, $6, $7, $8, opposite Imperial; telephone.

43D ST., 148 WEST.—Nice large and small rooms; exceptionally reasonable for Times Square location.

44TH ST., 210 WEST.—Very desirable rooms in well-furnished and quiet house; references.

51ST ST., 351 WEST.—Two large and small rooms; private house; nice locality; moderate; gentlemen.

55TH ST., 326 WEST.—Large and small room; newly furnished; running water; private house.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Physician's office, furnished or unfurnished; sleeping quarters if desired; mail service and reception room.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Summer rates; references.

93D ST., 169 WEST.—Large, sunny room, newly furnished; all conveniences; telephone.

93D ST., 270 WEST.—Front rooms; unusually cool; board optional.

93D ST., 307 WEST.—Large, sunny room; also one with hot, cold water; board. McCarty.

94TH ST., 35 WEST.—Finely furnished room, private bath, in private house; telephone, electric light; gentleman only; breakfast served in room if desired.

115TH ST., 322 WEST.—Private house; newly furnished; large, small rooms; hot, cold water; telephone.

173D ST., 554 WEST.—Owner in private house has one large, handsomely furnished room, suitable for two; bath and shower adjoining; running water, telephone; gentlemen only; references exchanged.

BROADWAY, 2,465, (91st St. Subway.)—Suite or singly, two or three outside rooms; elevator. Keeler.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 426.—Clean light room; all conveniences; private family. Dixon.

WEST END AV., Near 103d Subway.—Two rooms, single or en suite; gentlemen or married couple; breakfast; elevator apartment; strictly private family. Address West End, 28 Times, Times Square.

East Side.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Handsome rooms; private bath; square room; running water; breakfast optional; references.

58TH ST., 34 EAST.—Two large connecting rooms; private bath; single rooms; breakfast optional; telephone.

LEXINGTON AV., 624, (54th St.)—Doctor or dentist, furnished back parlor, with sleeping accommodations, use of reception room, all conveniences; references from last occupant; breakfast optional; telephone.

THE RALEIGH, 665 BROADWAY.—Just the place for downtown business men; special rate, $3 up per week.

TWO connecting rooms, bath; single rooms; breakfast optional; telephone. Allan, 162 East 87th.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

REFINED American family wants rooms private house or would arrange with owner for Summer occupancy on caretaking basis. R., Box 58 Times, Times Square.

BOARD AND ROOM DIRECTORY.

ROOMS.

122 East 76th.—Parlor floor; other rooms.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

WANTED—Stenographer; Underwood operator for desirable position in advertising business; must also be able to write well in long hand; apply in own handwriting only, stating salary expected, Morse International Agency, 19 West 34th St.

WANTED—Ladies with leisure time instructed in the art of selling real estate, making $50 weekly. Albert Edwards, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.

WANTED—Lady stenographer, experienced, 4 to 6 P. M.; mention age and salary expected. B. L., 34 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—A first-class German maid; must be competent sewer. Call between 1 and 2 o'clock, 66 West 52d St.

WANTED—Clerk, file letters, office work; neat; salary $6-$7. Employers' Service Co., 170 Broadway.

WANTED—Episcopal organist for Long Island church; $300. Webster's Choir Exchange, 136 5th Av.

WANTED—Two graduate nurses for Hospital positions. Apply 571 Lexington Av., city.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

AUTOMOBILES.—Rare chance to become a practical chauffeur; only practical school in city; 30 cars to overhaul; to prove this we will teach you free this week; license guaranteed. Auto Transportation Co., 309 W. 41st.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR—THERE IS MONEY IN IT. BRING YOUR OVERALLS AND SPEND A DAY OR EVENING WITH US BEFORE YOU PAY A DOLLAR. WE GIVE PRACTICAL AS WELL AS THEORETICAL INSTRUCTION. DAY AND NIGHT CLASSES. BEST AMERICAN AND FOREIGN CARS ALWAYS BEING REPAIRED. CALL OR WRITE. AMERICAN AUTOMART, 209 WEST 49TH ST., N. Y.

SALESMEN! SALESMEN!

Positions now open in the following lines: Paint and enamel, $1,820 and com.; mineral waters, $780-$1,040; imported wines, must command trade, salary open; flavoring extracts, bakery, and confectionery trade in N. Y. C., draw acct. to be arranged; tea and coffee; several territories open, including N. Eng. States, Ky., and Maryland, $1,300 and exp.; typewriter supplies, salary and com. depending on experience; food products, must be practical baker familiar with bakers' and confectioners' supplies, and speak German, $936-$1,040; hdwre. specialties, com. basis only; asbestos and fireproofing matrl., $1,040-$1,300; infants' headwear, salary open; men's furnishings, $1,040; domestic and imported laces and embroideries, position should be worth $2-$5,000; ladies' and men's neckwear, Middle West, Phila., Baltimore, and Washington, position should be worth $3-$4,000; leather gds., salary open; heavy wrapping paper, $1,200-$1,800 draw acct.; brooms, brushes, and woodenware, $1,300; electric fixtures, $2,000-$5,000.

For information about above and other sales, executive, clerical, professional, and technical positions, call or write,

HAPGOODS, 307 Broadway.

WANTED—Strong young men to prepare for firemen or brakemen; experience unnecessary; railroads in this vicinity; $75 to $100 monthly; promotion to conductor and engineer, $150 to $200 monthly. Call Railway Association, 2 Park Place, corner Broadway, Room 408, fourth floor; take elevator.

WANTED—Agents; high-class men everywhere to solicit contracts for my new illuminating device in stores, restaurants, factories, and homes. Call afternoons and evenings, Charles M. Ripley, 29 West 42d St.

WANTED—By woolen commission house, strong lad as stock clerk, to commence on $5 per week. Apply in own handwriting, with references, to Woolen, Box 110 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Bright men instructed in real estate; $100 week easily made; this proposition unparalleled; splendid opening. Albert Edwards, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.

WANTED—Advertising solicitor on daily newspaper to solicit cards for daily trade directory on commission. Address S. R., Box 148 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Salesmen, to bright men of ability and good address we can offer the finest proposition in New York. Kenny, 186-140 Worner, 2,092 Madison Av.

WANTED—Experienced paper box salesman wanted controlling first-class trade; good opportunity. Address Boxes, Box 182 Times Downtown.

WANTED.—If you are open for a good office or sales position, call and see me personally. Mighill, (position broker,) Flatiron Building.

WANTED—Amateur photographer to take a number of 4x5 pictures. Federal Sign System, 317 West 42d St.

WANTED—Episcopal organist for Long Island church; $300. Webster's Choir Exchange, 136 5th Av.

WANTED—Precentor for Brooklyn church; suitable salary. Webster's Choir Exchange, 136 5th Av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

ACCOUNT BOOKS written up and audited; house bills examined, checked, paid, and filed monthly; check books balanced; reports and statements compiled; accounts of societies, general and personal accounts supervised and audited. Viola D. Waring, 422 West 20th St. Telephone 4816 Chelsea.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—Bookkeeper, stenographer, and typewriter; five years' experience; private secretaryship preferred. A., Box 125 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double, single entry; quick at figures, typist; references. C., 15 Times, Times Square.

COMPANION or GOVERNESS.—As useful companion or governess; educated young lady speaking English, German; music, sewing; traveling preferred. "Pauline," 263 West 125th St.

GOVERNESS.—By an experienced governess, speaking and teaching French, German, English, and music; takes full charge; would travel. Reliable, 263 West 125th St.

Governesses, teachers, housekeepers, for hotels, families; matrons, attendants, nurses, &c. Hopkins Educational Agency, 1 Union Sq. (23d Stuy.

MONOPOLE RED TOP '98 DRY MONOPOLE BRUT '98

Since the introduction in America of these rare *vintage* champagnes, the importance of ordering by *vintage* as well as by brand is being recognized, as it has always been, in England and Europe.

Order "Monopole Red Top '98" or "Dry Monopole Brut '98"—their cost is no greater than the American prices asked for non-vintage champagnes.

A D SHAW & CO
76 Broad St N Y
General Agents

ROSENHEIMER SLAIN IN ERROR, SHE SAYS

Wife of Huntington, Ind., Prisoner Writes That He Killed the Pelham Merchant.

TOOK HIM FOR A RIVAL

Westchester Authorities Take Steps to Extradite Accused Man and Bring Him to Trial.

Special to The New York Times.

PELHAM, N. Y., April 13.—After many months the mystery which has shrouded the murder of Julius T. Rosenheimer, the Pelham needle merchant, has been solved, according to Coroner Wiesendanger. He says the police are now in possession of information which will lead to the conviction of the assassin and the rehabilitation of several innocent persons who have been under suspicion.

Coroner Wiesendanger believes that Mr. Rosenheimer, who was Secretary of the London Needle Company, met his death by mistake while he and his wife were strolling through the drive at their home, The Roses, just after dusk. The Coroner says the tragedy had its origin in the love of two fiercely jealous Sicilians for a woman, and that one of them killed the needle merchant by mistake while seeking his rival's life. The clue that has led to the apparent solution of the mystery was a letter received a few days ago by the Coroner from a woman living at Huntington, Ind. It read as follows:

"My husband, Domenick Manaco, is under arrest here and has been sentenced to thirty days in jail. He has confessed to me that he murdered Mr. Rosenheimer of Pelham on June 11, 1907. My husband was working at Liberty, N. Y. I left him and came to New Rochelle.

"I wrote a letter to a friend of mine at Liberty, but Domenick got the letter by mistake. In my letter I stated to my friend, Frank Delucia, that I would meet him on the night of June 14 in the Pelham woods. After he read my letter my husband was very angry. He came to New Rochelle and went to his brother-in-law, Frank Aiello, at 33 River Street, and he showed him a revolver and said: 'If it's going to keep me a whole week, I'm going to kill him and my wife.'

"I afterward made up with Domenick and we went to Pennsylvania and afterward to Indiana. He was very jealous, and every time we would quarrel he would say to me: 'All right; I made one mistake and killed a man in Pelham, but I won't make a mistake the next time. I'll kill you and your friends.'"

MINNIE MANACO.

Detective Fanelli of New Rochelle has learned that the woman was the common-law wife of Manaco, and that they lived together at 99 Oak Street, New Rochelle, for several years. They were last seen there early in February, when they told their friends they were going to Pennsylvania, where Manaco had a job.

At the time of the murder Manaco was employed by the Bellew & Merritt Company on a State road contract at Liberty. Delucia also was employed there at the same time, which lends color to the woman's story. She is 26 years old and is said to be a German.

Coroner Wiesendanger's theory is that Manaco, while wandering through the fields in search of his wife and Delucia, came upon the needle merchant and his wife, and, mistaking them for the woman and her companion, killed Mr. Rosenheimer before he discovered his mistake. The needle merchant was found with his skull crushed.

His wife, who was a few feet away at the time of the murder, fainted, and could give no description of the assassin, except to say that he spoke with an Italian accent.

District Attorney Winslow of Westchester County made arrangements to-day to extradite Manaco from Huntington on a charge preferred by the prisoner's wife. It is understood that the woman also will be brought on.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., April 13.—Police Chief Marks of Pelham Manor, N. Y., decided this afternoon to take the three Italians under arrest at Huntington, Ind., back to New York on a charge of complicity in the murder of Julius T. Rosenheimer last June. Two men and a woman are under arrest, Frank Manaco being charged by his wife with the murder of Rosenheimer. Chief Marks left here this afternoon for Huntington to get his prisoners.

SMALL WANTS.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Several colored girls, experienced, with city references; city or country; other good Southern help furnished, Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

LAUNDRESS.—Gentlemen and ladies' washing, preferably at home, or by day; reference. Tripp, 332 West 52d St.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY.—Possesses common sense; finely educated; accurate; splendid worker; references. Equipped, P. O. Box 1,045.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER.—Several years' experience; conscientious, competent; moderate salary. S., Box 162 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, willing, ambitious; 1 year's experience; salary $6. Ruby Woerner, 2,092 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good education, with limited experience; reads notes, spells well; $6. Marion, Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

15c. a line; 3t., 36c.; 7t., 70c.; 7 words to line.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books audited, systems installed; clerical work of all kinds; household and private accounts. H. A. Wright, 602 Flatiron Building.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, balanced, posted, audited; moderate. Hermann Goldschmidt, 154 Nassau 4,317 Beekman.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, experienced all lines, desires temporary position part days; $6 weekly; books opened, closed, written up, disentangled; special arrangements made with firms not employing permanent bookkeeper; highest references. Expert, Room 612, 150 Nassau St. 'Phone 4587 Beekman.

BOOKKEEPER.—As bookkeeper; age, 24; four years' experience; knowledge of railroad clerical work; graduate Peirce Business School, Philadelphia; used to hustling. J. E. Mills, 48 4th St., Elizabeth, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER.—High-class accountant; capable business man; exceptional ability; highest references; $1,500. C. L., Box 192 Times Downtown.

ORGANIST and CHOIRMASTER.—Choir training a specialty; references. France, 124 West 90th.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, (25,) English; start moderate salary. J. D. Brown, 5 West 125th St.

VALET and MASSEUR.—By young man as valet and masseur; willing to travel; age 25; best references and diploma. English, Box 27 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) desires position in any line of business with chance of advancement; 4 years' experience in newspaper and publishing lines, in all departments; inside position preferred; unexcelled references. A. S., Box 65 Times, Times Square.

WOMAN SLAIN IN BED; SUITOR DIES LATER

Mrs. Palter Had Been Strangled and the Man Nearly Beheaded.

SECOND MAN TOLD POLICE

Informer, Slightly Wounded, Says the Other Man Attacked Him as He Entered Flat.

Mrs. Kate Palter was found dead in bed yesterday afternoon in the first floor flat at 127 West Twenty-eighth Street, where she lived. She had been strangled. A bath towel knotted back of her head was found about her throat. Her body was still warm.

In the kitchen of the same flat Vito Debella of 116 West Twenty-ninth Street was found with his throat cut, a long carving knife beside his body. He died last night in the New York Hospital.

Charles Berger, who informed the police of the double killing, is a prisoner in the New York Hospital, charged with homicide. He is suffering from two slight wounds in his left side made by a pocket-knife.

The woman had been killed by one wrench of the powerful arms that brought the towel in a knot at the base of her skull, and Debella had been killed with one slash of a big knife wielded with terrific force, as it had nearly severed the head from the body. He did not regain consciousness. The stories that Berger have told to the police are conflicting, and the detectives do not believe he is telling the truth.

Berger said at the hospital that he entered the flat by the rear door leading into the kitchen. He had been living with the woman, he said, for two years. He said he found there Debella, whom he did not know, and that Debella attacked him with a knife. He fled to the police, he said, after a short struggle.

From the kitchen, which Berger said was as far as he got, it was impossible for him to have seen Mrs. Palter strangled on her bed, yet Policeman Houston of the West Thirtieth Street Station, who was on duty at the corner of Twenty-eighth Street and Sixth Avenue, said that Berger ran up to him and said: "There has been murder and suicide in my house, and I have been cut."

Houston took him back to the flat and found the woman strangled and Debella dying. In the front room a pair of rusty scissors were found sticking in the top of a woman's desk, and there were scratches at the keyhole of the desk, as if some one had tried to force it open. A bed in the front room had been thrown back, as if a search had been made under the mattress for money.

At first it looked as if Debella had murdered the woman to rob the flat, but on second thought it seemed unlikely to the police that the murderer should have killed himself when he had a chance to escape. On investigation, too, they found that Debella had also been a suitor of the Palter woman, and that the neighborhood knew it well.

The police then charged Berger with homicide and left a guard over him at the hospital.

From the evidence gathered last night there seemed to have existed no need of murder in order to rob the woman of the diamond rings and cash that she possessed. Debella was frequently with her when Berger was away, and appeared to have had free access to the flat. He knew just how much her ornaments were worth and could have stolen them without much trouble or risk.

The police believe that the scissors stuck in the desk and the upturned bedclothes in the front bedroom were "planted" to throw them off the track. They learned that Berger was looked upon as the provider for the household.

Berger's wounds were said to be slight. He had been stabbed with a pocketknife which was found in the flat. The police are asking how it happened that Debella should have attacked Berger with this knife and then have used the carving knife on himself.

The police found in the kitchen a hat and coat. In the coat were two postal cards. One of them, unsigned, read: "If you are good at dip work come around in the morning." It was addressed to Debella at 116 West Twenty-ninth Street, care of "Stella." The place is a restaurant and lodging house.

Next the detectives learned that the Palter woman's husband had died three years ago, leaving her well to do. He died suddenly, and poison had been found in a beer bottle in the flat. The Coroner held an inquest, but no charge was made against the woman. The police say that a sister-in-law of Mrs. Palter's was strangled in the same manner as was the latter.

The woman was to have left the city to-day for Boston to visit a sister, and had intended to part from both men.

Berger had been at the flat in the morning, but went away in the early afternoon.

WIFE SLAIN AND ROBBED.

Her Husband, Israel Lieberman, Arrested—Killed with Hunting Knife.

Mrs. Antoinette Lieberman, a young woman who lived with her husband, Israel, in a four-room flat on the second floor of 706 Courtlandt Avenue, the Bronx, was found dead in bed about 10 o'clock yesterday morning, with a hunting knife stuck in her throat. Her husband, who discovered his wife's body, was arrested, and after a preliminary hearing before Coroner McDonald, was held without bail to await the result of the inquest to be held to-day.

To the Coroner, Lieberman, who has a tailor shop and shirtwaist factory at 759 Melrose Avenue, about a block and a half from his home, said that he left the house shortly before 7:30 o'clock to open his shop, leaving his wife still in bed. Just before 10 o'clock, he said, a woman customer called for two shirtwaists. Mrs. Lieberman had taken the order, and as she had not yet come to the store, Lieberman said that he went home to learn the price of the shirtwaists from her. He had forgotten his keys, so borrowed a passkey from the janitress, Mrs. Kramer, and went to his flat, where he found his wife dead.

Mrs. Kramer continued the story, saying that she had heard Lieberman scream, and had met him in the hall, where he shouted to her that his wife had been murdered. He told her, she said, that he had pulled the knife from his wife's neck, and had dropped it on the floor. It was found there.

The police are at a loss to know who committed the murder. Investigation showed that a pair of three-quarter carat diamond earrings had been taken from Mrs. Lieberman's ears, and three diamond rings, as well as some plus and other trinkets were missing from the house.

BOY SHOOTS STEPFATHER.

See Says He Fired on Stolkey to Save His Mother's Life.

"He's a drunken bum and keeps my mother in constant fear of her life. I shot him to prevent him from killing her. I don't care whether he dies or not."

Such was the explanation offered by William See, 15 years old, of 168 Huntington Street, Brooklyn, yesterday, for shooting and seriously wounding his stepfather, John Stolkey, a longshoreman. The boy is employed in a Manhattan railroad office as a messenger. He was arrested at Broadway and Duane Streets.

The boy shot Stolkey as the man was threatening to kill his wife with a carving knife. Young See was turned over to the care of the Children's Society.

Wallach's Hats

240 Broadway (Park Place)
603 Broadway (Houston Street)
1195 Broadway (29th Street)
238-242 Bowery (Prince Street)
647 Eighth Ave. (42d Street)
3d Ave. & 122d St.
246 W. 125th St.

COME in and see how much a Wallach Hat adds to the appearance of your Spring Suit. Five Dollar Style Our own prices. $3 and $2

Stetson Hats $3.50 and $5.00.

Remarkable Easter Values.

The Suits and Overcoats we are making to measure from fifty new patterns and colorings in fine unfinished worsteds, at $25. The style and tailoring are beyond comparison.

Samples and our portfolio of fashions mailed to any address.

ARNHEIM, B'way & 9th.

Pets

Great Exhibition Sale
Animals and Birds

Talking Parrots, Talking Mynahs, Piping Bullfinches, tame Cockatoos, pocket Monkeys, Canaries with soft, low voices; Kittens, Puppies.

G. H. HOLDEN, 240 6th Ave., near 15th St.

NEW YORK BAY A MENACE.

Dr. Daniel Lewis, In Address, Says Sewage Conditions Are Dangerous.

The sanitary protection of New York and the menace to the city occasioned by the dumping of millions of gallons of sewage daily into New York Bay, the Hudson and East Rivers, were discussed last night before the Society of Medical Jurisprudence by Dr. Daniel Lewis, former Commissioner of Health of the State of New York.

Dr. Lewis said that each day there are 505,000,000 gallons of sewage dumped into the Harbor of New York. The pollution of New York's waters will be increased by the sewage from nearly 1,500,000 more persons who live along the Passaic watershed. Dr. Lewis said that the currents and tides are such that the sewage is not carried out to sea, but remains along the bottom of the harbor, breeding disease and noxious odors.

"If we are to be the dumping ground

DRUG VICTIM'S DARING FLIGHT

Cocaine User's Escape from Custody Blocks Grand Jury Inquiry.

The Grand Jury, which had intended to begin an investigation of the sale of cocaine in Chinatown, was informed yesterday that the chief witness, Edward Haywood, 20 years old, himself a cocaine victim, had escaped from the house of detention on Mulberry Street.

Haywood escaped on Saturday by scaling a 15-foot wall, topped by an iron picket fence, which surrounds the court of the building. He climbed from the roof of a small building up a window shutter to the fire-escape, then jumped to the wall. He bent apart the iron spikes, squeezed through, and dropped into the adjoining tenement yard.

Graft in Cemetery Deal.

John Bombach, a former Assistant District Attorney of Queens, made the direct charge that money was paid by the Lutheran Cemetery Corporation to certain officials of the Borough of Queens to obtain the closing of Way Avenue, in Middle Village, at a meeting of the Newtown Local Board, held in the Borough Hall of Long Island City yesterday.

Old Van Wart House Burned.

The historic Van Wart House, located at Youngs Four Corners, about two miles north of the Knollwood Country Club, Westchester County, was burned yesterday morning. Many valuable Revolutionary relics, antique furniture, paintings, and other valuable furnishings were destroyed.

Ira D. Sankey's Son Insane.

John E. Sankey, eldest son of Ira D. Sankey, the noted singing evangelist, was declared insane yesterday by a jury before Supreme Court Justice Platzek. Mr. Sankey, who is now an inmate of Rivercrest Asylum, Astoria, L. I., imagines that he is the creator of the world. Mr. Sankey, Sr., who lives in Brooklyn, is over 70 years old, and blind.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
1:06—204—Delancey St.; Henry Silverstein.	Trifling
3:40—306 E. 108th St.; Dominick Rossetti.	$5
8:15—78 James St.; Rafallo Tallo.	$15
9:00—246 W. 34th St.; N. Y. Const. Co.	$10
11:50—246 E. 121st St.; Henry Miller.	Trifling
P. M.	
1:35—514 W. 128th St.; D. Iaconi.	Slight
2:15—404 W. 112th St.; Mrs. J. Rohe.	$50
2:50—1524 St. and McComb Place; A. Van Buren Company.	$5
3:15—22 Bedford St.; A. Pilligrimo.	$20
3:45—511 E. 163th St.; unknown.	$150
3:56—Oak Point, Bronx; unknown.	Trifling
5:30—317 11th Av.; unknown.	Trifling
5:50—430 W. 20th St.; Herman Kauhlke.	$10
6:00—100 W. 53d St.; unknown.	Trifling
6:20—66 and 68 Madison Av.; J. D. Williams.	Trifling
7:16—17 Hester St.; Samuel Washinsky.	Trifling
7:20—120 Elizabeth St.; P. Montaleone.	$100
8:00—22 Hudson St.; Pittsburg Plate Glass Company.	$50
8:55—302 West 181st St.; Geo. Ehret.	Trifling
9:00—31 Henry St.; Jacob Frieser.	$10
9:40—368 West 50th St.; G. Goldberg.	Trifling

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Capt. C. F. De F. Chandler, Signal Corps, relieved duty of Chief Signal Officer of the army and proceed to Fort Omaha, Neb., reporting to the commanding officer of that post.

First Lieut. E. A. Jeunet, Thirteenth Infantry, relieved duty office Chief Signal Officer of the army and proceed to Seattle, Wash., duty under direction of the Chief Signal Officer, Department of Columbia.

Lieut. Col. B. W. Dunn, Ordnance Department, proceed to Picatinny Arsenal, Dover, N. J., to attend meeting of joint army and navy board on smokeless.

Major W. E. Craighill, Corps of Engineers, proceed to Baltimore, Md., and relieve Col. R. L. Hoxie, Corps of Engineers.

The Navy.

Lieut. Commander C. S. Bookwalter to the Louisiana as senior engineer officer.

Lieut. A. Andrews to navy yard, New York.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Tennessee and California at Blaine; Pontiac, Powhatan, and Reina Mercedes at navy yard, New York; Panther at San Diego.

Sailed—Glacier, from Magdalena Bay for Mare Island; Buffalo, from San Diego for San Francisco; Nina and Plunger, from navy yard, New York, for Newport; Tacoma, from Curacao for navy yard, New York.

The Porpoise and Shark have been ordered placed out of commission at the navy yard, New York; the Birmingham was placed in commission at the navy yard, Boston, Mass., April 11.

Pets

Great Exhibition Sale
Animals and Birds

Talking Parrots, Talking Mynahs, Piping Bullfinches, tame Cockatoos, pocket Monkeys, Canaries with soft, low voices; Kittens, Puppies.

G. H. HOLDEN, 240 6th Ave., near 15th St.

TRADE E.&W. MARK.

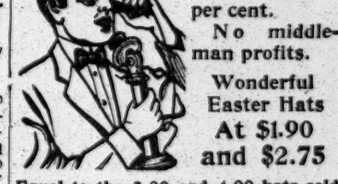
Hand-Made Collars

A perfect example is the new Cayuga.

FARL & WILSON.

Lock-Front.

Kennedy 12 CORTLANDT ST.



Yes! Men's Hats.

You save 25 per cent. No middleman profits.

Wonderful Easter Hats At $1.90 and $2.75

Equal to the 3.00 and 4.00 hats sold elsewhere.

Twenty New 1908 Styles in Black, Brown, Tan, etc.

EASTER GIFTS
THE RUSSIAN STORE
Just the place if you want something new for gift giving. Prices reasonable.
KREMLIN RUSSIAN CIGARETTES.
VLADIMIR F. GNESIN
6 WEST 21ST ST., NEAR 5TH AVE.
Wholesale and Retail.

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
April 26th, at 8 P. M.
Gala Performance for Benefit of
THE UNITED HEBREW CHARITIES.
Mme. Johanna Gadski, Soprano.
Miss Estelle Liebling, Coloratura Soprano.
Miss Maud Powell, Violinist.
Miss May Mukle, Violoncellist,
and Mr. Vladimer de Pachman, Pianist.
Dramatic performance will consist of the season's successes, details to be announ